

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

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TO RESTRICT CHESAPEAKE NETS

Government and State Officials To Make Joint Survey of Waters

After a conference between Sweeney, chief engineer of the State Conservation Commission, and Lieutenant Colonel Judson, engineer of the War Department, the Conservation Commission has decided to start to work to plat out the location and number of the pound and gill nets which line the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries.

Speaking of the situation, the Conservation Commission say that the industries growing out of the various crabbing and fishing operations in the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries are very important. The commission intends to apply all its energies towards building up these industries, but it recognizes the great need of help from every man in the State engaged in them. The laws must not only be observed, but you must stop the man who ignores the law and compel all violators to serve his own, as well as his neighbor's interests, by joining in such co-operation.

Parent-Teachers' Meeting

The monthly meeting of the Parent-Teachers' Association was held at the High School building, in Princess Anne, last Friday afternoon. The exercises were preceded by recitations and music by the pupils of the school as follows:

"Betty Ross and the Flag," by fifth grade pupils; "Your Country Needs You," by fourth grade pupils; "Little Red Stamp," by seventh grade pupils; "Robert of Lincoln," by a seventh grade pupil; reading, by a sophomore pupil; song, by members of the senior class.

Superintendent E. J. Hardesty, of Seaford, Delaware, made an entertaining and instructive address upon the importance of parent-teacher's clubs. Mr. Hardesty was formerly a teacher in Somerset county. He has been superintendent of the Sussex county, Delaware, schools for a number of years past.

Mr. T. D. Nichols, the president of the association, being ill, Mrs. Mary D. Fitzgerald, vice-president, had charge of the exercises. Mr. J. R. Gentry, secretary, read the minutes of the meeting, after which the association adjourned. The inclement weather diminished the attendance of patrons at the meeting.

Pennsy Relieving Embargo

Material progress in expediting the movement of freight over the Pennsylvania Railroad system between the West and Eastern points is being effected through the work of the Pennsylvania system joint embargo committee, at Pittsburgh, according to a statement issued by that company last Thursday.

Last week there were moved through the Pittsburgh and Buffalo gateways more than 3,100 carloads of freight of all kinds which was under embargo. Of this freight, approximately 2,000 cars were eastbound. At the close of the week arrangements were pending for the movement of 4,100 additional cars of embargoed freight.

It is planned to continue in effect the general embargoes against export freight at New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Reid-Reid Wedding

Miss Mary Stewart Reid and Mr. E. Halsey Sutphin Reid were married last Wednesday at noon in the Central Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, by the Rev. DeWitt M. Benham. Only members of the immediate families were present. The bride wore a traveling costume and carried a shower bouquet of sweet peas, which was held during the ceremony by her little niece, S. Elizabeth Coulbourn, of Marion Station.

Miss Reid is a daughter of the late E. Augustus Reid and Mrs. Elizabeth Reid, formerly of Princess Anne. Miss Reid is well known in musical circles in this town and in Baltimore and Washington. The groom resides near Cranbury, New Jersey.

After the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Reid left for Atlantic City. They will reside near Cranbury, N. J., and be at home after April 1st.

People who have telephones should remember when they leave the receiver of the hook that it not only cuts their phone off from the rest of the world, but, if they are on a party line, it cuts off every telephone on the line. The operator cannot ring on the line while the receiver is off the hook, neither can anybody on the line reach the operator, no matter how urgent the necessity may be.

Mr. Edwin Tawes motored up from Oxford Tuesday in his Hudson Super-Dixie, and spent the evening with friends in town.

HOUSE VOTES CAPITAL DRY

"Wets" Hope Wilson Will Veto The Dry Bill

The doom of the saloon in the national capital was assured last Wednesday night, when the House, by a vote of 273 to 137, passed the Sheppard Bill establishing prohibition in the District of Columbia. The measure is not a "bone-dry" affair, but it eliminates the saloon completely, without making any prohibition against the "personal use" of intoxicants. Only President Wilson's veto of the bill will prevent Washington from becoming dry November 1st next.

The House passed the bill exactly as it passed the Senate, even including clerical errors, so as to obviate a conference between the two houses of Congress. The "drys" predominated by such overwhelming majorities both in the Rules Committee and the House itself that rum had no show whatever once the bill was started on its way to a vote.

The only ray of hope remaining for the "wets" is that President Wilson may withhold his approval from the measure. He has previously gone on record as favoring settlement of the liquor question by referendum. The "drys" in Congress jammed the measure through both branches stripped of any referendum feature.

Farm Demonstrator In Each County

Maryland is the first state of importance to be supplied with a farm demonstrator for each county. The list is as follows:

L. L. Burrell, Kent; R. L. Clute, Charles; John H. Drury, Calvert; J. L. Fidler, Howard; P. A. Hauver, Frederick; J. F. Hudson, Baltimore; D. H. Kaufman, Cecil; Grover Kinzy, Carroll; H. S. Lippincott, Somerset; John McGill, Jr., Allegany; T. E. McLaughlin, Harford; A. G. Middleton, Garrett; J. F. Monroe, Worcester; A. J. Norman, Caroline; G. B. Porter, Dorchester; Thomas L. Smith, Washington; C. H. Taylor, Prince George's; W. G. Vail, Wicomico; F. J. Van Hoesen, Montgomery; E. P. Walls, Talbot; G. F. Wathen, Jr., St. Mary's; E. F. White, Queen Anne's; H. C. Whiteford, Anne Arundel; L. H. Martin (colored) local agent, Princess Anne, Somerset.

"The Maryland Almanac"

We have received from its editors—Frank R. Kent and John W. Owen—a copy of "The Maryland Almanac," an annual successor to the Baltimore Sun Almanac. The discontinuance of the Sun Almanac in 1916 left a void which this book is designed to fill. "The Maryland Almanac" is a compact and complete compendium of Maryland facts, political and general, and the publishers have made this book a clear and concise contemporary history of the politics and progress of Maryland. The almanac can be had from the office of the Baltimore Sun for 25 cents a copy.

CHANGES IN REAL ESTATE

Number of Deeds Recorded At The Office of Clerk of Court

George T. Beauchamp from Harry W. Payne and wife, 9 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration, \$5 and other considerations.

Isaac T. Mitchell and another from Georgia R. Mitchell et al., 107 36-100 acres in Dublin district; consideration, \$5 and other valuable considerations.

Georgia R. Mitchell and another from Isaac T. Mitchell and another, 132 67-100 acres in Dublin district; consideration, \$5 and other valuable considerations.

Isaac T. Mitchell and another from Clara E. Dryden, 19 1/2 acres in Dublin district; consideration, \$5 and other valuable considerations.

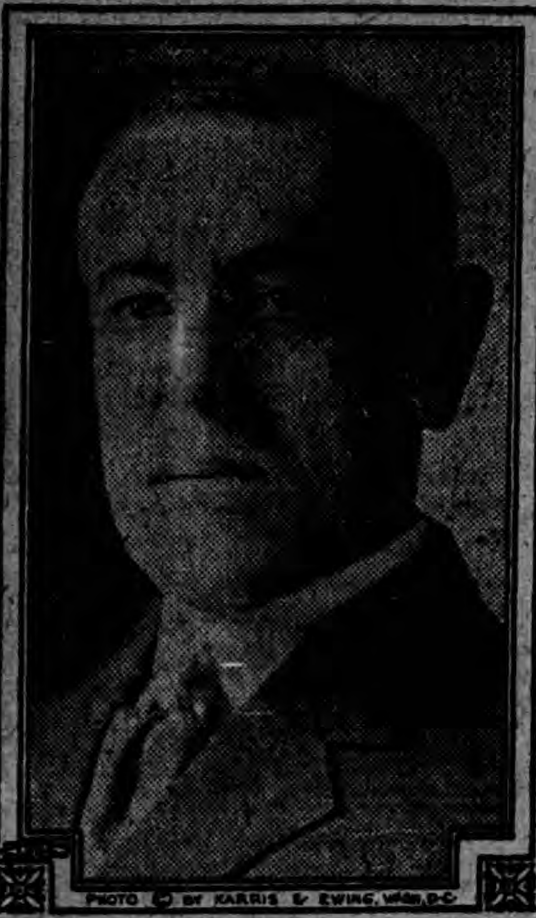
Annie F. Dize from John T. Sterling and others, land in Crisfield; consideration, \$100 and other valuable considerations.

George A. Johnson and others from John T. Bedworth and wife, 6 acres in Lawson's district; consideration, \$200.

Navy's Personnel Steadily Increasing

The navy slowly but surely is filling up the gaping vacancies in the personnel which have afforded preparedness advocates so much ammunition this session of Congress. Figures made public last Friday by the Navy League showed that during the twenty-six recruiting days of February there were added to the sea fighting forces of the nation 2088 men, or about 92 per day. In one week enlistments totaled 601.

Complaints are being made to the Treasury Department that the new \$1 bills are so nearly identical with the \$5 notes that many are taking them by mistake for the larger denomination. Look at the figures carefully when receiving any bill.



WOODROW WILSON

The only Democrat to be chosen for a second consecutive term since Andrew Jackson, President Wilson took the oath of office at 12:03 o'clock last Sunday in the presence of the Chief Justice and some members of the Cabinet. There was no ceremony.

Vice-President Marshall took the oath yesterday (Monday) at the regular ceremonies at which President Wilson took another oath and was formally inaugurated. Yesterday's inaugural ceremonies were more of a general manifestation of patriotism, love of country and support of the chief executive of the nation in the hour of stress than an occasion of rejoicing and merrymaking.

POLICE GET WHISKY SHIP

Capt. Ike Bozman Dies of Injuries Received In Skirmish

The Virginia police boat Commodore Maury, Monday night of last week, fought and took the Schooner Elizabeth Clark, which left Baltimore some weeks ago with a cargo of whisky, in the Rappahannock river, where the schooner has been running whisky blockade.

Captain Ike Bozman, of Deal's Island, and his mate, Horace Jones, colored, of Baltimore, were wounded in the skirmish, and his crew were lodged in Lancaster county jail. Twenty cases of whisky were seized on the schooner, and the patrol reported 200 cases had been sold at landings along the river.

The patrol boat cornered the whisky schooner, becalmed in the ice of Machodoc Creek, and lay in wait for her. After dark, in the face of a freshening breeze, the schooner sought to slip out on the ebb tide, and the patrol boat fought and took her in the middle of the river.

The Maury ordered the "whisky boat" to surrender. Captain Bozman is said to have refused, as with his negro mate he took a position of defense on their ship.

The men on the Maury opened fire. The mate fell with a bullet through his lung. Captain Bozman started to return the fire, it is said, but at the first flash of his rifle there was an explosion which tore off several fingers. Captain Bozman then fled into the hold of his ship with a crowd of pursuers from the Maury after him. The searchers finally found him huddled in the hold of the Clark behind an empty case.

Captain Bozman died last Thursday morning in the Lancaster county, Virginia, jail of injuries received in a running fight between the crew of the Elizabeth Clark and the United States revenue officers on Monday night. A coroner's jury has said Captain Bozman died from uraemic poisoning. His body was shipped to Deal's Island for burial.

500,000 Red Men Offer Their Services

More than 500,000 members of the Improved Order of Red Men of the United States have been offered to President Wilson in case of war with Germany. T. H. Jeffries, the Great Inchoonee of the Great Council of the United States, has sent the following letter to President Wilson:

"As the Great Inchoonee of the Improved Order of Red Men, the fourth largest fraternal beneficiary organization of the world, I offer to you, as President of the United States, the services of our 500,000 loyal members in any crisis that may arise at the present time. Our order has its real origin at the time of the Boston tea party. It was born in patriotism and baptized by the blood of Revolutionary heroes. We are with you to a finish, and we trust that during the trying times through which you are passing you may have the guiding direction of the Great Spirit."

Among those from Crisfield who visited Princess Anne last week were: Messrs. James B. Tawes, A. Wellington Tawes, Nicholas Riggin, Stanley L. Cochran, John B. Nelson and Sheriff J. E. Pruitt.

MEETING OF TOMATO GROWERS

A Number of Farmers Expect To Form An Association Soon

A very encouraging meeting of the farmers of Somerset county was held in the court house in Princess Anne last Tuesday for the purpose of forming a Tomato Growers' Association in this county. About 57 farmers pledged themselves to start and support such an organization of the tomato growers as have been organized in many of the Eastern Shore counties. Owing to the bad condition of the roads many farmers were unable to attend the meeting, so it was proposed to call a special meeting at Marion Station on the afternoon of Wednesday, March 7th, and at Crisfield, at 7:30 o'clock, on the evening of the same day, to explain to the farmers of those sections the importance of such an organization, and then to hold a final meeting at the court house in Princess Anne on Thursday, March 8th, at which time it is hoped that a large number of farmers and canners will be in attendance.

Mr. William F. Massey, of Salisbury, was the first speaker. He told of the importance of good seeds and the thorough cultivation of young plants, the proper fertilizers etc. He was followed by County Agent W. C. Vail, of Wicomico, who spoke of the Tomato Growers' Association which was organized, with 75 members, in his county on Saturday, the 25th ulto. He said that it was the general opinion at that meeting that the tomato crop would not be offered for less than \$15 per ton delivered at the canneries in Wicomico county. County Agent G. B. Porter, of Dorchester county, followed, and he explained the by-laws, etc., governing the first organization of this kind which was formed in Cambridge and which now has 300 paid-up members, three other branches of the organization having been started in that county this winter.

County Agent H. S. Lippincott was chairman of the meeting and made many remarks about the importance of a Tomato Growers' Association for Somerset county. He stated that this organization was not being formed to put the canners out of business, but to co-operate with them. Its purpose was for the better cultivation of the crop, and looking forward to better prices on account of quality and the manner of packing them. Mr. Lippincott, in speaking of the meeting last Tuesday, said that many canners of this county were opposed to such an organization; but those who were present realized that such an organization was only for fair play, bigger and better business for the growers as well as for the canners.

Twenty Crushed To Death In Wreck

Twenty persons—nineteen passengers and a porter—were killed early last Tuesday morning in a Pennsylvania Railroad wreck at Mt. Union, Penna., in which Chester A. Minda, wealthy coal operator and star fullback of the 1914 University of the Pennsylvania football team; his wife, their three-weeks-old baby and five other relatives, on the way to the funeral of Mr. Minda's father, lost their lives.

The wreck, the first passenger accident of such huge proportion suffered by the Pennsylvania Railroad in years, occurred when the Mercantile (Pittsburgh-Philadelphia-New York) Express, standing at the Mount Union station, forty-five miles east of Altoona, was rammed from the rear by a heavy freight train traveling at high speed.

Every passenger in the rear Pullman of the express train, the steel Bellwood, was killed outright. The Bellwood split in two against the next steel Pullman the Bruceville, which cut into the Bellwood like a knife. The living in the Bruceville and the dead in the Bellwood were imprisoned by the telescoping of the latter sleeping car, making rescue work and identification difficult.

There were nine in the Minda party, composing exactly half the passenger list of the Bellwood. All presumably were killed almost instantly.

The cause of the wreck is unknown, but investigations have been started by the railroad company, the State Public Service Commission and the Interstate Commerce Commission. It is believed that in the dense fog the engineer of the freight which ploughed into the rear of the express failed to read the signals which otherwise would have held up his train.

Minstrel Show March 16th

The Princess Anne Grange has arranged for a minstrel show, by home talent, under the directorship of Mr. Charles D. Campbell, one of the greatest comedians in the East. The show is booked for Friday, March 16th, at the Auditorium.

Get your strawberry checks from us.

HIGHS' FORECASTS FOR MARCH

Stormy Weather Predicted During The Month To Extend Into April

A regular storm period is central on the 7th, extending from the 5th to the 10th. The equinoctial periods of Venus and Earth are growing in force. The Moon is in opposition with Earth and Sun, and on the celestial equator on the 8th. This period is also coincident with an annual period of maximum magnetic and electrical unrest, falling from about the 8th to the 15th of March. Threatening clouds will gather and storms of portentous character will be moving into central sections by the 7th and 8th. A very low barometer on and touching the 7th, 8th and 9th, accompanied by growing warmth and increasing south winds, should be regarded as certain indications of very forceful and dangerous storms.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 13th, 14th and 15th. The regular reactionary tendencies to change of weather and renewal of storm forces will, on and touching these days, be greatly quickened and prolonged by the dominating influences of the Vernal equinox, intensified by the growing Venus disturbance. The chances are that unsettled, threatening, stormy conditions may be prolonged from the preceding period, but as this may be, we may expect that on and touching Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 13th, 14th and 15th, it will be clearly noticeable that forces are at work in the elements producing reactionary changes in weather conditions. Falling barometer, warmer, cloudiness, quickened squalls of rain and snow, all followed by rising barometer, colder, clearing weather, are things to be expected.

A regular storm period is central on the 19th, extending from the 16th to the 23rd. The regular Vulcan disturbance is coincident with the center of the Venus period, the Vulcan center being on the 19th, and the Venus center being on the 20th. The Moon is in perigee on the 21st, and on the celestial equator, in conjunction with Earth and Sun, on the 22nd.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 24th, 25th and 26th. This period is still under the combined strain of Earth and Venus, with the Mercury period at the center of its perturbing influence. The tendency will be to prolonged cloudiness and threatening weather throughout this part of March, but on the 24th, 25th and 26th, look for increase in storm conditions, with increase of rain, sleet and snow, followed by rising barometer, colder westerly winds and fair weather.

A regular storm period is central on the 30th, extending from the 28th to April 2nd. The Moon is at its extreme north declination and first quarter at this period, with the combined influence of Mercury, Venus and Earth, all in full force. Low and falling barometer, renewed and increasing storms of rain, wind, sleet and snow will develop to the westward and be in progress to the east, as we pass from March into April.

ROADS DAMAGED BY SHADE TREES

Chairman Zouck Will Try To Stop Work Of The State Forester

Some of the tree planting that is being done along the State roads at the instance of the State Forester, F. W. Besley, is far from pleasing to the State Roads Commission, and Chairman F. H. Zouck of that body said last week he would try to stop it.

Mr. Besley has been offering to give away trees from the State's nursery at the College of Agriculture to persons who will plant them along the State roads. It is the idea of Mr. Besley that the trees will shade and beautify the roads. But Mr. Zouck says that in many instances they have been planted in the gutters close along the bed of the road and as soon as they grow to any size the roots will get under the bed of the highway and break it up. The shading of the roads Mr. Zouck thinks of doubtful advantage, while the damage that the roots of the trees will do the roads when they are planted close alongside will be enormous.

So it appears that if they are planted close to the roads and on the State right of way they will sooner or later be destroyed.

February Weather

The following is the report of the weather for the month of February, as compiled by Mr. James R. Stewart, cooperative observer of Princess Anne:

Maximum temperature, 69 degrees on the 27th; minimum temperature, 4 degrees on the 13th; total precipitation 1.97 inches. Clear days, 10; partly cloudy, 10; cloudy, 8. Hail on the 22nd; snow on the 3rd and 6th; high winds on the 2d, 3rd, 5th and 26th. Auroras on the 15th and Lunar Halo on the 26th. The prevailing wind was northwest.

Mr. L. Paul Ewell, of Pocomoke City, spent last Wednesday in Princess Anne.

PROTECTION FOR U. S. SHIPS

Wilson Asks Congress For Power To Arm Merchantmen

President Wilson went before Congress and asked for authority to place the United States in a state of "armed neutrality" to resist the German submarine menace.

Continued invasion of the plain rights of neutrals on the high seas, further sacrifice of American lives and ships, the intolerable blockade of American commerce—almost as effectual as if the country were at war—have taken the place of a dreaded "overt act" which was expected to shock the world, and have forced the President into the next step toward war.

Devoutly expressing the hope that it would not become necessary to "put armed force into action," the President specifically asked for authority to supply American merchant ships with defensive arms, "with the means of using them, and to employ any other instrumentalities," as well as a "sufficient credit" to enable him to provide "adequate means of protection."

This, without being specific in terms, was a request for the use of the army and navy, and the necessary money to make them effective.

Behind the rights of Americans, the President declared, he was thinking of the rights of humanity. Through it all, he proclaimed to the world a policy of peace, if peace be possible. He disclaimed thinking of war or steps that might lead to it. He declared the American people wanted to exercise none but the rights of peace.

"No course of my choosing nor of theirs," he said, "will lead to war. War can come only by the wilful acts and aggressions of others."

With the death of American men and women in Germany's submarine campaign, and the German effort to embroil the United States with friendly neighbors, behind them, a large majority of the Senate Friday night fought to vest President Wilson with full authority to protect American life and American rights at sea. Before the senators was the apparent intention of the President to proceed at once to the arming of American merchantmen for their protection in their ocean journeying. It was apparent that the bill authorizing the President to place the United States on a basis of armed neutrality had the support of an overwhelming majority of the Senate. The administration demand for consideration of the bill was carried by a vote of 76 to 15 and it was expected that the vote against the measure itself would be less than the opposition to its consideration.

With guns, mounts and ammunition for arming American merchant ships already assembled at navy yards, putting the weapons aboard can begin immediately on orders from President Wilson. Navy officials estimate that it would take from three to five days per ship, working under pressure, to equip vessels previously surveyed for possible naval auxiliaries. A longer time will be required for others.

Every important Atlantic Coast navy yard is ready to undertake work on ships in its district on telegraphic instructions from the department. It is expected that upon President Wilson's formal direction that applications of American ships for guns be complied with, the commandant of navy yards would be instructed specifically to equip each ship for which application is made. Aside from a blanket application from the American Line covering all its ships, the Navy Department now has only requests for guns for a few individual vessels.

The Sixty-fourth Congress expired at noon last Sunday without a vote being reached by the Senate on the armed neutrality bill.

Just as the hands of the clock pointed to noon and the Congress expired by law Senator Hitchcock read a portion of President Wilson's address asking for the passage of the armed neutrality law and declared that the President's request had been defeated by "12 men in the most reprehensible filibuster in the history of civilized governments."

To Start State Road

It is understood that the contractors for the construction of the Westover-Pocomoke state road were in that section last week arranging to begin work on their contract. It is said that three gangs will be put to work as soon as the weather is favorable and that the work will be pushed to completion as speedily as possible. This evidently means that the road will be ready for use surely by the middle of the summer, if not before.

Messrs. W. Thomas Kemp and Randolph Barton, of the Baltimore bar, were among the visitors to Princess Anne last week.

Waiting For a Title

A Girl Takes a Legal Husband to Save a Fortune

By ALAN HINSDALE

I was a young man struggling to make a competency, but despite all my efforts I could not get any money ahead. It was plain to me that I could not make money without money to make it with, and I bemoaned my inability to save enough to enable me to get a start.

One day an uncle of mine telephoned me asking if I would like to make a thousand dollars very easily. I replied that I certainly would like to make a thousand dollars, even if I had to work for it, whereupon he told me to come to his house at once. When I reached it he said to me:

"I am guardian for a young lady whose fortune is considerable. Her mother is ambitious that she should marry an English nobleman who is likely to inherit a title. His father has recently died, and his older brother, who inherits, went to the big war and after a recent action was reported among the missing. If he is dead the title falls to the man my ward is thinking of marrying. If he is alive the match will not take place.

"The girl can't wait to learn if her suitor is really the Earl of Arraskilling, because her fortune, which came to her through her grandfather, is secured by the will to her firstborn son, and, to make it more probable that she shall have a son, it is stipulated that she must be married by a certain date—that is, tomorrow noon. But there is nothing in the will to compel her to live with the man she marries. In this respect the document is lame in carrying out the testator's intention.

"Bertha Tiverton, or, rather, her mother, being in a quandary about what to do in the matter, I have suggested that the daughter comply with the will technically by marrying some one who will leave her after the ceremony and consent to a divorce when required. This plan has been agreed upon, and a thousand dollars will be paid to such person as will fill this position of temporary husband."

My uncle ceased to speak at this point, but there was no more to be said. I understood him perfectly. I was to marry a girl with a fortune. If her suitor was the Earl of What-dye-call-him I was to resign her in his favor; if not I was to resign her in some one else's favor. But since I had never seen the girl and was not expected to see her after the wedding she personally did not enter into the matter. One thing I was sure of—I would have a thousand dollars, and I knew just where to put that thousand dollars to start a fortune. I asked my uncle how long a time I would have to make a decision, and he said till 6 o'clock the same evening and if I decided affirmatively the wedding would take place at 8.

There was but one drawback in the matter, and that was my becoming a divorced man. But divorces are not stigmatized as they used to be, and in case I should later fail to love the woman I loved would not be likely to object to me on that ground. I concluded by 6 o'clock in the evening to submit to the ceremony and so notified my uncle. He instructed me to be at his house at a quarter to 8 and he would take me to my bride's home for the ceremony.

I found my uncle waiting for me, and he took me in his car to a handsome dwelling, before which we alighted. Entering, we were shown into a room where an aristocratic looking woman of fifty awaited us, and my uncle took from his pocket a document, which she read carefully. Then she handed it to me, and I glanced over it. Since it was what I had been led to expect I signed it, and my uncle and the lady, Mrs. Tiverton, witnessed my signature. Then we all went into another room, where we found the bride waiting.

She was a pretty and otherwise attractive looking girl, without the slightest appearance of worldliness expressed in her countenance. I made up my mind that her mother was alone responsible for this marriage of temporary convenience and that the daughter if left to herself would be likely to marry for love alone. She cast a glance at me which denoted an interest in the man who was to be tied to her temporarily, above what seemed to be called for. Naturally I cast a similar glance at her. I noticed something between a pleased and a relieved look in her, and I have no doubt she saw admiration in me.

So far as the others were concerned, it was all a mere matter of business, and I was regarded in the same category as a legal document. We were instructed to stand side by side, and the ceremony was performed by a civil officer who was empowered to marry couples. Though a figurehead for a husband, I resolved to have one taste of my wife's pretty lips, and the moment we were pronounced man and wife I stooped and kissed her.

Both my uncle and Mrs. Tiverton looked on without protest, a slight color coming to her face. I stepped out of the room, a shock

for \$1,000 thrust into my hand, and I was shown to the door, which was closed behind me with a bang by my beloved mother-in-law.

My first act after my marriage I am going to state without any explanation. For such things there is no explanation that can be expressed in words. I went straight to a jewelry store, bought a solitaire diamond ring, for which I paid exactly \$1,000, and sent it by express to my wife.

Since the package was addressed to her there was a chance that she would open it without her mother's knowing of its reception, and if she did I was curious to learn whether she would return it or not. The express agent gave me a receipt signed by my bride, and after a week had elapsed and my gift had not been returned I concluded that it had been retained without Mrs. Tiverton's knowledge. I was in hopes that I would receive a note from the recipient expressing her thanks, but I did not.

A year passed before I was informed that I was expected to take certain steps that I had agreed to take which would enable my wife to secure a divorce. At the same time I learned that proofs that the soldier in Belgium who would have inherited the earldom of Arraskilling was dead had been offered in England and his younger brother had inherited the title and estates. This fact explained my being called upon in the matter of the divorce.

I had noticed when reading the document given me to sign immediately before my marriage that my pledge read that "on being called upon by the said Bertha Tiverton" I was to take certain steps in the matter of a divorce. When I saw that her mother was managing her matrimonial affairs for her I resolved that when called upon to act in the matter I would follow the letter of the agreement and refuse to act except on the request of my wife.

When I received notification that I was expected to fulfill my promise I called on my uncle and told him that I was ready to do so provided the request was made by my wife and that I might be sure she and not another was making it. I required that she tell me in person. Furthermore, that I might be sure she was making it without duress. I required that she make the request without any person except herself and myself being present.

When my uncle heard me make this statement he looked at me curiously for a few moments without speaking, then asked me if I was sure I had the right to insist upon what I proposed. I gave him the reading of the document as I remembered it. He simply said that if I was correct in quoting it I had the right to what I claimed. I saw at a glance that he sympathized with me in the matter, though he would not countenance my taking a dishonorable stand. I asked him to convey my demand to the Tivertons, which he promised to do.

A few days later my uncle informed me that he had transmitted what I had said to Mrs. Tiverton and her daughter. He did not tell me how the message had been received by either, but said that he had nothing further to do with the matter and I would be dealt with directly by Mrs. Tiverton.

A week passed, and I heard nothing from my mother-in-law. Of course I was in the dark why no action had been taken. Then I saw a notice in a newspaper that the Earl of Arraskilling was in America and being sought after by society. I determined to get a view of his lordship, and, having a friend who was a member of a club at which the earl had been "put up," I arranged to see him there. One day when he was at the club I was telephoned by my friend to come around at once. I did so, and the earl was pointed out to me. A single glance at him convinced me that, barring his title, I would not be egotistical in assuming that I could win any woman from him. His lordship was positively insignificant in looks, and I was assured that his intellect was no better.

Soon after this a woman came to see me who said she was "Miss Tiverton's maid." She told me that her mistress was bitterly opposed to marrying a title with an apology for a man attached, and it was intimated to me that my wife favored my maintaining the point I had taken in acting only on her request. Through the maid I begged my wife to grant me an interview. She consented, and we met at the house of a friend of hers who was in her confidence.

I was astonished at the change that had taken place in her since our marriage. At that time she had been something of a child; now she was a woman. Without knowing it I had launched a coup d'etat in expending the fee I had received for marrying her for a wedding gift. My uncle had told her about me and that I wished the money to make a start in the world. My expending it all in a gift for her won her completely.

Besides this there was something in this unique way of getting a start in the world to win a girl's sympathy, especially in contrast with an inferior man ready to sell himself.

Our first meeting was followed by others, and at last my wife decided to defy her mother openly and asked me to come to see her at her home. I was not loath to accept the invitation.

I knew little of what passed between my wife and her mother or between her and the Earl of Arraskilling. Bertha declared her independence of both, and in time we lived together. Her mother, I believe, was scandalized because there was not a second public wedding, but neither Bertha nor I saw any advantage in duplicating what had already occurred.

For the Salad Course. Have "ships of the desert" for your next salad course.

Cut off crisp lettuce leaves to the number you expect to serve. In the center of each leaf arrange a square of the more compact lettuce from the center of the head and surround it with stoned dates. Lay a slice of cream cheese on top and sprinkle with paprika. Serve with French dressing.

Arrange all the "ships" on a large plate and garnish with celery, parsley or lettuce leaves.

Only Wanted the Chance.

Emperor—I do not care to hear your proposition, sir. Everything that is submitted must first be put through the prime minister. Subject—Nothing would please me better. I wanted to show you the new bayonet which I have invented for army use.—London Answers.

But No One Is Perfect.

"A perfect wife never nags," says a writer in an exchange. That's true. And a perfect husband never gives cause for nagging.—Baltimore Sun.

IF YOU HAD A NECK AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW, AND HAD A SORE THROAT

ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY RELIEVE IT. 25c. and 50c. Hospital Size, \$1. ALL DRUGGISTS.

Keeping Yourself Well

HOW YOU GET SICK

Sometimes you overload your stomach with rich foods. Your life may be an active one, and thus you may care for all you eat. But a few days of inactivity show your system does not call for so much. You awake in the morning tired. Your body feels heavy; you know you are not up to the mark. Your digestion has not cared for the overload. Part of it remains. It generates gas that inflames the delicate linings. They fail to pour out the digestive juices and neglect to absorb the life-giving elements. You know something is wrong. Your body gets weak, and soon opportunity is offered for some severe illness.

Taken in time, the indigestion would not become serious. First remove the overload; then soothe the sore membranes; then build up the weakened body. It's simple to say, but not too easy to do. You need help. A tonic that will quicken digestion, help remove waste, soothe the soreness and arouse the system—that's just what you need.

Peruna has an enviable record in this respect. It has aided many thousands in the last century to overcome just these conditions, and thereby prevent serious sickness. The tablet form is convenient for regular administration.

When in need of a first-class Hair cut, Shave or Shampoo visit the WASHINGTON HOTEL TONSORIAL PARLOR HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

You Cannot Fool Nature

It is the Quality of the

PLANT FOOD

That Makes Profitable Crops

Insure Your Crops By Using

TILGHMAN'S



FERTILIZERS

COSTS MORE—WORTH IT

W. B. TILGHMAN COMPANY,

SALISBURY, MARYLAND



ENTIRELY WORTH WHILE

EXCELSIOR

You'll say so when you try it. Better begin now

DWINELL-WRIGHT CO., BOSTON CHICAGO.

MANY PEOPLE HAVE A FONDNESS FOR this particular brand, which is a genuine Dwinell-Wright Company coffee proven, by long use, to be an eminently and persistently desirable all-round coffee at a reasonably modest price.

ITS FLAVOR IS DELICIOUS.

TURNER BROTHERS CO.

Wholesale Distributors, Salisbury, Md.

2

A cheap automobile is a cheap automobile. It is intended to be sold at a low price and it must be made accordingly. Why not buy a high priced car at a low price?

On the floor of our new used-car display room is the largest assortment of fine used-cars in the south. All of these cars are reliable and have been carefully inspected before being offered for sale.

We have used cars from \$200 up and renewed cars which have been entirely rebuilt and repainted, from \$600 up.

Write us a post card today and let us know about how much money you want to spend, we will then send you either our Used-Car Bulletin or our booklet on Renewed Cars. Mail the post card today.

To Merchants and Undertakers: We have many special high-grade chassis which could be built into delivery wagons, light trucks, etc., and will give better service than any new truck which you could buy at the same price. Prices \$700 up.

STANDARD MOTOR COMPANY

Cadillac Building

1011 NORTH EUTAW STREET

BALTIMORE, MD.

Wake Up! SHIP US YOUR Butter Fat



We are offering you an opportunity of making DAIRYING PAY.

This week's prices are:— 44c per pound for Butter Fat in cream testing 30% or higher and fancy in quality.

41c per pound for Butter Fat in cream of lower tests and grades.

In addition to these unusually high prices we pay transportation charges on cream testing 35% EXTRA FANCY IN QUALITY.

We are the largest butter manufacturers in the east and not only pay the highest market prices for Butter Fat, but in order to assist our patrons in making it profitable to ship us their cream we—

Lend them cans on 30 days' trial.

Lend them a Babcock Tester for 30 days and teach them how to use it, FREE OF CHARGE.

Write us for particulars.

GOLDEN & COMPANY

Commission Merchants and Butter Manufacturers, Washington, D. C.

See Our Stock of

FARM IMPLEMENTS AND SAVE 25%

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

We are retailing HORSE COLLARS cheaper than others can buy them at wholesale. We have over 400 in stock

ALL KINDS

CAR LOAD OF COLUMBIA WAGONS

CAR LOAD OF PENINSULA WAGONS

THREE CAR LOADS BUGGIES and SURREYS

TWO CAR LOADS RUNABOUTS

I have the goods and know competition in this line

HARNESS of all kinds at less price than other dealers can buy them. Seeing is believing.

Everything in HARDWARE. Remember it is cheaper here than you can buy from catalogue houses.

Our line of STOVES is complete. Give us a call before buying.

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Hardware, Buggies and Wagons

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of WILLIAM KING, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Ninth Day of July, 1917, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1917.

UPSHUR D. TILGHMAN, Administrator of William King, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

1-9

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of LORA C. PUSEY, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Twenty-sixth Day of March, 1917, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 18th day of September, 1916.

ANNIE V. PUSEY, Administratrix of Lora C. Pusey, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

9-3

MORE Pulverized LIME

Will be Used This Season than Ever Before
THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF
"THE LIME THAT ACTS"
CAL-CARBO
PURE CALCIUM CARBONATE
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

To Insure Prompt Delivery place your order for Lime at once
W. P. TODD, Agent, Princess Anne, Md.

**Do Not Delay
With That Survey**
Delays are often Costly
I am at your service
EARLE B. POLK
SURVEYOR
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

CORRECT Coal-burning HOVER
Costs Less to Buy—
Less to Run
You can pay more—but can't
get more. Capacity 50 to 1,500
cubic feet. Self-loading and regu-
lating. Gas and spark tight.
Portable and everlasting. Coal
only once in twenty-four hours.
Costs but 5c. a day to run.
Don't take an imitation.
This is the only BIG patent.
Write for circular.
CORRECT HOVER CO.,
Department 22
Lansville, Carroll Co., O.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice
that the subscriber has obtained from the
Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of ad-
ministration of the estate of
WILLMORE J. RICHARDSON,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons
having claims against said deceased, are hereby
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers there-
of to the subscriber on or before the
First Day of May, 1917.
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all
benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said
estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 23rd day of October,
1916.
GEORGE T. RICHARDSON,
Administrator of Willmore J. Richardson, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE SUAREZ,**
Recorder of Wills.

A Vicious Pest
RAT CORN
It is the most deadly
pest of the corn field.
It eats the corn and
spoils the crop.
It is the most deadly
pest of the corn field.
It eats the corn and
spoils the crop.
It is the most deadly
pest of the corn field.
It eats the corn and
spoils the crop.

Distributor, C. H. HAYMAN

Allen's Foot-Ease For The Troops
Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's
Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among
the troops. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in
the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and
comfort, takes the friction from the shoe, and
prevents the feet getting tired or foot-sore. Drug
and Department stores everywhere sell it, 50c.
Don't accept any substitutes. Try it today.

PARKER'S NAIL BALM
A little preparation of merit
for the sufferer from
Painful Nails, Corns,
Blisters, and other
ailments of the feet.

SAMUEL F. MILES
Justice of the Peace
—AND—
SURVEYOR
Established Surveying 31 years.
In Princess Anne every Tuesday and
Saturday until further notice.
Care: Prince William and Church Sts.
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

DISEASE OF CABBAGE.

Careful Seed Selection Has Produced a
Variety Resistant to Yellows.
Successful cabbage growers near
Clyde, O., after six years' trials in co-
operation with the Ohio experiment
station have obtained strains resistant
to yellows disease, or fusarium wilt.
The All Seasons variety has shown
the least tendency to this disease, and
it also possesses qualities demanded
by the kraut industry. Plants have
been selected for seed which have
shown the strongest growth and the
greatest freedom from disease.
This procedure in combating cabbage
yellows has proved far more success-
ful than soil sterilization and other di-
rect control methods, growers say. Un-
der conditions of continual attack by
disease certain plants develop charac-
teristics that ward off ravages of such
parasites. By continual careful selec-
tion and propagation desired types are
produced that thrive even where dis-
ease is abundant, while common va-
rieties die or else yield poor returns.
The especially resistant strains of the
All Seasons cabbage have been named
the Clyde Series Nos. 1 to 7. Nos. 1, 2
and 4 have proved most resistant.
Within a year or two the experiment
station expects to distribute the seed of
these strains to growers.

THREE WORDS.

There are three words, the sweetest
words
In all of human speech,
More sweet than are all songs of
birds.
Or pages poets preach.
This life may be a vale of tears,
A sad and dreary thing;
Three words and trouble disappears
And birds begin to sing—
Three words and all the roses bloom,
The sun begins to shine;
Three words will dissipate the gloom
And water turn to wine.
Three words will cheer the saddest
days,
"I love you!" Wrong, by heck!
It is another sweeter phrase,
"Inclosed and check!"

WALL STREET AND STOCKS.

How "Short Sellers" May Win by Buy-
ing on a Falling Market.
There are two kinds of stock specu-
lators. One buys in the hope that he
may later sell at a profit. If a man
buys a share of Steel at 100 and later
sells it at 115 he has made \$15, less the
broker's small commission. It is clear
how money is made in a rising market.
How money is made in a falling mar-
ket requires explanation. The process
of capitalizing disaster is known as
"selling short."

A speculator who is sure, either be-
cause of some inside knowledge or be-
cause of his own reasoning, that stocks
will tumble, gives an order to his
broker to sell a block of stock for him.
Let us use Central Leather as an ex-
ample. He has none of the stock. The
broker sends word to his representa-
tive on the floor of the exchange, and
the sale is made. Central Leather is
sold at the market price, say, 93. In
the course of a few hours the stock
which the seller did not have, is deliv-
ered to the purchaser. The broker has
borrowed it from some owner of the
stock. A small fee is paid to the owner
of the loaned shares. The man who
has sold short then watches for the in-
fluences which he expects will drive
the stock down. One or two days later
he reads that some great international
figure has made a move for peace.

The stock drops on the news. No one
is willing to pay \$93 a share for it. A
few are willing to pay \$90. Our hero
who has sold short directs his broker
to buy enough shares to pay him in
kind for the shares borrowed. The
broker buys at \$90. After the broker's
fee is paid and the charge for the bor-
rowed stock is settled the speculator
receives a little less than \$3 a share as
a result of his short selling. He merely
sold at 93 what he later bought for
90. He has no stock. He never had
any stock. He sold it before he
bought it.

The "short" seller is never an in-
vestor. He never buys to keep. He
never buys except to enable him to re-
turn what he has borrowed.—Uncle
Dudley, in the Boston Globe.

Sunday Spurred the Offer.

George Sunday, eldest son of Billy
Sunday, said in New York a short time
ago:
"My father's finances are always
talked about when he comes to a city.
I handle his accounts. He gets only
what is offered him for his services on
the last day of his campaign, and this
isn't as big as it looks, for much of it
goes to charity and to the maintenance
of his organization.
"This very day I declined on my
father's behalf an offer of \$1,000,000
from a moving picture concern; he re-
fused \$500,000 for five days' work in
the movies; he has refused countless
offers from firms who make talking
records. My father has always and
sincerely refused to commercialize
Christ."

Why Stones Cannot Burn Like Coal.
Stones cannot burn for the simple
reason that they are dead matter which
has burned out. When anything burns
it takes into its system all the oxygen
of the air that it can combine with.
When it has done this it cannot be
burned any more. In burning any
substance changes its character.
The original element of most of the
rocks and stones we see was silicon,
and when that combines with oxygen
the result is a form of rock, a concrete
substance, but unburnable.

London's "Seven Dials."

The Seven Dials in London is a place
where seven streets branch off—viz:
1, Great Earl street; 2, Little Earl
street; 3, Great St. Andrew's street;
4, Little St. Andrew's street; 5, Great
White Lion street; 6, Little White Lion
street; 7, Queen street. The long cross
stone which stood in the middle cen-
ter as seven square at the top, with
a dial on each square.

It Does Happen.

"I don't think the truth of that Cin-
derella story ever came out."
"No."
"I think she took off her slipper be-
cause it hurt her. I've seen ladies do
that in restaurants many a time."
—Kansas City Journal.

Sometimes They Are.

"Are women funny?" asks an ex-
change. Well, we know one about fifty
years of age who tries to look as
though she were about eighteen.—Ma-
con Telegraph.

Motorcar Tire Casings.

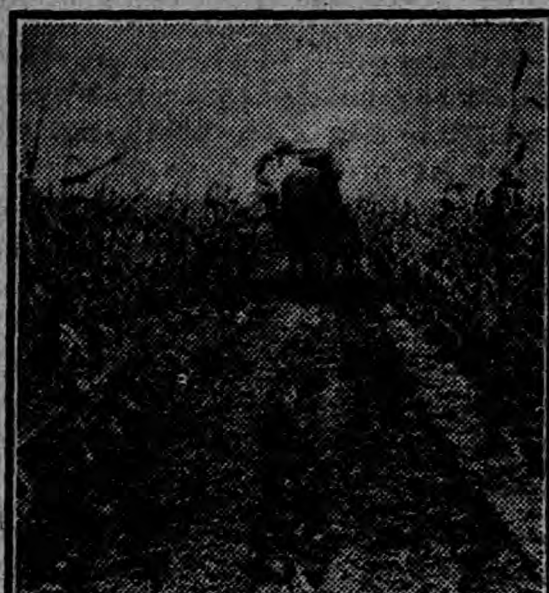
Before putting on a tire casing, wipe
it out carefully with a moist rag, to
insure that the inner tube will not be
damaged by dirt or sand lodged in the
casing.

Hope against hope and ask till ye
receive.—Montgomery.

PROFITABLE SOIL CULTURE

CORN PLANTING METHODS.

Fundamentals of Culture, Especially
Under Droughty Conditions.
Special planting methods often must
be used for corn in regions where ei-
ther moisture or heat is insufficient.
Listing, or planting in furrows, is the
most common and best method of
planting corn in a large part of the
semiarid area. It is not only econom-
ical, as it permits large acreages to be
handled at the least cost, but it also
places the plants to the best advantage
to withstand drought. As the furrows



A western Kansas cornfield, show-
ing rows seven feet apart. Wide
spaces between rows retain a part
of the soil moisture for the critical
or ear forming period. Cultivation
and the drilling of wheat, peas or
beans in the corn are made easier,
as well as the harvesting of the
corn.

are closed by cultivation, the plant
roots are placed well below the sur-
face. A deep soil mulch can be main-
tained without injury to the roots.
The plants are more securely braced
to withstand winds than when surface
planted.

In some semiarid sections early sum-
mer conditions are favorable for rapid
growth. The plants make a tender,
rapid growth and become larger than
the later moisture supply will support.
Listing retards this rapid early growth
and is often a decided advantage on
this account.

Where the seasons are very short
surface planting is better than listing,
as the retarding of early growth leaves
the plants insufficient time to reach
maturity. Where surface planting is
practiced on fairly level land it is
usually advisable to plant in checks to
permit cross cultivation. Cross cul-
tivation makes weed and grass control
easier. It also assists cultivation, dry-
ing and warming a larger part of the
soil surface.

A thin stand of plants is an essen-
tial feature of successful corn growing
in regions of limited moisture supply.
When planting is done with a lister in
rows three to three and one-half feet
apart the plants should be one in a
place and from eighteen to thirty-six
inches apart, depending upon the rain-
fall and the fertility and the water
holding capacity of the soil. In sur-
face planted corn with the hills three
and one-half feet apart each way the
stand should not be thicker than two
plants per hill. Even with the best of
seed more kernels should be planted
than the number of plants desired.
Some young plants, mostly the weaker
ones, will perish.

The usual distance between corn
rows is about three and one-half feet,
which is a convenient distance for cul-
tivating. With the rows at this dis-
tance the roots meet between the rows
and occupy all of the upper soil be-
fore the corn comes into tassel.

In certain droughty sections, where
the seasons are comparatively long, in-
creasing the width of row to seven
feet and doubling the stand in the row
has been found to be an advantage.
Where the summers are long other
crops or another crop of corn can be
planted later in the season between
the seven foot rows if the seasonal
rainfall proves sufficient.

Corn should not be covered with
more than one and one-half or two
inches of soil except when the surface
is dry and it is necessary to plant deep-
er to reach moist soil. In cold, heavy
soils one inch is sufficient.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

✧ Cut out all dead trees about
the place and make firewood of
them.
✧ One quarter acre of berries will
not cost much to plant, and it
will give an abundance of fruit
the season through.
✧ There is still time to do some
root grafting of apples. The clon-
e should be two or three times as
long as the root.
✧ Plan to do some topworking
this spring. This is a good way
to get returns from unproductive
trees that are thrifty.
✧ When ordering seed for the
garden try some vegetables you
have not used before. Salsify,
✧ Swiss chard and endive are good
sorts to try.
✧ The Wealthy is one of the most
widely grown and profitable of
the fall apples. It is a money
maker, even in apple districts.

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.
Office at State Street, Local Phone No. 21.
Long Distance Phone, No. 21.
Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum
T. F. HARGIS
Editor and Business Manager
All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 6, 1917

Among the other food riots are those that occur in the pantry every day 15 minutes after school closes.

It is perhaps natural that the bone dry law should make many people shiver to the marrow.

The latest crop of food price investigations will come along quite conveniently for politicians who are out of a job.

They may not be able to afford a \$1000 automobile, but if the price is going up to \$1500 soon it is, of course, economy to buy it.

It is believed that the patriotic desire to help inaugurate the president will be much less fervent if Washington goes home dry.

The man who takes off his hat the instant the Star Spangled Banner is played is not necessarily the first to enlist when war comes.

The danger of looking under the bed at night is not so much that you may find a German spy, as that you will see considerable dirt left by Mary Ann.

It's a mystery why some people will gamble when there is a sure thing in buying up some food supply and then starting a fake scare that it is going to be short.

The people of the United States would almost be willing to go without potatoes for six months if all those being held by speculators could rot on their hands.

It is hard lines for a public official who merely gives good service and pleases the people, without bestirring himself to do political work for those who protect him.

That mysterious diagram that you pick up on the streets is not always some spy's drawing of our fortifications, but may simply be the Chinaman's laundry check.

One reason for the high cost of food is the national custom of presenting the pigs, through the garbage pail, a lot of stuff that in other countries would be considered nourishing and appetizing.

FOOD PRODUCER AND PUBLIC

On the face of it, a man has a right to sell his product for any old price that he can get. But there are limitations in reason and justice. If a traveler came to an inn-keeper's door weary and exhausted on a cold winter night the landlord might say that he had a right to charge him any price he wanted. He might say that the man could better afford to pay \$50 for his lodging than risk his life and health in the storm. But any inn-keeper who took advantage of a man suffering to charge exorbitantly would be called rapacious. Lawyers would probably say that he could be compelled, as a keeper of a public house, to take the man in and give him accommodation at a decent price.

The position of the food producer in this time of food shortage is the same, morally, if not legally. The people are suffering for lack of certain food products. Those who have these products are enriching themselves. Can any limit be placed on this grasping spirit?

Ways are always found in which to end great abuses. Food speculation is a new evil with which our people have to contend, and they will not be tolerant in doing it. In their anger they may go to the other extreme and hit a blow at business interests that may do lasting hurt. Food speculators should have a care how they provoke the consuming public into a state of wrath, leading to hasty and perhaps injudicious action.

A dealer may have a legal right to ask an unreasonable price. If so, it seems inevitable that laws should be changed. If they want to avoid the vexatious interference of government, which business interests all dread, let the food speculator beware how like the inn-keeper he turns the public away in time of exigency. People who want to keep farmers and remain in business at the old stand would better protect their customers and the public.

An Infamous Conspiracy

Germany has been making war upon the United States for more than two years. It has not been an open and honorable war, but a sneaking and despicable war. It has been a war of intrigue, of ambushes, of plots and of conspiracies, all carefully calculated to embarrass the United States to the utmost without creating a situation in which the American people would be driven to armed resistance. In all the history of nations there is no other record of such a lying friendship as that which Germany has professed for the United States at such a trying peace as that which has been maintained during the last two years. It has been a peace in which all the benefits have been reaped by Germany and the United States has been left with the burden of the war.

THE FISHERMAN AND OYSTERMEN

There is no set of people who have as little regard for their interests as the fishermen and oystermen of the State of Maryland. They are given without any labor on their part, a crop which will give them a livelihood year in and year out. All they have to do is to properly harvest it, yet no effort is made by either the oystermen or the fishermen of the State to conserve this crop, or properly look out for the future. The law of the State of Maryland says:

"No person shall catch or in any manner take or kill in said waters thereof at any time any white or yellow perch of any size less than seven inches in length, or any pike less than fourteen inches in length, or any rock, otherwise known as striped bass, less than ten inches in length, or any tailor less than eight inches in length, or white catfish, under seven inches, or any species weighing less than twenty pounds, or any rock weighing over twenty pounds, in spawning season of April, May and June, measuring, in case of fish, from the tip of the nose to the end of the caudal fin or tail, excepting haul seines during the time between April first and June twenty-fifth."

This law is constantly violated, and the fish that are repeatedly offered by the fishermen for sale are many times less than half the required minimum length. While doing this may give the fishermen a little increase in his income at this time, yet he is depleting the waters, and in a short time there will be no fish for him to catch, and he will be awakened to the fact that he has destroyed his living.

The oystermen are just as bad, if not worse than the fishermen. They are always opposed to any law that may look to the conservation of the oyster crop of the State, and they seem to think that no one has any right to do anything to protect this great industry. They want to be left alone and allowed to do just as they please. They are constantly catching oysters when they should not, and if it is possible will not obey the call law. The oystermen do not seem to think that every time they violate the laws in reference to the planting and culling of oysters, that they are simply hastening the day when there will be no oysters left for them to catch.

So little regard was paid to the time for catching crabs and clams that recently the State had to take the matter in hand, and pass stringent laws to save the people of the State any of these delicacies. The Law of the State of Maryland says:

"That no person shall, in this State, in any manner or at any time, so obstruct any stream above where the tide flows and flows in which trout or other fish have been placed by the State or National government, so that said fish shall not have free access up and down said stream, under a penalty of not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for every such offense." Notwithstanding this law, one will find throughout the entire State in every stream, nets placed in such ways as to obstruct the free passage up and down these streams.

While the State is trying to protect the interests of the fishermen and oystermen, these persons will do nothing to aid the State officials in carrying out this important work. If an oysterman or fisherman is violating any of the laws, they are willing in an indirect way to notify the officer, but are not willing to openly give the testimony that will cause a conviction of the law breaker, nor are they willing in any way whatsoever to aid the officer in bringing to justice those who will not respect the law. Until these people are willing to help bring to justice the law breaker, they may expect the laws to be broken constantly, and thereby their rights jeopardized.

CLEANER MOVIES

A movement is gaining much force to clean up movie shows. It runs up against the feeling of many managers that salacious shows pay better. Many theatre owners say frankly that whenever they announce a risqué film their attendance immediately begins to swell. There are a few fundamental considerations, however, which they ignore. They may gain an increase temporarily through having the normal audience of people who want clean shows, while attracting also the special class that looks for morbid sensation. But if the place keeps on a great mass of people become disgusted and stay away. Finally the theatre will have to depend wholly on the dirt seekers who are not the best financial basis.

The substantial elements of a community must be conciliated in order to make an amusement business permanently profitable. A manager may be able to fill his place for a time with street loafers, and with morbid and sexually excited young people. These classes may fill the cheapest seats to overflowing, which does not help out so much on receipts.

The theatre managers have objected strenuously to measures for a state or government censorship of films. Considering the tendencies of public authorities to appoint mere politicians to such positions, such censorship might be handled in a way to encourage graft. But the picture producers will do well if they submit their films voluntarily to censorship committees arranged on a non-political basis.

If they will co-operate with the women's clubs, the social settlement and other betterment agencies for an intelligent control of film production, they will at the long run place their business on a permanent foundation.

Beginning The End

Summarizing recent war happenings, it will be observed that a general German retirement has been forced on the Allies; that the British troops operating in Mesopotamia have retaken Kut-el-Amara from the Turks, together with nearly 2,000 prisoners and considerable supplies; and that a German submarine has sunk a Cunard liner carrying passengers from New York and that a detachment of the German high seas fleet came out of Kiel harbor long enough to shell the British seaside resorts of Margate and Broadstairs. The total of lives lost in the sinking of the Laconia is as yet unknown, the bag at Margate and Broadstairs was one woman and one child killed and two children injured.

These comparisons are interesting. The Laconia was torpedoed without warning and at night, Margate and Broadstairs are what the English call watering-places, comparable with Bar Harbor or Atlantic City. The Laconia represents no great triumph. She carried no troops and whatever foodstuffs or contraband may have been in her cargo was of a negligible quantity since she was a passenger boat primarily and was not designed for freight. The shelling of Margate and Broadstairs is about as heroic an achievement as the shelling of Ocean City would be.

Germany prepared for this war for forty years. Her philosophers preached it and her scholars taught it. The entire weight of the brains and influence of the Prussian aristocracy was thrown into the task of teaching the German people to bear their burdens of taxation cheerfully that the new Germany might impose her so-called Kultur upon the world for the world's own good.

We are now in the third year of the war that was to give Germany a place in the sun; and her greatest actual achievements are the possession of a devastated Belgium, a ravaged Serbia and a half of Rumania, crushed by sheer weight of arms. Her hold on that fraction of Northern France which she attained in her first mad rush toward Paris is being gradually but certainly loosened, her eastern allies are losing ground and heart. The morale of her own soldiers is broken; the sympathies of the entire neutral civilized world are lost to her by reason of her own acts, and the only triumphs which her gargantuan militarism can achieve are the sinking of unprotected passenger boats and the murdering of women and babies in unfortified seaside resorts. Forty years of preparation for this!

The end is in sight. And when it comes it will make a wiser and a greater Germany than has been; for the doctrine that might makes right, which is the essence of the Prussian interpretation of Kultur, will have vanished from the civilized earth.—Baltimore Star.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1893.
A. W. GILSON.
(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ROBERT F. DUEK, Attorney-at-Law.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE FARM

AND

TIMBER LAND

Having decided to move from this State, I will sell at public auction, at the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, March 13, 1917,

at or about the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., all that VALUABLE

Farm and Timber Land,

situated on the south side of the Wicomico river, in Mt. Vernon Election District, in Somerset County, Maryland, and bordering on the county road leading from Van Dusen's Corner to Loretto Station, and containing

160 ACRES,

more or less, and being all the land which was conveyed unto the said Bella S. Thompson by Francis J. Barnes and wife, by deed dated the eighteenth day of April, 1915, and duly recorded among the land records of said county in Liber C. F. B. No. 19, folio 78, etc.

This farm is suitably located on the river and only a short distance from the abutment of the bridge and is improved by a commodious TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING and a LARGE FRAME BARN and other outbuildings. Also a TENANT HOUSE, and a SCHOOL HOUSE now rented by the County School Commissioners. This farm is especially adapted to the growing of all kinds of trucks and is in a fair state of cultivation.

About 60 Acres

of this land is thickly set in GROWING PINE TIMBER and has on it, according to various estimates of same made, between one and two million feet of standing timber. This timber can be harvested with little expense, as the same can be shipped from a wharf on the property.

This property will be sold absolutely without reservation, except, however, subject to the rights of the tenant now on the property and possession given April 1st, subject to said tenant's rights. TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase price in cash on the day of sale, and the balance to be secured by a mortgage on the property, payable in two equal installments of six and twelve months, from day of sale, with interest, with the provision that no timber on said property be cut until the entire mortgage debt is paid, or all cash for the option of purchase.

BELLA S. THOMPSON.

Stand By The President

Partisanship is lost in patriotism at a time like this. "Anyone who seeks to flaunt his party banners in the presence of the vital issues of the day commits an offense against the banner of the nation. Any member of Congress who cannot subordinate his partisan feeling to patriotic needs is unworthy of the position he holds. The American people are behind the American President. They are behind him in every word and syllable that he uttered in his wise and temperate address to Congress, calling for power to use the armed forces of the nation at discretion.

The people are behind the President in the exercise of any powers he may employ for the honor and security of the nation. It is not only patriotic, it is praiseworthy as well, to accord to Mr. Wilson that full confidence upon the verge of war that would need to be imposed in him in the fact of war. The country knows neither Democrat nor Republican at the moment of its peril. There are, unfortunately, some bastard patriots who mouth big, swelling words of patriotism when they bear the obvious mark of the breast—the mark of the Kaiser.

The words of Patrick Henry paraphrased should be the sentiment of every member of Congress at this time: "I am not a Republican, I am not a Democrat, I am an American." This should sweep aside all partisan impulses and should leave exposed to the stern gaze of the people the minions of a foreign power.—Baltimore American.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

FURNITURE

And Household Effects

I will sell at public auction, at my residence on the east side of Main street in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Saturday, March 17th, 1917

beginning about the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., a lot of valuable Household and Kitchen Furniture, including beds, bedsteads, bedding, chairs, mahogany dining table, other tables, carpets, matting, rugs, desks, bric-a-brac, china and glassware and other articles too numerous to mention in detail.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash for all sums of \$10.00 or under, over that amount a credit of four months on note with approved security bearing interest. No goods to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

MRS. FRANK T. SMITH

ROBERT F. DUEK, Attorney-at-Law.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

PERSONAL PROPERTY

Having sold my farm and decided to discontinue farming, I will sell at public auction, on the farm located on the road leading from Van Dusen's Corner to Loretto, in West Princess Anne District, in Somerset County, Maryland, on

Wednesday, March 21, 1917

beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., all the following personal property: Four Horses, 8 cows, 1 bull, 2 pigs, 200 bushels of corn, 5 tons of timothy and clover hay, lot of fodder, large farm wagon, motor car, wagon, tool buggy, wheat binder, mower, corn planter, manure spreader, disc harrow, riding lawnmower, cider press, lawn mower, set of platform scales, seed sower, cream separator, cream tester, blacksmith outfit, set of work harness, set of buggy harness, croquet outfit, saw table, feed grinder, 3 cream cans, hot-bed sashes, lot of lumber, lot of wire, corn sheller, grindstone, push-cart, plows, harrows, hand corn planters, manure fork, shovels, spades, corn baskets, butter churn.

TERMS OF SALE.—On sums of ten dollars or under the cash will be required; over that amount 6 months credit will be given upon note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. No property to be delivered until terms of sale are complied with.

VERNIA C. JONES.

Sheriff's Sale

OF

Real Estate

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, at the suit of Harry T. Phoebe, and to me directed, against the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of James M. Jones, I have levied upon and taken in execution all the right, title and interest of said James M. Jones in and to all that lot or parcel of land in St. Peter's district, on the east side of the county road leading from All Saints' F. B. Church to Locust Point, adjoining the land of George Jones and Sidney Waller, containing one acre, more or less, the said lot formerly being part of the said Sidney Waller's Locust Ridge Farm and being the same land conveyed to the said James M. Jones by the said Sidney Waller by deed dated the fifth day of January, 1910.

AND I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT ON Tuesday, March 27, 1917, at about the hour of 2 p. m., I will sell the above described lot or parcel of land at public auction, at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, to the highest bidder for CASH to satisfy said writ, costs and charges.

JOHN E. PRUITT, Sheriff.

Order Nisi

Robert F. Duek, attorney, ex parte, under power contained in a mortgage from David H. Lamy and wife to Henschel W. Maddox

In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, No. 3146, Chancery.

Ordered, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Robert F. Duek, attorney, be ratified and confirmed, if any there be, in case the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of March, instant; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in Somerset County, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of March, instant.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$2750.

W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order Nisi

Holloway et al., vs. George T. Richardson et al.

No. 3141, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity. January Term, 1917.

To wit the 24th day of February, 1917.

Ordered, that the sale of property mentioned in these proceedings wherein Holloway et al. were plaintiffs and George T. Richardson et al. defendants, the same being No. 3141 on the Chancery Docket in the Circuit Court for Somerset County, made and reported by Gordon Tull, trustee to sell the real estate of Wilmore J. Richardson, late of Somerset County, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the third day of April, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in Somerset County, and also in Worcester County, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of March, next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$215.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

The House of Fashion

You'll Like These New Spring and Summer Suits and Coats

Sport Suits Motor Coats
Dress Suits Dress Coats
Street Suits Street Coats

FOR—
Correctness of Style.
Thoroughness of Workmanship
Lowness of Price
They Are Without Parallel

If you were to take a look at our show rooms these days you would know just as conclusively as ourselves that our Spring line of Suits and Coats is a wonderful success.

When Are You Coming In to Take That Look?

We are opening up new Cottons, Silks and light weight Woolens. We want you to see them just as soon as you can conveniently visit our store.

T. F. HARGIS
DEPARTMENT STORE
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

Notice To Contractors

Bids will be received by the Board of Education of Somerset County up to April 10th, 1917, for adding two wings to the Washington High School building in Princess Anne. Copies of specifications and plans can be obtained from the undersigned upon payment of \$5.00 to guarantee their return. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for \$150.00. The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order, W. H. DASHIELL, Sec'y.

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order of Publication

John H. Scarborough and Esther Scarborough vs. Sarah Houston, Charlie Houston, Bertha Houston, Dennis and Caleb Dennis, Hester Dennis and Edward Dennis, Ola Cottman and William Cottman, Samuel Scarborough and Mollie Scarborough, Annie Stirling and Malchior Stirling, Edward Scarborough, Addison Scarborough, Fred Scarborough and Lillian Scarborough, Lillian Gale and Frank Gale, children and heirs-at-law of Leah J. Scarborough, deceased.

No. 3147, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate near Marion, in Brinkley's district, Somerset County, Maryland, of which the said Leah J. Scarborough died seized and possessed, for the purpose of partition and division among the heirs entitled to the proceeds thereof. The bill in substance states that Leah J. Scarborough, who died on the 28th day of June, 1882, and recorded in Liber B. F. L. No. 5, folio 70-1, and being so seized and possessed she died a widow and testatrix, leaving the following children and heirs-at-law surviving her, viz: Sarah Houston, who intermarried with John Houston and by whose said marriage there are two known children, viz: Charles Houston, who is of age, single and lives in Annapolis, Md., and Bertha Houston, who intermarried with Caleb Dennis, both of whom are of age and reside at Sherwood, Talbot County, Md.; that the said John Houston is dead, and it is not known whether the said Sarah Houston is dead or alive; she has not been heard from for about twenty years, but when last heard from she was a non-resident, residing at Atlantic City, N. J.; Hester Scarborough, who intermarried with Edward Dennis, both of full age and reside at Marion, Somerset County, Maryland, who intermarried with William Whittington, both of whom are dead, but leaving one child, Ola, who intermarried with William Cottman, both of whom are of age and reside at Sherwood, Talbot County, Md.; William Scarborough, who intermarried with Annie Scarborough, both of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.; Edward Scarborough, of full age, single and resides in Washington, D. C., and is a non-resident of Maryland; Addison Scarborough, of full age, single and absent and unheard of for more than 12 years, and it is not known whether he is living or dead, and when last heard from he resided in New York City, N. Y., and was a non-resident of this State; Fred Scarborough, who intermarried with Lillian Scarborough, both of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.; Lillian Scarborough, who intermarried with Frank Gale, both of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.

That the said real estate is not susceptible of partition without material loss and injury to the parties entitled to interests therein, and that, in order to make division of said interests, it will be necessary for said real estate to be sold and the proceeds thereof, by interested amongst the parties according to their several interests.

That the said Sarah Houston, Ola Cottman, William Cottman, Edward Scarborough and Addison Scarborough are all non-residents of this State. It is therefore, this 20th day of February, 1917, ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiffs, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Somerset County, once in each of four successive weeks before the 28th day of March, 1917, give notice to the said absent defendants and to the unknown heirs thereof, if any there be, in case any of the said defendants are dead, of the object and substance of this bill, warning them to be and appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 16th day of April next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

YOU CAN CHEAT DEATH

It is no trouble to cheat death when you keep in touch with this drug store. The simple remedies that we sell will keep your liver in good condition, your blood in proper circulation and the color of health in your cheek from January to December. Twenty-five cents worth of prevention is equal to \$100.00 worth of cure.

Fine Display of Toilet Articles For Men and Women

Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Manicure Sets, Toilet Waters, Perfumery, every article or accessory for members of the home

T. J. Smith & Co.
Princess Anne, Maryland

Sheriff's Sale OF VALUABLE Real Estate

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, at the suit of Charles D. Bonds against John A. Smith, and to me directed, I have levied upon, seized and taken into execution, all the right, title, interest and estate, both at law and Equity, of the said John A. Smith, in and to all that tract or parcel of land in Mt. Vernon Election District, Somerset County, Maryland, lying and binding on the county road known as Polk's Road, bounded on the north by the land of Elsey Smith, on the east by the land of Wesley Lankford, on the south by said Polk's Road, on the west by a road leading from said county road to Joseph Reading's, and containing

2 3-8 Acres, more or less,

being the same land which was conveyed to Joshua W. Miles by Henry L. D. Stanford, trustee, by deed dated the 12th day of February, 1904, and recorded among the land records of said Somerset County in Liber O. T. B. No. 37, folio 378, etc., and being also the same land, with the right, title, interest and estate, both at law and Equity, of the said John A. Smith by the said John A. Smith and for which said tract of land the said Smith has paid the purchase money in full, without having received a deed therefor from said Miles, who agrees however to join in a deed conveying said land to the purchaser.

AND I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT ON Tuesday, March 6th, 1917, at or about the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Princess Anne, Maryland, I will sell at public auction, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said John A. Smith in and to said tract of land, to the highest bidder for CASH, to satisfy said writ, principal, interest, costs and charges.

JOHN E. PRUITT, Sheriff of Somerset County.

Auditor's Notice

L. Creston Beauchamp, trustee, ex parte, under deed of trust from James E. Robertson.

No. 3138, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

All persons interested in the proceeds of the sale of the property of James E. Robertson, made and reported by L. Creston Beauchamp, trustee, are hereby notified, via their vendors, that the vendors thereof, duly authenticated according to law, with me on or before the ninth day of March, 1917, as I shall on that day, at my office in Princess Anne, proceed to distribute the assets of said estate among the persons thereto entitled, according to law.

E. D. McMASTER, Auditor.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JULIA DERRY, late of Somerset County, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-third day of July, 1917, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 14th day of February, 1917.

ZADOCK P. HENRY, M. D., Executor of Adeline Henry Derry, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 6, 1917

Notices of Marriages and Deaths will be published free but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents thereafter.

BUSINESS POINTERS

For SALE—Clover Seed and Seed Oats. W. P. TODD.

SEED POTATOES—A carload will arrive this week. W. P. TODD.

COAL—F will have a carload of stove coal this week. W. P. TODD.

FOR SALE—Two Holstein Bull Calves, about 5 months old. F. WEIDEMAN, Westover, Maryland.

FOR SALE—Klondike and Gandy Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand. G. C. GIBBONS, Princess Anne, Route 4.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—True Single-Comb Rhode Island Reds—great laying strain. Mrs. G. I. LAWTON, Route 3.

SEEDING IS BELIEVING—Best ear load of Horses and Mules ever in this county, at Ellegood's stable. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—One pair extra fine mules and one young Dry Dock stallion. Apply to ARCH HENDERSON, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—Big Joe Strawberry Plants at \$1.50 per thousand; Klondikes, \$1.15 per thousand. C. M. ADAMS, Route 1.

FOR SALE—100,000 Klondike Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand. J. S. NOEL, Princess Anne, Md., Route 4.

FOR SALE—Klondike, Gandy, Missionary and Pride of Somerset strawberry plants. W. H. HANDY, Westover, Md.

FOR SALE—Car load of Horses and Mules; 5 to 7 years old, weight 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, at Ellegood's stable. ROBT. S. JONES.

FOR SALE—Two nice homes in Pocomoke City—\$1800 and \$2250. L. PAUL EWELL, Attorney-at-Law, Pocomoke City, Maryland.

FOR SALE—Strawberry plants—Matthews Early \$3 per 1,000; Big Joe \$1.50; Klondike, Gandy and Wolvorton \$1.25. O. H. MILLER, Princess Anne, Route 4. Farmers' phone.

FOR SALE—Klondike and Gandy Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand; Big Joe \$3.00 per thousand. J. S. DENNIS, Rt. 1, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers' telephone.

FOR SALE—Beef scrap, bone meal charcoal, alfalfa meal, scratch feed, tankage hay, corn and feeds of all kinds. Hard coal, all sizes, and soft coal. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—The Store and Residence on Main street, adjoining the Washington Hotel, now occupied by Miss Susie E. Collins. Apply to FRANK COLLINS, Executor of Mrs. Emeline Collins.

FOR SALE—Strawberry Plants—Matthews Early, \$3; Big Joe's \$1.50; Klondike, Wolvorton, Wine, Gandy, \$1.25 each per thousand.

L. PAUL MARRINER, P. Anne Rt. 4, Livestock Stable and Bus for sale cheap. The only one in town. Terms to suit Possession at once. Or will change in to a garage. For particulars apply to J. A. Ellegood, Princess Anne, Md.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT—broken or any condition. We pay up to \$5 a set, according to value. Mail at once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory, will return teeth. DOMESTIC SUPPLY CO., Birmingham, N. Y.

SEED POTATOES—Just received, a car load Maine Grown Cobblers; can also supply Home Grown. If any wanted ask for prices. PENINSULA PRODUCE EXCHANGE OF MARYLAND, Pocomoke City, Md.

WANTED—Several small farms in Somerset and Worcester counties for poultry raising, also general and grain farms in any size by Frank Lano & Sons, representatives of the E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Princess Anne, Md.

GARWOOD'S FRESH STRAWBERRIES—From your own garden, July to November, if you plant my everbearing plants; \$1.00 per hundred. No garden complete without them. S. D. GARWOOD, Rt. 3, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—Strawberry plants. 500,000 Gandy and Klondike, \$1.25; Big Joe, \$1.50 per thousand; Matthews Early, Wolvorton, Wine and Mascott at right prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. E. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers telephone.

WE ARE GOING TO SELL one set of Pitless Scales, 6,000 pounds capacity, second hand, in good condition, at \$40; would cost new \$75; one 120-gallon Automatic Tank, second hand, in first-class condition, at \$20. This tank would cost \$40 new and will save its cost at \$20 in one year to merchant selling gasoline or coal oil. We have no further use for these and the prices will sell them. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

INTEREST IN OUR FARMER TRADE compels us to suggest: Labor conditions and prices of farm products will justify heavy buying of farm implements and machinery this year. Conditions will not justify any delay in purchasing your requirements, as we cannot depend on filling in orders this year. We have purchased and are getting in our usual stock, but cannot give any encouragement to the eleventh-hour buyer. It looks like they will go short. Would like to show you through our stock and quote on your requirements. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

The Baltimore Sun Almanac is now on sale at B. H. Dougherty's store.

Dr. Fred C. Quinn, of Pocomoke City, spent Monday of last week in Princess Anne.

Mr. Oscar Long left last Sunday night for Washington, D. C., to be present at the inauguration of President Wilson.

Mr. J. Clifford Taylor who, for a number of years past, has been employed by the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad Company as foreman of the rollershop at Cape Charles, Va., has resigned his position and has returned to reside at his home, "The Hill," near Princess Anne. His family have been there for the past two years.

An adjourned meeting of the tomato growers of the county will be held in the Court House on Thursday for the purpose of organizing a Tomato Growers' Association. Speakers from the different counties will be present. All growers are invited to be present at this meeting and to operate with the growers for better tomatoes and better prices.

Miss Jetta Pierson, of Fairmount, spent Monday of last week in Princess Anne.

Messrs. Gordon and George Massey, of Marumess, spent last Tuesday in this town.

Messrs. Herbert A. Holland and James B. Sterling spent a few days last week in Baltimore.

Mrs. John Fooks announces the marriage of her daughter, Laura Delais, on Friday, March 2nd, to Mr. Stanford A. Pusey.

Dr. Roy McCombs, a prominent dentist of New York City, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Ellegood, at "The Meadows."

Dr. C. E. Collins, of the Crisfield News, was a welcome caller at the Marylander and Herald office last Tuesday.

Miss Ellen D. McMaster, who has been on an extended visit to relatives and friends in Baltimore and other cities, has returned home.

Mrs. Harry E. Callen and son, who have been visiting Mrs. Callen's sister, Mrs. B. H. Sterling, have returned to their homes in Crisfield.

Miss Helen Jenkins, of Baltimore, has returned to Princess Anne and will have charge of Mrs. Goodman's millinery department again this season.

Mr. George W. Colborn, Jr., who is taking a course in pharmacy, in Baltimore, came home last Thursday and returned to that city on Sunday afternoon.

Messrs. Mark Costen, Vernon White, Misses Irene Taylor and Aline Wallop motored to Crisfield last Thursday night and attended the dance given by the X. Y. Z. Club in the Gibson building.

Mrs. Julia A. Humphreys, who has been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. John W. Romigh, of Clarksburg, West Virginia, returned home last Friday. She was accompanied by her little granddaughter, Miss Julia Romigh.

Mr. Arzah Davis, of New York, was summoned to Marion on Wednesday of last week because of the illness of his father, Mr. Aden Davis, Sr. From last reports Mr. Davis' condition was not much improved.

Mr. Ralph E. Carrow, after spending the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Carrow, left Monday night of last week for Norfolk, Va., where he is now on the receiving ship at that place. Mr. Carrow was formerly on the U. S. S. Culgoa.

Mrs. H. S. Lippincott and son left last Tuesday for New Jersey, where they will spend some time with Mrs. Lippincott's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Haines, at Rancoas. They will also visit their aunt at Chalfonte Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J., before their return.

Visitors at the M. E. Parsonage last week were: Dr. Clarence True Wilson, of Washington, D. C.; Rev. W. O. Hurst, of Pocomoke City; District Superintendent E. H. Dashiell, of the Salisbury District, Wilmington, Del.; and Rev. G. W. Haines, of Sharptown, Maryland.

The Navy Traveling Recruiting party arrived in Princess Anne yesterday (Monday) morning and will remain here today (Tuesday). If you are interested in joining the navy call at the Court House and Messrs. Meyers and Bryhn will be pleased to give all information desired.

Associate Judge H. L. D. Stanford, of the Somerset Circuit Court, has rendered a decision in the injunction suit of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company against the city of Crisfield. Some weeks ago the Telephone Company secured a temporary injunction, enjoining the city from enforcing a rate ordinance which was passed about a year ago, and in his decision Judge Stanford made the injunction permanent. "The case will now go to the Court of Appeals."

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mr. George Corley, Mr. W. J. Dashiell, Mr. Nelson Dexter, Mr. S. J. Pritchett, Mr. Clarence Schofield, Em Levy Waters.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

When in need of a first-class Hair cut, Shave or Shampoo visit the

WASHINGTON HOTEL

TONSORIAL PARLOR

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

M. E. HICKEY

Plumbing and Heating

REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY

Shop on Beechwood Street

(Formerly Reid's Store)

Farmers Phone PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

GLASSES

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, March 5th, 1917.

Satisfaction is assured.

CHARLES W. PURNELL

OPTOMETRIST

Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

POTASH OUTPUT EXPANDING

Value Last Year Ten Times That Of Production In 1915

A remarkable expansion in the American potash industry has resulted from efforts to make the United States independent of foreign sources for the potash used in munitions and for other purposes, and although the boom did not get under way until late in 1916, production during the calendar year reached a value ten times as great as that of 1915.

The 1916 production is estimated in a preliminary report published by the Geological Survey at 10,000 tons, with a value of \$3,500,000. The estimate is based on incomplete returns, which to date have accounted for 8,830 tons. In 1917, the report says, with the boom in full swing, a much greater total will be shown.

Of the 8,830 tons reported, 5,750 was produced from mineral and 3,080 from organic sources. Natural salts and brines yielded 3,850 tons; alunite and silicate rocks 1,900 tons; kelp 1,110 tons; pearl ash 220 tons, and miscellaneous industrial wastes 1,750 tons.

"The largest output," the report says, "has come from the Nebraska alkali lakes, but the natural saline deposits elsewhere are now just beginning to make important contributions. The recovery of potash from pearl ash is an old established industry. A great deal of publicity has attended the efforts to obtain potash from kelp, but a similar organic source of high-grade potash salts has been quietly developed which has proved more productive. Indeed, the reported production of a single establishment outranked the entire product of potash from kelp plants."

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Gorman Middleton, 22, Ewell, and Alice E. Venables, 20, of Fairmount, Maryland; Frederick H. Long, 22, Westover, and Erma Armiter, 18, Fairmount, Maryland; James F. Meers, 60, and Annie E. Hitchens, 56, both of Northampton county, Virginia.

The decline in the production of meat, corn, wheat, etc., did not worry the girls any, but the effect of the shortage of sugar on candy production must have caused some emotion.

The Pneumonia Season

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumonia often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it.

(Advertisement)

Announcement

WE ANNOUNCE OUR SPRING

Millinery Opening

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

March 8th, 9th and 10th

At which time a Complete Line of the most original in HATS, FLOWERS and FANCIES will be shown.

Also a Full Line of the newest in COATS, SUITS and WAISTS will be on display this week.

Your presence is requested

GOODMAN'S Busy Corner

Princess Anne

PHILIP M. SMITH

Funeral Director

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

Dr. R. O. Higgins

Dentist

Formerly of Washington, D. C.

has opened an office at Rooms 201 and 210, Salisbury B. L. & B. Association Building, SALISBURY, MD.

FOR SALE

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Missionary, Gandy Prize, Brandywine, Climax, Ozark at \$1.15 per 1,000; Big Joe and Joe Johnson at \$1.35 per thousand; Chesapeake and World's Wonders at \$1.75 per thousand; Klondike at \$1.10 per thousand, Lucretia Blackberry Plants at \$2, and Austin at \$2.50 per thousand.

JOHN H. WILLIAMS,

Fruitland, Md.

Box 74

SPRING AND SUMMER

MEN'S READY-MADE SUITS

\$7.50 to \$25

I Sell Them to you on Time Payment

My profit on Men's Suits this year is very small. I want to show you what good value I can give you for your money, according to the High Price of Clothes, and for that reason I am selling Men's Suits for one-half the profit I ought to receive.

FREDERICK J. FLURER

North Main Street, Princess Anne

J. E. GREEN

AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md. R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

Shade Trees For Each County

Announcement is just made by the State Board of Forestry, Baltimore, that enough trees for one mile of highway planting in each county will be furnished to the person or organization who will agree to plant them.

There are thousands of miles of improved public highways in need of planting and but few miles that are shaded and made attractive by suitable trees properly spaced. There is particular need in the vicinity of towns and through residential communities for roadside planting. Here is a chance for civic organizations, business men's clubs, women's clubs and individuals, at small expense, to do some real constructive work for the community and help beautify the highways which is next only to the building and maintenance of the roads themselves.

Terms—The State Board of Forestry will furnish the trees f. o. b. College Park and a Forester to superintend the planting, the applicant to pay the freight or expressage on the trees, furnish the needed help to the forester for planting, and take care of the forester while engaged in the work.

Conditions—(1) Trees must be planted within the right-of-way of an improved State or County highway, but not within incorporated towns; (2) the consent of the abutting land owners must be secured for the planting; (3) the planting location must be approved by the State Forester.

The planting should be done in the early spring and those who apply first will receive first consideration.

Dependancy Due To Constipation

Women often become nervous and dependent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect.

(Advertisement)

DO YOU WANT

An Automobile?

SEE MY AUTOS AND EXAMINE

The Ford, Dodge and Buick

Supplies of All Kinds

My Parts for Repairing Ford Cars are Made by Ford People

WM. P. FITZGERALD

AGENT

Garage on Main Street Near Bridge

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

This Week Only—to

Get this \$1.15

"Wear-Ever"

Aluminum Two-quart Saucepan and Cover

"Useful every day"

For ONLY

69c

and the coupon if presented on or before March 3, 1917.

Replace utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ever"

Cut out the Coupon!

Get your Saucepan today!

W. O. LANKFORD & SON

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

SEEDS THAT GROW

SEED COBBLERS

MAINE GROWN AND HOME GROWN

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER PLANTING

Seed Oats, Clovers and Grasses, Early Alaska and Telephone Peas, Green and Wax Beans, Fordhook and Dreer's Bush Limas, Watermelon, Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Tomato

Our Seeds are Carefully selected and tested. Quality our first consideration.

REPRESENTED BY **L. W. COX, Westover, Md.**

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OF MARYLAND

POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

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VICTOR

RECORDS

Are Here!

A SPLENDID LIST

Call and Hear Them!

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LARGEST LINE OF VICTROLAS AND VICTOR RECORDS ON THE PENINSULA!

Cash or Reasonable Terms. We Deliver Free! Try Our Service!

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FANCY GROCERIES AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE

HAY AND FEED

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods or CASH.

Agent for

SWIFT'S FERTILIZERS

All Grades In Stock

New Brick Store, Near Depot, Princess Anne

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STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING

Call or Phone

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

WAR IS ENDED

Various Methods by Which Peace Is Sought and Secured.

MEDIATION NOT MUCH USED.

Pacific Intervention by Friendly Nations Has Cut a Small Figure in Wars of the Last Century and a Half.

The impression that nations desiring to end a war generally avail themselves of the offer of some friendly neutral to act as mediator is utterly unfounded.

When England desired to end the war with the colonies she began by sending separate negotiators to the French government and to the American commissioners in Paris. The latter, though positively commanded by congress to negotiate no peace without the participation of their French allies, did sign a separate treaty, though with the reservation that it should not go into effect until France had made peace. They then informed the French government, which accepted the terms.

The Napoleonic peace treaties usually began with an armistice. The most famous, the treaty of Tilsit, was brought about by a personal meeting between Napoleon and Alexander I. on a raft in the middle of the river Niemen to agree upon an armistice which the czar had already sought. Napoleon's fall in 1814 was accompanied by no negotiations; the allies were actually in Paris. Napoleon's generals persuaded him to sign an act of abdication, and the French senate deposed him.

The way to the peace of Ghent, which ended the war of 1812, was paved by an offer of the czar to act as mediator, though it was rejected. In rejecting it Lord Castlereagh let it be known that he was willing to negotiate directly with the United States. The United States gladly accepted and sent commissioners, but England neglected to appoint envoys until long afterward, when her troubles had become so great that she was desirous of peace.

On the death of Czar Nicholas I. his successor, Alexander II., announced to the courts of Europe his desire that the Crimean war should end. A peace conference was held in Vienna, but in three months it was broken off and the war resumed. The war went on until Austria, a neutral power, threatened to join the allies unless the czar accepted her ultimatum. He at first refused, but a personal letter from the neutral king of Prussia induced him to reconsider, and the final peace conference was held.

In 1870 the French government which succeeded Napoleon III. asked for an armistice, then for peace, but the requests were declined and the siege of Paris began. After the surrender of Paris the Germans consented to an armistice to permit the election of a national assembly which it could recognize. The preliminaries of peace were agreed on between Bismarck and Thiers at Versailles, and the treaty followed at Frankfurt.

The Russo-Turkish war was cut short by England's threat to enter it. Russia arranged an armistice immediately and negotiated the treaty of San Stefano directly with Turkey. England, backed by France and Austria, refused to recognize it, and the congress of Berlin was summoned, but before it met the czar had negotiated a secret treaty with England embodying most of the agreements subsequently made there.

The terms of peace between the United States and the Confederacy were arranged by generals in the field. The Spanish-American war of 1898 closed when Spain on July 23 made overtures to the United States through Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington. Seventeen days later the protocol was signed.

The Boer war ended in an unprecedented way. The members of the Transvaal government rode into Middleburg and requested to be sent to Lord Kitchener to arrange peace terms with him. He met them, but held that because of the peculiar character of the Boer army the men in the field would have to be consulted if any assurance of peace was to be given. Steyn, De Wet and Delarey went to the commandos, explained the situation to them, and each body in the field chose two delegates to meet at Vereeniging and decide the matter by vote.

President Roosevelt brought the Russo-Japanese war to an end by sending on June 8, 1905, identical dispatches to both governments urging that they enter into peace negotiations. Both accepted and sent envoys to the United States to negotiate the treaty of Portsmouth.

The ways of ending wars, therefore, are various, and mediation has played an infinitesimal part in the wars of the last century and a half.—New York Times.

Human Side of the Judiciary.
Another evidence that the judiciary is more or less human after all is found in the fact that it is not nearly so easy for a person to get colossal and wholly undeserved damages from a motorist as it used to be before all the judges had automobiles of their own.—Ohio State Journal.

Mythology.
Wish—I heard today that Minerva sprang from the head of Jove. Wish—Yeh, sort of an extract from the bean, as it were.—Exchange.

Be efficient in the things that count. Do not be an efficient whittler.—Youth's Companion.

FOR WOMEN MOTORISTS.

Some Things a Good Driver Should and Should Not Do.

The good driver of a motorcar never applies brakes swiftly except in an emergency. When drawing up at a street side she cuts off ignition early and allows momentum to carry the car to the stopping place, using the service brake gradually. The good driver thus saves gasoline and wear upon brakes, coasting to a stop with the smoothness of operation of an easy start.

A good driver never uses the emergency brake, because she never has emergencies. She sees and avoids the emergency before it arrives. The poor driver rushes into trouble and depends upon quickness in grabbing the emergency lever to save life. More than one accident has followed a futile attempt to find the seldom used emergency lever in a hurry.

The good driver rounds sharp corners to the right and goes over extremely rough stretches of road on bits unexpected "thank you ma'ams" with clutch disengaged, to save the rear axle mechanism.

The good driver uses the wheel with the least possible motion. She does not drag it suddenly from side to side, but turns it so gradually that passengers are unconscious of the fact. In rounding a corner she commences to straighten the car up before it is half way around.—Woman's Home Companion.

RECORD COAL LOADING.

Uncle Sam's Plant at Cristobal Is the Fastest in the World.

The good work of the Cristobal coal loading plant at the isthmus of Panama is the subject of a report received at the war department from one of its boards, whose conclusions are that the plant fully meets the plans of the engineers and is probably the most efficient loading plant in the world. It was found that the minimum performance during the test was 1,050 tons an hour and the maximum 2,480 tons. The minimum occurred when one of the four diggers was temporarily out of commission, due to a defective bucket.

At 2,400 tons an hour the plant far exceeds the work of any other known plant for loading steamships or even of railroad loading plants. The canal collier *Ulysses* was loaded at the rate of 1,650 tons an hour, and 12,000 tons were put on her in eight hours. Merchant ships cannot be loaded at this rapid rate, as their hatches are too small and their bunkers are not arranged to admit of such work. This is a feature in shipbuilding that is being carefully taken care of nowadays in constructing ships that are to pass through the canal. All new United States naval colliers are so built that they can be loaded at high speed.

Garment Making in New York.
The garment making industry in New York, much before the public nowadays by reason of the efforts of the save New York committee to move its base from the retail shopping district in the Fifth avenue section, is really one of the biggest assets the city has. Some 16,000 factories are operated for tailoring, millinery, laundering and other branches of work upon garments, employing more than 300,000 persons. Their output exceeds goods valued at \$500,000,000 annually, aiding materially in making New York the leading manufacturing center of this country. Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Boston and Cleveland following in the order named.

Join the Pay Up Crowd.
John D. Rockefeller often referred proudly to the fact that when he was making \$25 a month he made it a point to pay all his bills promptly. He also managed to save a little money that later became the foundation of his great fortune. When you pay your bills promptly you know just where you are at. Pay up is becoming a national slogan. Cities and states have inaugurated pay up days and pay up weeks. The man who pays his bills when they are due feels better for it. There is no doubt that he makes the man he owes feel better. Do your part in the pay up campaign. Pay now.

Pays His Men Each Day.
Contractors in central Pennsylvania have solved the problem of keeping labor on the job. The force of one contractor who began paying his men off every day instead of at the end of the week was so pleased with the arrangement that it stuck by him, and other contractors have adopted the same plan. According to reports, the plan has met with success wherever tried.—Engineering Record.

Careless.
"Burglars broke into Brown's house the other night."
"Did they get anything?"
"Nothing but some jewelry. They overlooked a steak and a dozen fresh eggs that were in the icebox."—Detroit Free Press.

Coney Island.
Coney Island was called Coney or Rabbit Island by the Dutch as early as 1608. Henry Hudson landed on Coney Island on the voyage in which he discovered the Hudson river, on Sept. 2 or 3, 1609.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy A Favorite for Colds

J. L. Esley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

(Advertisement)

MOTION PICTURE NOVELTY.

Statues That Are Made to Dance, Act and Jump and Fight.

The motion picture folk have hit upon a novelty called "animated sculpture," which means that they take statues and make them move. The feat isn't as hard as it seems, although the work required is much greater than drawing hundreds of pictures with pen and ink for a movie cartoon.

The figures are first modeled in clay, then changed to different poses and photographed one by one. The photos are thrown on the screen without a break, so that they jump about as if they were real. The effect is startlingly realistic and highly amusing. In one of the films only recently completed there are no less than nine figures, all of them moving about as if they were flesh and blood. The rather jerky action serves only to enhance the amusing result.

To appreciate the amount of work required in making these new films it must be remembered that each time one of the sculptured figures moves a new pose must be made. This means in other words, that the camera must stop until the sculptor goes over each plastic figure and molds it into the correct position before he can photograph it. There are sixteen different poses to a foot of film. Hence for the ordinary reel of 1,000 feet there are 16,000 separate poses for each figure. Imagine the work required when three or more figures have to be made for each scene.—Popular Science Monthly.

THE "OPEN DOOR."

What Is Meant by the Term in International Politics.

The "open door" is in international politics the principle of equal treatment in trade with oriental countries for all trading nations as opposed to the policy of effective monopoly in favor of any one nation.

The phrase came into popular use toward the end of the nineteenth century, when various European nations were trying to establish "spheres of influence" in China.

The United States was opposed to the granting to any nation of exclusive trading privileges in these "spheres of influence," and in 1899 John Hay, secretary of state, addressed a circular note to the interested powers, asking them to pledge themselves not to interfere with any treaty port or with any vested interest within their respective spheres of influence, to engage that discriminating customs and port duties should not be levied in such spheres and that within any nation's sphere of influence no higher railroad charges should be imposed upon subjects of other nations than upon subjects of the nations having such spheres.

The pledges asked were given in their entirety by France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy and Japan. Russia reserved the right to levy discriminatory duties.—New York Times.

Trap Shooting.
Home trap shooting has become almost as popular as shooting at gun clubs, and people living in the country find it a splendid way of entertaining their friends. They select an open field for their shooting grounds, and the equipment consists simply of a hand trap and a barrel of targets. The guests are invited to bring their guns and ammunition and spend an afternoon in the country. And, oh, the fun they do have!

Aside from the fascinations of trap shooting, one must consider the great benefit of the sport to women and young girls. As a strengthener of muscles and a steadier of nerves it can hardly be surpassed. It also causes women to lose all signs of timidity and makes them fully competent to take care of themselves in all circumstances.—Exchange.

Niagara Falls Erosion.
Canada is rapidly gaining possession of the greater part of Niagara falls. The American falls now carry less than a twentieth of the entire flow. For 200 years or more the center of Horseshoe falls has been receding by erosion at the rate of about five feet a year. The edge of the American falls recedes much more slowly—only a few inches a year. As the Canadian falls drop back toward Lake Erie they receive a larger and larger volume of water.—Youth's Companion.

ENDORSED AT HOME

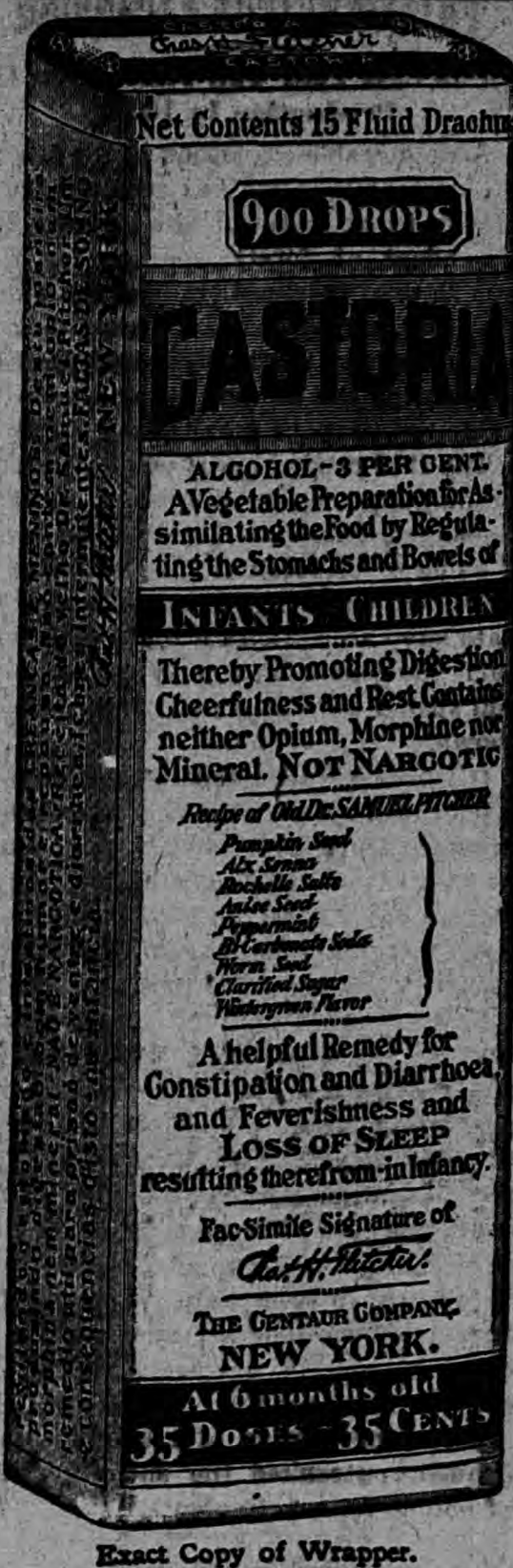
Such Proof As This Should Convince Any Princess Anne Citizen

The public endorsement of a local citizen is the best proof that can be produced. None better, none stronger can be had. When a man comes forward and testifies to his fellow-citizens, addresses his friends and neighbors, you may be sure he is thoroughly convinced or he would not do so. Telling one's experience when it is for the public good is an act of kindness that should be appreciated. The following statement given by a resident of Princess Anne adds one more to the many cases of Home Endorsement which are being published about Doan's Kidney Pills. Read it.

Mrs. S. C. Long, Prince William St., Princess Anne, says: "About two years ago I had an attack of kidney trouble and the kidney secretions were scanty. I had dizzy spells and saw little fiery flashes in front of my eyes. After taking a box of Doan's Kidney Pills I was rid of the trouble and no longer had that tired, miserable feeling. I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from kidney disorders."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Long had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

(Advertisement)



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Wm. D. Wells, M.D.

Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect Jan. 2d, 1917

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS					
LEAVE	449	51	451	455	463
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00	1:00	8:00	12:08	
Philadelphia	11:14	5:35	9:58	3:00	
Wilmington	12:01 a. m.	7:00	10:42	3:45	
Baltimore	10:10 p. m.	4:10	7:50	1:43	

LEAVE	449	51	451	455	463
Delmar	3:07	8:30	10:55	1:30	7:12
Salisbury	3:20	8:43	11:10	1:43	7:25
PRINCESS ANNE	3:33	9:10	11:40	2:03	7:38
Cape Charles	5:55		2:35 p. m.	4:20	10:50
Old Point	8:15		8:20		
Norfolk	9:20		7:25		

*On Sundays Train 455 arrives at Cape Charles 4:50, Old Point 6:40 and Norfolk 7:45 p. m.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS					
LEAVE	458	460	462	80	450
Norfolk	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00
Old Point	11:58	12:00	12:02	12:00	12:00
PRINCESS ANNE	5:58	10:55	10:55	5:00	9:05
Salisbury	7:39	11:24	1:49	8:40	12:23 a. m.
Delmar	7:56	12:08 p. m.	2:10	Ar. 8:50	12:43

LEAVE	458	460	462	80	450
Wilmington	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00
Philadelphia	11:58	12:00	12:02	12:00	12:00
Baltimore	12:39 p. m.	5:22	7:05	5:58	9:58
New York	12:00	8:00	8:00	7:50	7:50

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward					
LEAVE	458	460	462	80	450
King's Creek	9:16	2:15	8:10	4:00	12:20
Ar. Crisfield	10:00	3:00	8:50	4:45	1:05

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward					
LEAVE	458	460	462	80	450
Crisfield	4:00	4:00	4:00	4:00	4:00
Ar. King's Creek	4:45	4:45	4:45	4:45	4:45

No Sunday trains on this Branch Road.

Nos. 449, 455, 462, 450 daily. Nos. 51, 463, 458, 460, 80, daily except Sunday.

ROBERT B. COOKE Traffic Manager. C. I. LEIPER, Superintendent.

OVERLAND & WILLYS KNIGHT AUTOMOBILES

Touring Cars, \$615, \$695, \$1125, \$1145

Fours and Sixes

Roadsters, \$595, \$675, \$1095

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Daily and Sunday, one month	40
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Daily and Sunday, three months	1.15
Daily, six months	1.50
Daily and Sunday, six months	2.25
Daily, one year	3.00
Daily with Sunday Edition, one year	4.50
Sunday Edition, one year	1.50

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AMERICAN OFFICE BALTIMORE, MD.

Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic

RAILWAY COMPANY

RAILWAY DIVISION

Schedule effective Monday, Nov. 27, 1916.

EAST BOUND.

9 3

Lv. Baltimore 12 M. 4 00

Salisbury 10 55 12 05

Ar. Ocean City 10 55 1 11

WEST BOUND.

6 10

Lv. Ocean City 6 20 2 43

Salisbury 7 39 4 00

Ar. Baltimore 1 15 P. M.

Daily except Sunday.

T. MURDOCH I. E. JONES

Gen. Pass. Agent Div. Pass. Agt.

WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN T. DASHIELL,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Seventh Day of May, 1917.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 30th day of October, 1916.

WILLIAM D. DASHIELL,

CHARLES M. DASHIELL,

Administrators of John T. Dashiell, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

11-7

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

MARGARET ALICE CARROLL,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twelfth Day of March, 1917.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 6th day of September, 1916.

E. CLAY TIMANUS and

J. B. WALLER,

Administrators of Margaret Alice Carroll, dec'd.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

9-12

The Baltimore News

An Independent Newspaper

Published Every Afternoon

Including Sunday

A Newspaper for the Home

For the Family Circle

Covers thoroughly the news of the City, State and Country. Complete Market Reports of same day reach you by mail early next morning. Buy it from your local newsdealer or order it by mail.

One Month25

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Daily and Sunday30

The Baltimore News

Baltimore - Maryland

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The Leading Evening Paper

of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1903, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departmental financial, sporting, society, children and women and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the greatest home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled.

The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own.

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When you install one of these pumps you get lasting satisfactory service. For 40 years we have been building pumps fitted for wells.

KANAWHA PUMPS

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When we fit a pump for a well there is no guess work—it is correct, because

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Bring your grain to our mill for exchange and get

THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN

If you are buying Flour try a bag of "PAMCO." It will please you

We manufacture Flour, Meal and all kinds of Feed

The Princess Anne Milling Co.
Princess Anne, Maryland



Cold weather aches follow exposure. Soothe and relieve them with Sloan's Liniment, easy to apply. It quickly penetrates without rubbing. Cleaner than mussy plasters or ointments. Does not stain the skin.

For rheumatic pains, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, sprains, strains, bruises and stiff sore muscles, have Sloan's Liniment handy.

At all druggists, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment
KILLS PAIN

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.

Fifty-Fifty.
"My son," said the father impressively, "you are leading an absolutely useless life. For the last ten years you have done nothing but squander time and money."

"That's all right, dad," replied the unrepentant son. "It isn't as if I was asking you to bear the whole burden. You just furnish the money and I'll try to find the time."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Feminine Discussion.

"He is rich!"
"In that case I think I shall marry him."

"He is rich in philosophy."
"Um! In that case he won't mind it so much that I am going to turn him down."—Kansas City Journal.

Too Suggestive.

First Tramp—I wish I could get on these fast freights for a ride in a first class coach. Second Tramp—Every cloud has its silver lining. In de passenger coach there is an ax and saw to remind you of a wood pile.—New York Times.

Used the Log.

"We were three days from port when the engineer reported that there was no more coal in the bunkers."
"What did they do then?"
"The captain ordered them to split up the ship's log to keep the fires going."—Exchange.

**TORRENS SYSTEM
BENEFITS FARMERS**

GUARANTEES THE VALIDITY OF THE TITLE AFTER ITS REGISTRATION.

NAMED AFTER ORIGINATOR

Was First Introduced in This Country in 1897 and Has Been Adopted By Twelve States.

College Park, March 1.—The farmers of the State are having their attention directed by Professor F. B. Bomberger of the Division of Rural Economics of the Maryland State College, to the fact that there is much to be desired in our present system of land title registration and transfer. Professor Bomberger in a recent address said that our present system of transfer of title to land involves a constantly recurring expense for the examination of title at each transfer; that there is an unnecessary delay at each transfer by reason of the necessity for examination of title in each case, and that even the expenditure of time and money under our present system cannot produce a guaranteed title.

The Torrens' System of Land Title Registration eliminates each one of these faults found to be present in our system. This system originated in Australia and is named after its inventor, Sir Robert R. Torrens, an Englishman, engaged in the Customs Service in Australia. The system having been adopted in South Australia in 1858 it was carried to England in 1882; to Canada in 1870-'85, and to the United States (in Illinois and Massachusetts), in 1897-1898. Twelve other States of the United States have adopted the system in recent years.

There are six important steps in the operation of the Torrens' System. First, the title is examined by a judicial official specially appointed to do this work. This gives to the title examinations what they do not now have—the stamp of official, judicial approval.

Second, the title having been examined and found good, it is registered in the books of the Registrar of Land Titles. This official registration makes the validity of the title a matter of public record. Thereafter, it is not necessary to examine the title behind this official registration. In case of contest, an opportunity is offered for judicial determination of the legal rights of all claimants; but once the questions are settled the title is recorded and is as binding from that date as is any other decree of Court.

Third, a copy of the certificate of registration is made out by a public official, which copy is given to the owner. If there are more owners than one, each receives a copy of the certificate as evidence of his title.

Fourth, whenever the property changes hands thereafter, a new certificate of title is made out in the name of the new owner and recorded. A copy of this certificate is given to the new owner as in the first instance.

Fifth, any incumbrance against the estate existing at the time of the registration of the title is entered on the certificate and on the owner's copy. In like manner the releasing of any incumbrance or the creation of a new one is noted on the certificate and on the Owner's Copy. Thus at any time, a glance will show the status of the owner's title and the expense and delay incident to our present system are eliminated. Ordinarily the whole matter of examination of title and transfer of title can be affected in a single day.

Sixth, it is usually required that a small fee (usually one-tenth of one per cent. of the value of the land to be registered) be charged upon the original registration, but not afterward. This is to accumulate an indemnity fund out of which to make good any losses which may occur to individuals as a result of faulty administration of the system. Such assurance funds are to be regarded purely as insurance protection.

The operation of the system requires little machinery. Clerks of Court or Records of Deeds may be made Registrars of Titles also. A Court consisting of two or more judges, may be provided to have jurisdiction over questions arising out of the registration of titles just as our Orphans Courts have charge of matters testamentary; or such questions can be carried to the regularly established Circuit Courts of the Counties. Examiners and Registrars can be paid by salaries or by fees based on the services which they perform.

The system may be voluntary, compulsory or mixed. In the voluntary system only those titles are registered whose owners desire it. In the compulsory system, all titles are required to be registered after a certain date. In the mixed system, which is most common, those who desire may have their land titles registered; and, in addition all changes of title resulting from judicial decree (as in foreclosure of a mortgage) and titles derived by operation of law as in case of taking title by will or by descent, are required to be registered. The invariable rule in all systems is that land once registered must always thereafter be registered.

Professor Bomberger declared that the Torrens' System, in practical operation, has eliminated everyone of the principal defects of our present system of land title transfer.

APPLE GRADING AND PACKING LAW

IS INTENDED TO IMPROVE THE METHODS OF GRADING AND PACKING.

THE MARKING OF PACKAGES

Applies To All Apples Grown in the State and Offered For Sale in Closed Packages.

College Park, March 3.—At the last session of the Legislature, an Apple Grading and Packing Law was passed for the purpose of improving the methods used in packing the product. In a bulletin issued by the Extension Service, E. B. Shaw, Specialist in Horticultural Extension, has to say: "During recent years there has been a decided increase in the planting of apples in Maryland. Adaptable soil and climatic conditions, nearness to markets, the success attending the efforts of our more progressive growers, and a general realization on the part of the people that the Blue Ridge section offers unusual opportunities for the production of this fruit, have, to a great extent, brought about this development. When these additional plantings come into full bearing the State's production of apples will be practically doubled. From present indications, it is reasonable to expect similar developments in adjoining States. It would seem necessary, therefore, in anticipation of such an increased production, to urge more intensive culture in the growing of better fruit and provide adequate means for distribution and marketing.

"Notwithstanding all that has been written and said regarding the importance and advisability of properly grading and packing apples, there are comparatively few of our growers who have attained notable success in establishing on the markets a reputation for their grades and packs. Owing to the nearness to markets, they have not been compelled to combine into selling organizations, as in more remote sections of the country, for the purpose of establishing such a reputation. Each individual has been selling his fruit in a hit or miss fashion regardless of the practices of other growers in his section. There has been no uniform standard and for the most part little attention has been paid to this end of the business. The time is not far distant, however, when keener competition, resulting from increased production, will force our growers to adopt some standard in the grading and packing of their apples in order that buyers may recognize at a glance the grade of fruit offered for sale and be assured that it will be as labeled.

"With the end in view of establishing uniform grades and packs for Maryland, the last Legislature passed an Apple Grading and Packing Law. The aim of the law is to bring about an improvement in the methods of grading and packing; to insure uniformity in the grades and in the marking of the packages, and to facilitate the marketing of the fruit.

This law applies to all apples grown in the State of Maryland and packed in close packages for sale. Closed packages include all boxes, barrels, hampers, baskets or other packages covered with burlap, canvas, silt or other covering, the contents of which cannot be seen easily or inspected when such packages are closed.

"No person shall pack, sell or offer for sale any apples packed in any package in which the face gives a false representation of the contents of such package. The face should represent the average of the fruit in the package, as to size, color and quality. To allow for the inevitable errors in packing fruit, the law specifies that it shall be considered a false representation when more than fifteen per cent. of the fruit in the enclosed package is substantially smaller in size than, or inferior in grade to, that shown on the face of such package.

For further information regarding this law or for copies of the bulletin, write to the Extension Service, College Park, Maryland.

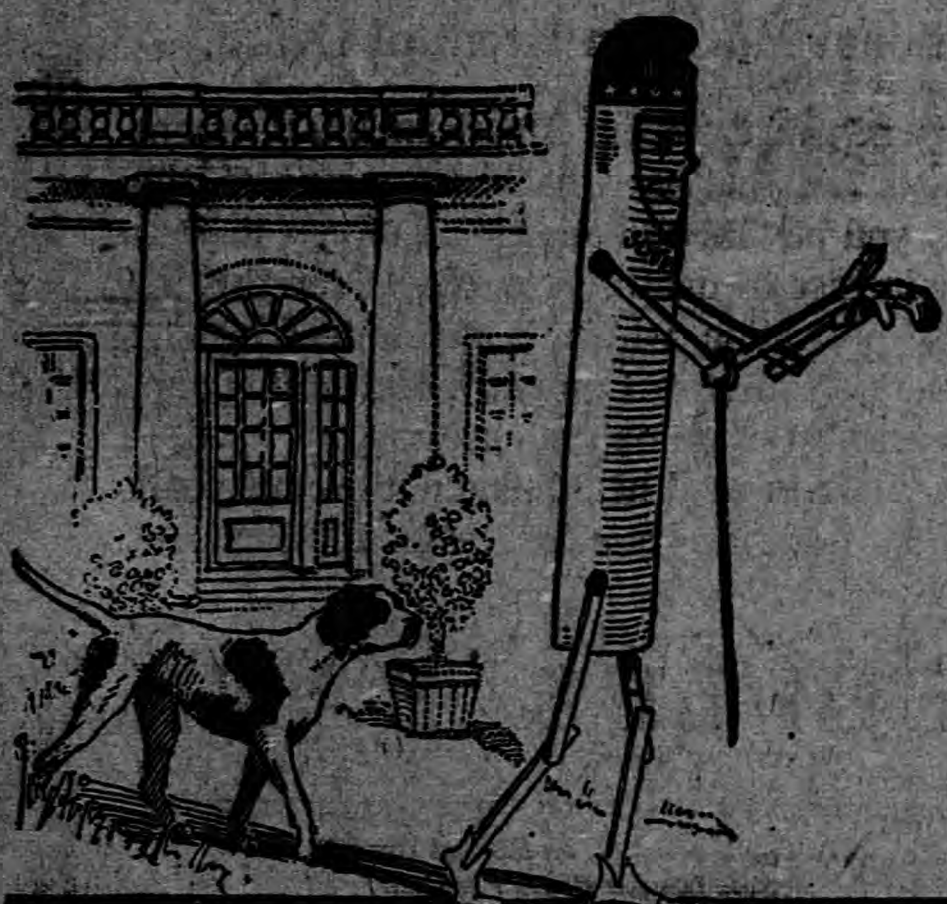
Cutting the Seed.

If seed potatoes cannot be secured weighing two or two and a half ounces select larger ones and cut into pieces as near as possible to this weight. Halve or quarter the potatoes, cutting from the eye end toward the stem end. Try to have at least one of the eye end buds on each piece. Powdered sulphur may be sprinkled over the potatoes immediately after they are cut so that the cut surface will be covered with the sulphur. This will tend to prevent the decay of the seed piece before the plant has become established in the soil. Do not cut potatoes until ready to plant.

Director Agricultural Extension Service, Maryland State College, College Park, Maryland.

Dear Sir:—
Please send me information regarding the Federal Farm Loan Act and tell me how farmers may proceed to take advantage of it by organizing a National Farm Loan Association.

Signed
Address



**Let's Us
Good Folks
Stick Together**



I'm mighty glad I was born a real Southerner. Just suppose I had been an Eskimo, or an Indian, or something with rings in my nose and ears!

Yes, sir—I am good and proud of my Southern birth. My mother is from Virginia and my father is from the Carolinas. I was born and raised down here among you all.

**You Folks of the South KNOW good blood!
You Folks of the South KNOW good tobacco!**

I want you all for my friends—every one of you. Give me a chance—see how I make good. And don't forget—

I am guaranteed by *The American Tobacco Co.*—Buy me. If you don't like me return me to your dealer and get your money back. I have said it. A Southern gentleman is known the world over for keeping his word, and I have given you mine.

Sovereign Cigarettes
FOR THE GENTLEMAN OF THE SOUTH
"King of Them All"

FEWER PEOPLE GROWING OLDER

The Public Health Service reports that more people live to the age of forty years to-day, but from forty to sixty years mortality is increasing from degenerative diseases.

Thousands of well-informed men and women to-day are learning the true value of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

as a powerful blood-enricher and strength-builder to ward off the headaches and backaches that mean weakness. SCOTT'S helps fortify the body against grippe, pneumonia and weakening colds, through its force of medicinal nourishment.

Refuse Alcoholic Extracts That Do Not Contain Cod Liver Oil.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Kingston

March 2—Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Derby, of Bethlehem, Pa., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Ruck.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Hoyt, Miss Reno and Mr. Wallace Downing, of Stamford, Conn., who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Nairne Bowland, have returned home.

A Parent Teachers Club has been organized at Kingston Academy, with the following officers: Mrs. J. C. Robertson, chairman, Mrs. F. H. Watkins, president; Mrs. C. F. Matthews, vice-president; Miss S. M. Turpin, secretary, and Miss Lena M. Tull, treasurer.

The members and patrons of the club are: Mr. and Mrs. Glendon Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Craft Hayman, Mr. and Mrs. Nairne Bowland, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Derby, Mesdames O. W. Wilson, W. E. Young, Naomi Connor, Edward Long, R. H. Barnes, J. H. Ryall, W. T. Smith, W. C. Wilson, F. H. Watkins, L. A. Chamberlain, E. F. Broughton, C. T. Ruck, J. C. Robertson, J. E. Gorsuch, C. F. Matthews, H. Marshall, J. H. Ward, Misses Ruth Wilson, Anna Jones, Blanche Ward, Messrs. William Belote and C. Henry Wilson. The next meeting will be held Friday, March 23rd. At that time there will be a debate, "Resolved, That Military Training Should be in Public High Schools." On the affirmative are Messrs. Nairne Bowland, and Henry Wilson; on the negative are Mrs. J. E. Gorsuch and Miss Lena M. Tull. Refreshments will be served by Mrs. J. E. Gorsuch, Mrs. W. Nairne Bowland and Miss S. Madara Turpin.

Mt. Vernon

March 3—Fishermen have been busy this week putting out their nets.

Mrs. Luther Myster, of Chance, is spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Parks.

Miss Beulah Moore has returned to her home in Sanford, Del., after a visit to her uncle, Mr. Jacob Newton.

Mr. Granville Sims, quarter-master on the steamer Virginia, spent the week-end with his family here.

Mr. and Mrs. Glendon Bailey, of Baltimore, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. Vaughn Marshall are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Marshall, at Rockawalkin.

Mrs. Wood Disharoon, of Chance, who has spent the past month here, has returned home, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Roland Dashiell.

Mr. Joseph Ent, of Upper Mt. Vernon, died at his home on Thursday, March 1st, after a lingering illness. He is survived by a wife and three children.

Miss Tillie Simpkins was tendered a reception by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Simpkins, at their home on Friday evening, March 2, the occasion being her 20th birthday. The dining room was tastefully decorated with ivy and potted plants. The guests began to arrive about 8 o'clock. Among them we mention: Misses Meta Horner, Marie Davis, Emma, Etta, Pauline and Frances Dashiell, Ella Collins, Scott Johnson, Tillie Bailey, Mabel Webster, Lily Sims, Grace Moore, Irene and Bruce Gladden, Ethel and India Simpkins, Messrs. Joseph Thomas, Leonard and George McIntyre, Sten Horner, Earl Hopkins, Talmage Dashiell, Harvey Simpkins, Bertie Marsh, Raymond Collins, John K. Mason, Warren Gladden, Jr., J. Douglas and Frederick Simpkins. Refreshments were served at 11 o'clock.

EARLY BIRD

Perplexities Of News Gatherers

Perhaps few people have to contend with more perplexities than a news gatherer. He comes in contact with all kinds of dispositions and whims. There are those who would "put over" on you the rankest kind of a "fake" story and anxiously await the first sheet to come from the press to see if the "guy" really did write it up and put it in the paper. But sometimes the "guy" is onto these vagaries and does not "bite." And then he comes across a party who has some grievance against a neighbor, and he conceives the idea that it would be a splendid scheme to get the newspaper "scribe" to write up these grievances and put them in the paper. It would be entertaining reading, he thinks, but nothing doing on that line. And then again, he comes across a person who is hurt and chagrined because a notice of some personal event of his did not appear in the "scribe's" paper, of which no notice had been turned in and of which, of course, the news gatherer had no information. If you have a good, interesting story for this paper send it in, or seek the "scribe" and he will write it up for you.

A Bilious Attack

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

PRESS PRAISES THE MESSAGE

Newspapers Unanimous In Approving Proposal of Armed Neutrality

From the Washington Post.

The arming of the merchant vessels in all probability will not prevent war. Germany has shown that it will not slacken its ruthlessness for the sake of avoiding war with the United States. But it is absolutely necessary that Americans and American ships should have the free use of the seas. Our ships must defend themselves against German submarines, and the United States Government must furnish the guns and the gunners. The least that Congress can do is to authorize the President to furnish arms and gunners to merchant vessels.

From the Baltimore Sun.

That the President's address increases the seriousness of the situation, in one respect, cannot be questioned. Breaking of relations with Germany brought us one step nearer to war. "Armed neutrality" will doubtless bring us one more step nearer. There is a faint glimmer of hope in the fact that the Orleans and the Rochester got safely through to France and that several other American boats have gone unhurt through the prohibited waters. But it is only a glimmer.

From the Kansas City Star.

Hesitation in Washington, any attempt at political jockeying, will invite aggression by Germany. There should be no possible excuse for any misunderstanding of the American position. Prompt action by Congress should assure the world that a united nation is standing unflinchingly for American rights, which are also the rights of civilization.

From the New York World.

The President, in our opinion, erred in his address to Congress on the side of caution and conservatism, not on the side of radicalism. He asked for too little, not too much. The powers that the President desires are powers barely short of war, but the situation is barely short of war.

From the Richmond Times-Dispatch.

There will be but one criticism throughout patriotic America of President Wilson's appeal to Congress for authority "to supply our merchantships with defensive arms." The criticism will be that this authority should have been made, obtained and utilized at least ten days ago.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

If this Government defines the rights of American citizens on the high seas, it is morally bound to provide for the protection of those rights by whatever means are found necessary.

National Forest Enlarged

Acting under the authority of a special Act of Congress, approved September 8, 1916, the President has, on recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture, signed a proclamation adding approximately 50,000 acres to the Whitman National Forest, Oregon. The lands involved are situated on the divide between the John Day, Powder and Burnt rivers, in east-central Oregon.

Over 4,000 acres consist of timber lands which were included in patented entries. As the result of suits brought by the United States, the patents for these entries were canceled by the courts because they were acquired through fraud or mistake, and the lands were returned to Government ownership. The canceled claims carry a total estimated stand of nearly 46,000,000 feet (board measure) of timber.

Much of the other land included in the addition is privately owned. It consists largely of cut-over timberland, on which the timber growth is rapidly reproducing. One portion of the Act of Congress authorizing the addition provides especially for the exchange of Government timber for privately owned lands in the Whitman National Forest which may be chiefly valuable for the production of timber or the protection of stream-flow. Several applications for exchanges of this character have already been submitted.

You Need A Spring Laxative

Dr. King's New Life Pills will remove the accumulated wastes of winter from your intestines, the burden of the blood. Get that sluggish spring fever feeling out of your system, brighten your eye, clear your complexion. Get that vim and snap of good, purified healthy blood. Dr. King's New Life Pills are a non-gripping laxative that aids nature's process, try them tonight. At all druggists, 25c. 1

Put on your hat and all outdoor regalia, says the London Chronicle, and then go where you can stand between a strong light and a bare wall. Notice your silhouette and note the proportions and symmetry. If these are not artistic or satisfactory throw away the hat and buy another.

Well Worn Question.

If a mother were to paint a green ring around her nose and dye her hair blue the first words of the husband and children on coming home would still be, "Is dinner ready?"—New York Sun.

New Idea In Battleships.

A captain in the United States navy has made a proposal for the building of a 600 foot battleship which would be semisubmersible.

Bad Colds From Sudden Changes

Spring brings all kinds of weather and with it come colds and the revival of winter coughs and hoarseness. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will head off a new cold or stop the old one, the soothing balsams relieve the sore throat and heal the irritated tissues. Get a bottle today and start treatment at once. At your druggist, 25c. Formula on the bottle.

(Advertisement)

Caught Both Ways.

Mrs. Eke—My servant girl has left me. She said I had so much company there was too much work to do. Mrs. Wye—That's singular. Mine has left me too. She said I had so little company it showed I had no social position.—Boston Transcript.

Not Yet.

Mrs. Bacon—Don't you think I'm entitled to a pension, John? Mr. Bacon—Why, no. A pension is something you get after you are through fighting.—Yonkers Statesman.

One reason we are not successful is that we sidestep Opportunity and shake hands with Temptation.

Spring Colds Are Dangerous

Sudden changes of temperature and underwearing bring spring colds with stuffed up head, sore throat and general cold symptoms. A dose of Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief, this happy combination of antiseptic balsams clears the head, soothes the irritated membrane and what might have been a lingering cold is broken up. Don't stop treatment when relief is first felt as a half cured cold is dangerous. Take Dr. King's New Discovery till your cold is gone. 1

(Advertisement)



The Starting Month

March again marks the beginning of another season of farming activities.

There is every reason to hope for an exceptional growing season and bounteous crop returns for every farmer in this community.

Our interest in the farmers of this community is more than a selfish interest, though our success does, to a great extent, depend upon the success of our customers who follow agriculture as a profession.

We are ever ready to assume our part in advancing the best business and financial interests of those farmers whom we appreciatively call customers.

We are here to serve YOU.

BANK OF SOMERSET

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

"GEORGE"

DIRECT FROM

STROUSE & BROS.,

BALTIMORE.

High Art (Made-to-Measure)

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Invites you to inspect a showing of Latest Spring and Summer Woolens and Fabrics

March 8, 9 and 10, at

J. W. Morris & Sons, Inc.

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Good Fit Assured, Satisfaction Guaranteed Deliveries When Wanted

A Sure and Easy Savings Club

That Provides Money in Life and Additional Money in Event of Death.

Let us tell you about our American 100-Payment Savings Club that pays back every cent of the money you pay in, and additional money to your family in case of death. No charge for this additional protection which is guaranteed by The Traveler's Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.

No medical examination necessary.

If you are in good health and not over 49 years old, you may join our American 100-Payment Savings Club.

PEOPLES BANK

of SOMERSET COUNTY

We Pay 3 per cent. on Savings Deposits

Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

K. N. & K. Travelers' Checks

PRINCESS ANNE,

MARYLAND

To Help You Save Money

We offer the services of our

American 100-Payment Savings Club

A plan that provides money during life and additional money in case of death. This additional protection is guaranteed by

The Travelers Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.

and is furnished you without charge, and becomes effective immediately when your first deposit is made

The requirements to join are that you must be in good health, and not over 49 years of age.

25 cents, 50 cents, \$1.00 or \$2.00 starts you on the road to success and systematic saving for the purpose of buying a home or providing for old age—

All The Money Back During Life

With protection by the insurance company in event of death for all future payments you agreed to make.

The Whole Family Can Join and Save

You Get In Cash In 100 Weeks

\$25, \$50, \$100 or \$200

We are at your service to-day with full information. Come in and Listen!

PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, MARCH 13, 1917

Vol. XIX No. 34

WILSON DECIDES TO ARM AMERICAN SHIPS

Calls Extra Session Of Congress To Meet On April 16th—Will Move Speedily In Effort To Protect United States Merchantmen

President Wilson last Friday decided to call an extra session of Congress for April 16th and decided that he had power to arm American merchantmen against German submarines operating in violation of international law. The President in a formal statement announced that he is free to exercise at once the power to arm American merchant ships.

The proclamation for the extra session was issued at the White House Friday afternoon. The President said he was calling Congress because so much necessary legislation was pressing for consideration.

The names of the ships which will be armed will not be made public by the Government, and are not expected to be published in the newspapers.

The President signed the proclamation for the extra session while lying in bed with a cold. He also approved the statement given out at the White House, Orders for carrying out the President's decision to arm ships were immediately sent to the Navy Department.

Mr. Wilson has the backing of the entire Cabinet in taking the step. Guns for arming merchantmen have been assembled at navy yards along the Atlantic Coast and everything is ready to carry out the policy announced by the President.

The Navy Department will issue an appeal to the American newspapers to refrain from publishing any information whatever of the nature of armament of ships, and already has appealed to the cable companies to suppress all information of ships crossing the Atlantic in either direction.

Jurors Drawn For April Court

Last Thursday afternoon Judge H. L. D. Stanford drew the following jurors to serve at the April term of the Circuit Court for Somerset county:

West Princess Anne District—Ashton P. Mills, M. Lee Cathell, Thomas F. Muir and Walter F. Powell.

St. Peter's—William T. Willing and William T. Ford.

Brinkley's—Charles P. Sing, Emory C. Payne, Harding P. Tull, Amos M. Whitington and Ira S. Holland.

Dublin—Harry C. Long, William J. Ardis and Edward J. Tilghman.

Mount Vernon—Charles D. Bounds, James R. McIntyre and George W. Simpkins.

Fairmount—Rufus J. Miles, Clarence W. Lattimore and George W. Maddox.

Crisfield—Howard L. Sterling, Walter S. Hinnman, Charles A. Dana, W. Sherman Dize, Horace Sterling, William J. Peyton, Joshua R. Horsey and Elisha T. Riggins.

Lawson's—John P. Lapping, Paul L. Gunby, John S. Long and Frank H. Morris.

Tangier—Edward Shores.

Smith's Island—William Mitchell Evans and Ira D. Smith.

Dames Quarter—Charles B. Watson, Asbury—John A. Sterling, C. E. Wheaton, J. Coyne Sterling and George W. Lawson.

Westover—William E. Greenwood and Charles Richards.

Deal's Island—Maurice L. Kirwan, Charles G. Daniel and Albert E. Strickland.

East Princess Anne—Joseph B. Reid, Stanford A. Pusey and William T. Layfield.

Strangers Are Locating In Somerset

Mr. George R. Hayes and family arrived in Princess Anne last week from Indiana to take possession of their new farms purchased from W. E. Swanger, north of town, and William Wetter, west of town. These farms are two of the best locations in the county. Mr. Hayes comes to Somerset with the honor of being one of Indiana's prize corn growers, and we are glad to welcome him and his family into our midst.

Mr. Vernon Jones has sold his farm, located on Wisconsin creek, to Mr. Thos. Berre, of Long Island. Mr. Berre formerly resided in Europe, and expresses himself as being contented under the protection of Uncle Sam. While here Mr. Berre showed pictures of landscapes which showed his wonderful skill in the art.

Mr. Frank Layfield has sold his farm near Westover, to Mr. L. Schmieding, of Ohio. The Schmiedings have been all over the East and we are pleased to know that they show a preference for Somerset county.

These sales were all effected by Frank Leno & Sons, of the E. A. Strout Farm Agency.

Mail Cargo Of Oil Lost

The stranded tank steamer Louisiana was pulled off the shoals near Ocean City, Md., at 4.30 P. M. Friday. About half of her cargo of nine hundred thousand gallons of oil was pumped into the sea.

MOTORS FOR MAIL SERVICE

Proposed From Princess Anne To Neighboring Post Offices

The Postmaster General issued on March 3rd advertisements for proposals to carry the United States mails by motor vehicle from Princess Anne to Deal's Island, Tyaskin, Crisfield and intermediate points for a four year term commencing July 1, 1917.

The proposed service is in lieu of existing service which, except in the case of mails for Crisfield, has been heretofore stated for service by horse drawn vehicle. The purpose of the change is to provide quicker and better service. Heretofore mails for Deal's Island, Tyaskin and intermediate points have been carried at the option of the contractor in a motor vehicle during certain periods of the year, but the running time has never been reduced.

Under the new plan the carriers will leave Princess Anne in the afternoon and return on the same day during 9 or more months each year. In the winter period, when the roads are impassable for motor vehicles, the old schedule which provided that the carrier leave Princess Anne in the afternoon and return on the following morning, will still be effective.

The new plan will result in saving a day in the dispatch of mails to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and a half day for local points. The Post Office Department has reserved the right, however, to reject all bids and continue the old plan if no reasonable bid is received. Complete information for bidders can be obtained at the Princess Anne Post Office.

Former Somerset Countain Dead

Mr. Joseph G. Maddox, formerly of Somerset county, died at his home, 319 North Carey street, Baltimore, last Wednesday afternoon of Bright's disease, in the 73rd year of his age. He had been in ill health for several years.

Mr. Maddox was born in Baltimore on October 23, 1845. Soon after his birth his parents moved to their old home in Upper Fairmount, Somerset county, taking him with them. Upon his marriage to Miss Sallie Upshur Ballard he moved to Baltimore, with his wife and made his home there. He had been employed with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company at Mount Clear shops in the capacity of cabinet-maker for more than 30 years. He was a deputy warden of the Maryland Penitentiary during Warden Horn's term.

He is survived by his widow (Mrs. Sallie Upshur Maddox) three children (Mrs. John F. Wilhelm, of Baltimore, and Mr. Garland Maddox and Mrs. Woolford Wright, both of Washington, D. C.) and two grandchildren (Francis Wilhelm and Elenore B. Wright). He is also survived by three brothers (Messrs. Robert F. Maddox, of Princess Anne; George W. Maddox and William Edward Maddox, of Fairmount) and two sisters (Miss Sarah Maddox and Miss Laura Maddox, both of Fairmount).

Funeral services were conducted at his late home last Thursday night at 8 o'clock, and his remains were brought to Somerset last Friday and buried in the Ballard family lot at Fairmount.

No Enlistments From Somerset

Officers in charge of the navy recruiting station at the Court House, in Princess Anne, on Monday and Tuesday of last week reported no enlistments from Somerset county, although they were well pleased with the results of the publicity arousing the interest of young men, and expect good results in the future.

This was the U. S. Navy's first campaign on the Eastern Shore of Maryland in search of recruits for America's first line of defense. They found the navy sentiment in Somerset county good and hope that when the labor conditions are not so contingent as at present, they will secure a large number of young men for the navy from Somerset county and the Eastern Shore.

The Pension Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which closed on March 1st, reached a much larger sum than was anticipated by Bishop Lawrence. Instead of the fund being five millions, as was hoped, the real figures will probably reach seven millions. The parishes of the Diocese of Easton, as reported by the Church Pension Fund Committee, contributed \$8,127.12. The following are the amounts from the different counties in the Diocese: Kent, \$1,146.50; Talbot, \$1,817.07; Queen Anne's, \$1,248.58; Worcester, \$629.30; Wicomico, \$1,229.24; Dorchester, \$987.75; Somerset, \$909.36; Caroline, \$38.59; Cecil, \$1,170.76.

The Shoreland Club was entertained last Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Joseph G. Scott, on Beckford avenue.

THE MINSTREL AND COMEDY SHOW

Big Two-Part Performance With A Cast Of 35 Next Friday Night

The home talent of Princess Anne are now about ready to show what they are able to give our people in the way of amusement. Their cabaret and minstrel performance will be given on Friday night in the Auditorium and indications are that it will be a brilliant success. The performance, under the direction of Charles D. Campbell, of Bridgeport, N. J., will be divided into two parts. The first will be the cabaret minstrel and the second will be a side-splitting comedy entitled "Mose Gumbo's Last Day at School."

In the minstrel performance, which will be unique because it will be given without the usual old-fashioned stage settings, but in the form of a modern cabaret. There will be vocal solos by Oley Pichard, Vernon White, Misses Frances Alvord and Pearl Devilbiss. The waiters, as end men, will be Douglas Wallop, William Quins, Everett Cannon, Charles Fitzgerald and Mark Costen, assistant cashier of the Papples Bank of Somerset County, will be the interlocutor. Snappy, raggy, coon songs will be among the hits by the end men who will also tell jokes of topical character.

In the second half of the performance a fully equipped school room will be shown with Mr. Campbell appearing as an old German professor, the school master.

E. C. Cannon will play Mose Gumbo, Douglas Wallop will excel in the role of Tony Spaghetti, Jay White will assume the role of Mickey DeBite and Vernon White will star as Percy Van de Clear. There will be musical numbers by Fitzgerald, Wallop and Cannon. A comedy quartet will sing "Farm Yard Troubles."

The entire performance will be replete with bright and breezy dialogue, dancing and electrical effects. It will in no sense be an entirely musical production, but music and dialogue will be generously interspersed.

Mr. Campbell, the director, is especially qualified for the work of training amateurs for performances of professional qualities. He carries recommendations from the Elks, Moose and many others of the country's leading fraternal and social organizations. In speaking of the qualities of this entertainment Mr. Campbell said:

"I guarantee the production, even though it is produced by local talent, to be the best minstrel and the cleanest comedy ever given on a Princess Anne stage."

This entertainment is given for the benefit of Princess Anne Grange and reserved seat tickets are now on sale at B. H. Dougherty's store.

Funeral Of Dr. G. T. Simonson

The funeral of Dr. Gordon T. Simonson, marine physician for the United States Government at Crisfield, who died there Saturday morning, the 3rd instant, was held Monday of last week. Dr. Simonson had been confined to his bed for more than a month with a fractured ankle, but his death was due to heart affection. He was 44 years old, and was active in fraternal circles.

He has been a marine physician at Crisfield for years, having been appointed in the administration of President McKinley. He was a member of the staff of the General and Marine Hospital, of that place.

Chesapeake Lodge of Masons had charge of the funeral. The religious services were conducted by the Rev. Charles A. Hill, pastor of Immanuel Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Rev. J. Vernon Ashworth, pastor of St. John's Episcopal Church, both of Crisfield. Burial was in the cemetery of Asbury Methodist Episcopal Church, of Lawsonia. The pallbearers were eight members of the Masonic lodge.

Dr. Simonson is survived by his widow, Mrs. Clara Simonson, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John N. Simonson, all of Crisfield.

Death Of Aden Davis, Sr.

Mr. Aden Davis, Sr., died at his home at Marion Station on Monday of last week, aged 83 years.

Mr. Davis was a farmer, and one of the largest property owners in Somerset county. Mr. Davis was related to Jefferson Davis, President of the Southern Confederacy, and was an ardent Democrat, being prominent in the councils of his party.

He is survived by the following children: Aden Davis, Jr., cashier of the Farmers' Bank of Marion; Mrs. John C. Horsey, Mrs. William S. Miles, Mrs. Thomas E. Robinson, all of Marion Station, and Aragh Davis, of New York.

WILSON TAKES OATH OF OFFICE FOR NEW TERM

Public Ceremony Follows Private Induction Sunday—Good Weather Gave Jubilant Touch To Solemn Celebration

Probably 50,000 persons saw President Wilson repeat on the east front of the Capitol last Monday the oath of fidelity he took Sunday in the building itself.

He came out to the east front from the Senate chamber where he had participated in the inauguration of Thomas R. Marshall, the first Vice-President to succeed himself since John C. Calhoun. He delivered his inaugural address and then went to the reviewing stand where he reviewed a military and civic parade that lasted four hours in which 19,000 men were in line.

This ended the official ceremonies. There was no inaugural ball. The parade was only about half as long as that of four years ago, the smallest in fact in many years. There was no ostentation, no fuss and feathers. The whole desire of everybody in authority was to minimize, not to accentuate the spectacular and the picturesque. It was necessary that the function be gone through with but it was not necessary to emphasize it—that was the feeling which supplied the keynote.

It was not a festive occasion, it was not a holiday, it was not a merry making, and to pretend that it was any of these things would have made the occasion grotesque, that was the governing sentiment of everybody from the President down through all the grades of officials to the secret service and the police. In other and more fortunate times inaugural day has been an innocent spree by the American people—a day of light heart and care-free heads, a sort of political new year's eve, in which the old was rung out and the new rung in.

There was the same difference between such inaugural days and this one that there is between the North Atlantic squadron on a summer cruise, painted white, and assisting at social activities, and the battleship fleet steaming out for unknown waters painted gray.

To this stripped-for-action environment the circumstances contributed. The Senate adjourned Sunday so that the usual pastime of watching its closing hours had to be omitted and that has always supplied a good deal of spice to an inaugural. The authorities desirous as they were to cut the festive side of the occasion to the very bone and make it as curt and businesslike as possible were glad of this; but the people to whom the official frame of mind was communicated itself helped them further and unexpectedly for the galleries did their part too.

At all previous inaugurations this gathering in the galleries has been of a gala sort; women have vied with each other to justify the reporters in describing the scene as a "riot of color." It has been dress parade of gay, excited spectators, full of laughter and gossip.

As if there had been an order to that effect this whole atmosphere vanished like magic at this inauguration. The galleries were filled with soberly dressed, quiet people, who looked down upon the Senate chamber with earnest faces, and the usual demonstrations did not take place. The new Senators, usually greeted with outbursts from the galleries, were sworn in in silence. There were only two things that could be called demonstrations, and one, when the President came in, that was expected; but the other was unexpected and was called forth by these words:

"I ought to be willing to live or die, as God decrees that it (this government) may not perish from off the earth through treachery within or through assault from without."

The words were uttered by Vice-President Marshall in his inaugural address, and they were words of the kind for which this great and grave and earnest multitude had been waiting since it came to Washington; and the silent gallery broke forth in a deep thunder of applause that ended and then broke forth again with a depth of volume greater than at first.

Rhode Island In Crisfield Harbor

The battleship Rhode Island, one of the largest dreadnaughts of the United States Navy, arrived in Crisfield harbor Tuesday afternoon to take the place of the dreadnaught North Carolina, which left Crisfield on Wednesday. The Rhode Island will guard that port for probably a couple of weeks and then be relieved by another ship. The presence of the battleship is in conformity with the Government's policy in protecting all important coast-line ports. The Rhode Island is 461 feet long, with a displacement of 14,984 tons. She carries four twelve-inch guns and eight eight-inch guns and a crew of 812 persons.

Mrs. Shanley Ford left last week for Philadelphia, where she will spend a few days before joining Mr. Ford in the South.

MARYLANDERS LED BY GOVERNOR

Harrington And Staff Ride At Head Of State Troops In Parade

Governor Emerson C. Harrington and his staff arrived in Washington at 11 o'clock Monday morning to lead the Maryland troops in the inaugural pageant. The Maryland executive and his party, which included Mrs. Harrington, Miss Mary Harrington and wives and daughters of officers of the staff, traveled over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad from Baltimore in two private cars under the direction of Vice-President A. W. Thompson, of the road.

Maryland's troops were all gathered at the meeting point in Northeast Washington by 11 o'clock.

The state's detail includes the First and Fourth Regiments, Troop A and the Naval Brigade, about 1,600 men in all, and the second largest number of troops from any state.

Old boyhood riding tricks of the Governor's have returned to him, though he confessed that he had not ridden until last week for over 31 years. The Governor was mounted on a fine black gelding named Dexter, the horse of Marshall Carter, of the Baltimore police force. The Maryland executive staff officers who have practiced riding painstakingly for several weeks, kept their seats and rode with dignity, as follows: Judge Advocate General B. Howland Griswold, Jr., Quartermaster General Carl R. Gray, Surgeon General Dr. William S. Bare, Colonels Henry J. Waters, Edmund S. Dikey, J. Hubert Wade, T. Rowland Thomas, Richard A. Johnson, Harry J. Hopkins, Zora H. Brinsfield, Charles H. Disharoon, Geo. W. Rife, Arthur W. Lockard, Carl R. Gray, Jr., Russell Gray, Howard Gray and Charles M. Buchanan.

Pocomoke City Is Cleaning House

Pocomoke City has started to clean house. On Saturday night, the 3rd instant, Christopher D. Phillips, Carl S. Ross and Charles Niblett were arrested for violating the liquor laws of the State and taken to Snow Hill and lodged in jail.

The men who secured evidence against them and had them arrested were Robert L. Lumsden, manager of the Southern Detective Agency, Raleigh, N. C., and one of his men, R. J. Scott, of the same place. These men were employed by the Mayor and Council about the first of February to come to Pocomoke City to run down the men, who are said to have been supplying firewater so liberally to all who wanted it. The detectives appeared in Pocomoke City February 19th and stated that they were there for the purpose of buying real estate.

State's Attorney Kerbin appeared at the hearing for the prosecution. Phillips' bail was fixed at \$6,500; Ross' at \$4,000 and Niblett's at \$1,500. Neither of the trio was able to furnish the bail required. They were not represented by counsel.

Lee and Lewis Retire From Office

The passing into history of the Sixty-fourth Congress at noon Sunday, the 4th instant, brought to a close the Congressional careers of two prominent Maryland political figures, Senator Blair Lee and Representative David J. Lewis, both of whom are Democrats. Senator Lee will be succeeded by Dr. Joseph I. France, a Republican, and Frederick N. Zihlman, a Republican, will take Mr. Lewis' place in the House. Senator Lee and Mr. Lewis will remain in Washington some time winding up the odds and ends of their legislative work. This done, Senator Lee probably will resume actively his law practice in that city, while Mr. Lewis will go to Cumberland, his home, and take a much needed rest. Friends of both men believe that they will figure prominently in Maryland politics again, although neither of them has made any plans along this line.

President Wilson Renames Cabinet

President Wilson renamed his present Cabinet Monday of last week as follows: Secretary of State, Robert Lansing, of New York; Secretary of the Treasury, William Gibbs McAdoo, of New York; Secretary of War, Newton D. Baker, of Ohio; Attorney General, Thomas W. Gregory, of Texas; Postmaster General, Albert Sidney Burleson, of Texas; Secretary of the Navy, Joseph Daniels, of North Carolina; Secretary of the Interior, Franklin Knight Lane, of California; Secretary of Agriculture, David Franklin Houston, of Missouri; Secretary of Commerce, William Cox Redfield, of New York; Secretary of Labor, William B. Wilson, of Pennsylvania.

An Important Mission

It Involved the Very Existence of the American Union

By F. A. MITCHEL

Half a century ago when the struggle for the American Union was going on European nations showed themselves very much concerned in the affairs of the western hemisphere. Many English for several reasons favored the Confederate cause.

As for France, her part in American affairs was of far greater importance than that of any of the others. But here begins my story, which I will permit one to tell who mingled in the events which concerned her. My grandfather, then a young man of twenty-three, was attached to the American legation at Paris. I felt like to his papers. On one package sealed with the seal of the United States and dated April 12, 1863, was written:

"Not to be opened for fifty years." Ten years before the date for the opening of this package my grandfather's papers came into my possession. It is needless to say that I waited the coming of April 12, 1913, with impatience. When it came round at exactly 12 o'clock midday I tore off the cover to the package. This is what it contained:

I propose to put in writing what is doubtless the most important diplomatic event in the history of the United States. A member of the embassy of the United States at Paris, I have been concerned in this event, and I desire that my descendants shall have an opportunity to know of this fact. There is no designating the life of a diplomatic secret, but I presume in half a century all the parties concerned in the matter will have passed away and there will be no necessity for its further keeping.

One morning when I was engaged on my chief's correspondence he sent for me to come to his private room, and when I entered he gave orders to the attendant to admit no one till further orders; then, locking the door, he motioned to a seat beside him at his desk and said to me:

"I am about to intrust you with a very important mission, but before committing it to you I must explain the situation."

"As you know, the emperor has embarked on his Mexican scheme. If the federal government of the United States is re-established over the seceded states the French will be obliged to leave the western hemisphere. If the emperor can bring about the establishment of the Confederacy he will not only face a divided North America, but will secure the friendship of the southern people."

"A knowledge of the fact that he has made a proposition to England to intervene in America, with a view to establishing the independence of the Confederacy, and that England has consented to join him has recently come to me. How I have obtained this information it is not necessary that you should know. You need only be informed of the fact that France and England are about to issue a joint acknowledgment of the independence of the Confederate States of America, and the next step will be to break the blockade."

"There is at present but one power that may be interested in defeating this project of France and England. Sweden, Norway, Prussia, the German states and fragmentary Italy are not interested in the western world, and if they were they are too small to have any effect there. Prussia is a growing power, but has made no move toward colonization or aggression in any form."

"It is but a few years since Russia suffered a defeat by these two powers, and she is still smarting under the fall of Sebastopol and the failure of the Crimean war. I have learned, too, that the czar looks with jealousy upon England's constantly increasing power on the sea. He dreams, as all his predecessors have been dreaming for centuries, of securing an outlet to the world's waters through the Dardanelles and making his people a maritime nation."

The minister paused and seemed lost in thought. Presently he resumed:

"I wish you to be the bearer of information to the czar of Russia of this move on the part of France and England. While it is not necessary that you should know how it came to me, it is essential that you have proof of what you are to assert. Here," taking up an envelope containing papers, "are documents that substantiate what you are to say to the czar."

He handed them to me, and while I perused them he waited, endeavoring to engage in other work, but I saw that he was engrossed with the affair in question and could not divert his mind to anything else. When I had finished he continued:

"These papers are for no other eyes than yours and the czar's. You are not to hand them to him; you are to deliver them in person or not at all. When he has finished reading them you are to say to him that they have been intrusted to you for his inspection, but not his possession. He will not keep them after you have assured him of this."

Having thus posted me as to what I had to do, the minister dismissed me, and the same afternoon I started for Russia. On reaching St. Petersburg I avoided the American embassy, de-

siring that no one of the corps should know of my presence in the capital. Etiquette required that what I had to say to the czar should go through the American minister at the Russian court, but it had been stipulated between my chief and his informers that the documents furnished him should be revealed to no one except the czar of Russia and the messenger who presented them to him.

I had no difficulty in reaching the czar, for my chief had given me a letter stating that I was a member of the American legation to France and bearer of secret information for his imperial majesty the czar. The words "secret information" were an "open sesame." I was accorded an interview with the emperor the day after my arrival at St. Petersburg, but was informed that if the matter I had in hand was of personal importance to his majesty I would be received at once. I thought it best to await a formal meeting and spent the interval in preparing myself to state my case to the best advantage. It would not avail me to prepare a set speech, for I did not know in what mood or how disposed toward what I desired I should find his majesty. I could only prepare myself in a general way and make my statement in accordance with what I should meet.

At the appointed hour I appeared at the palace and was conducted to the czar's cabinet. He received me without formality and invited me to be seated near him. I informed him of the nature of my mission, the reasons for its secrecy and then before proceeding further handed him the envelope containing the papers I had brought to prove my case. As he read one after the other I saw his brows contract and the corners of his mouth drawn down. He read every document, some of them twice or thrice over, and when he had finished sat thinking.

Presently he summoned an attendant, to whom he gave an order that he desired the presence of the French ambassador. As soon as the attendant had withdrawn the czar said to me:

"Since you are a diplomat you understand the necessity at times of non-committals. I am obliged to the American minister to France for transmitting this information to me." Here he handed me the documents. "On this account I owe him a reply. But it will be neither a written nor an oral one, nor to you for him, nor to him directly."

I supposed he would tell me what kind of a reply it would be, but he did not. I arose to go, but he stopped me. Then he called an attendant and said something to him that I did not understand. The attendant motioned me to follow him, and I was shown into an adjoining room. There I waited for further orders for nearly an hour. At the end of this time I heard a door of the emperor's cabinet open and the announcement in a loud voice, "The ambassador from France."

The door between the room where I was and the cabinet had been left open—doubtless by the czar's order—and I heard every word that passed in the cabinet. The emperor spoke in French. He told the ambassador that he had learned that Napoleon was about to intervene in American affairs and added:

"Tell your master that if he interferes in the struggle now going on in the United States I will strike him."

Whether the emperor turned away from the man he addressed or otherwise indicated that he wished no answer I do not know. I heard none, but a few moments later a door was closed, and I assumed that the ambassador had departed. In a few minutes an attendant appeared and led me back into the cabinet. The czar was standing alone.

"Give my thanks to your chief for the information he has sent me," he said, and with this I retired.

I was a happy man on my return journey to Paris, having accomplished without any effort that which I knew would delight my chief, the president of the United States, and the American Unionists.

I prefer to write my own account of what was attained by my grandfather's mission.

One winter morning during the war between the states the citizens of New York awoke to find the harbor dotted with Russian war vessels. For a time no one knew what it meant. Then gradually it dawned on the people that its presence denoted the friendliness of the czar of Russia for those who were struggling to perpetuate the Union. Then arose a cry of welcome. The officers of the fleet were invited ashore and entertained royally. Never before nor since has New York passed a winter of such unique gaiety.

The proposed intervention did not take place. England withdrew her consent to join with France in the venture, and France was obliged to take its own chestnuts out of the fire.

The collapse of Napoleon's Mexican scheme is well known to every school boy who has studied American history. When the war ended the United States had a million of men under arms with nothing to do. Mr. Seward, secretary of state, notified Napoleon that the French occupation was obnoxious to the United States, and the president sent General Sheridan to the Mexican border with a competent army to enforce the demands. The French emperor withdrew his support of the man he had placed on the Mexican throne, and the Mexicans captured and executed Maximilian.

Thus ended the first scheme to perpetuate the reign of Napoleon III, and a few years later a second scheme—the Franco-Prussian war—ended the career of the man who would have helped to divide the United States had not the czar of Russia stepped in.

THE FOUNDLING

By ELINOR MARSH

Edward Redmond and his wife were childless. Mrs. Redmond especially longed for a little one to care for and to love, and her husband, whose active life did not seem to require it, was disappointed on his wife's account.

One evening there was a ring at the Redmond bell. Mrs. Redmond went to the door and there found a basket. Under a soft, warm blanket lay a baby boy fast asleep. Taking up the basket, she carried it into the house, removed the child and made an examination of everything that might furnish a clue to its identity. But there was no clue.

For seven years the Redmonds gave the little fellow everything to make him comfortable and happy. Then one day he disappeared.

Frank—they had named him Frank—was playing on the sidewalk when a gentleman approached him and, after asking him where he lived and the name of his parents, told him that if he would go with him around the corner he would buy him some candy. Frank consented, and as soon as they were out of sight of Frank's home he was put into a carriage and driven away.

When the boy was missed his foster parents believed that he had been kidnapped by some one who would apply for a ransom. They had saved some money and expected to pay it over for the boy, but no demand was ever made, nor was he returned to them.

Frank was taken to the home of the man who had kidnapped him and from there to an office in a big building. The boy noticed on the door of the office the word "Surrogate," but he did not know what it meant.

"This is Thomas Barton Clarke," said the kidnaper, "sole heir-at-law to the estate of his grandfather, William Cook."

Frank heard the man beside the desk say to the kidnaper that he was appointed guardian, and \$5,000 a year would be paid from the income of the estate for the child's maintenance.

Frank grew to manhood under the care of this guardian, who pocketed the sum put aside for the boy's support. When Frank came of age he suspected that his guardian—who was now dead, had doubtless kidnapped him and kept him in his possession to secure this income. Frank had a dim remembrance of his foster father and mother, but had no idea who they were. He learned that his possession of the estate he had inherited had been disputed and that the evidence of his identity, trumped up by his guardian, was very thin and would have been contested by other claimants had they had means to do so.

But now that the estate was about to be turned over to him these claimants clubbed together and brought suit to prevent his having it on the ground that he was not Thomas Barton Clarke. Meanwhile an evil fortune befell Edward Redmond. He lost his savings by an unfortunate investment and was taken ill. Doctors' bills and a cutting off of income through being laid up impoverished him, and he and his wife were on the border of starvation.

One morning Mrs. Redmond took up a newspaper to examine the advertisements, hoping to find something that she could do to earn money, though she was really too old to fill any but a light position, when her eyes fell upon one asking for information concerning a couple who had brought up from babyhood to about seven years of age Thomas Barton Clarke.

Mrs. Redmond had never heard of Thomas Barton Clarke, but it occurred to her that he and the baby who had been left at her door and whom she had called Frank might be one and the same person. She told her husband of her suspicion, but he poo-pooed her for her rainbow hope. However, she wrote an answer to the advertisement.

The next morning Frank drew up before the house where he had lived as a child. The street looked familiar. He rang the Redmond bell, and an old woman came to the door. It seemed to Frank that he had seen her before somewhere in the dim past. She was gazing upon him as in a dream.

"I have a note in answer to an advertisement for—"

"Frank!" exclaimed the woman, then fell into his arms.

From that moment it all came back to Frank. He was taken to his foster father, whom he remembered dimly. But he remembered his play room and just where he had kept his rocking horse and other articles of amusement. His foster mother had kept the basket in which he had been left at the house with its contents of bedding and clothing, and she brought it out for Frank's inspection.

By means of these articles Frank succeeded in establishing his identity as Thomas Barton Clarke, but only as a link in other evidence and after a great deal of searching. The basket was of a certain make, and a bill was found for its purchase more than twenty years before. In a similar way some of the clothing was converted into proof. Sufficient evidence was thus collected to enable the state to turn over the estate to Frank, and he became very rich.

That was the end of the Redmonds' troubles. Frank brought them to his own home, where he lavished upon them every comfort. By his associates he was called Tom, but his foster parents called him by the name they had given him the night he was left with them in a basket.

CAREFUL SPEECH.

It Aids Clear Thinking and the Expression of One's Ideas.

Nothing is more of a help to clear thinking than careful speech. Very often we discover a flaw in our logic when we attempt to put it into words, observes the Irish World. But sometimes we really have ideas, though we experience difficulty in expressing them.

People of sympathetic natures are frequently dumb in the presence of sorrow. Some who are very intelligent are so silent and diffident that nobody ever gets the benefit of their bright ideas.

A recent poet has intimated that for the deep things of life language is altogether inadequate; but, however that may be, it is the principal means at present by which human beings get close together.

We learn to talk, as we say, in the first few years of life, and some of us get very little beyond that start in babyhood. We can ask for what we want to eat and drink, but we are unable to express sympathy tactfully and gracefully.

We have a great many ideas that we never try to put into words, because we feel that we do not know the right words. We have not really learned to talk while we remain silent regarding the things which mean most to us.

NEGLECTED CHILDREN.

If There Were Fewer of Them There Would Be Less Crime.

A St. Louis judge recently made the statement in an address delivered before a local bar association that "if one-fourth as much as is spent for keeping up our courts, jails, poorhouses and paupers was applied to help neglected city children make a proper start in life the high tide of crime surely would decrease."

This is a remarkable statement to make; but, coming from the source it does, it is worthy of consideration of all philanthropic men and women. Had the speaker made his statement more general and applicable to the country as well as to the cities it would all the same be worthy of credence.

The life of every one depends largely upon the start made. There are those who are started right and then depart from the straight but narrow path, but they are the exception and not the rule. Thousands of little unfortunates may be said to be born criminals, the offspring of criminal parentage. If not so born they are so bred. But it is true, as said by this St. Louis judge, that if a benevolent and righteous public would deal with the problem as it might there would be less crime and fewer criminals. — Knoxville Journal and Tribune.

Our Public Health Service.

In the fields of preventive medicine and in all matters in which the public health is concerned the public health service does work which is not only unsurpassed but unequalled in any country of the world. This is recognized and fully appreciated in Europe, and recently in one of the chief medical journals of Europe high praise was given to the service for the extremely valuable information with regard to disease and preventive medicine which was disseminated by the agency of its bulletins and other publications. In fact, the United States public health service is unique and is an institution of which this country has every reason to be proud. It remains as an ever ready foundation upon which to erect the department of public health whenever congress shall see fit to establish it.—Medical Record.

Guessing a Star.

Mira, the wonderful star in the constellation Cetus (the Whale), stands foremost among those variable stars which have produced so much guesswork. Besides the theory that its even months' variations are due to its flickering up and down of gas, it has been conjectured that this distant sun is subject to particularly acute sun spots, that its obscurations are due to eclipse by huge planets revolving round it and even, according to Maupertuis, that it is not spherical in shape, as other heavenly bodies are, so that we see it sometimes in sections, "sometimes in plane. Occasionally, as in 1789 and 1839, it has blazed up actually to first magnitude, while from 1672 to 1676 it disappeared altogether.—Boston Transcript.

A Gentle Thrust.

Miss Oldgirl—I remember when the girls married much younger than they do now. Miss Pert—Yes, so grandma tells me.—Baltimore American.

Fair Supposition.

The Lady—And is your father working, my little man? The Little Man—I s'pose so, mum. The Judge said 'ard labor.—London Telegraph.

Encouraging.

Tragedian—My parents tried hard to keep me from becoming an actor. Comedian—I congratulate them on their success.

Sore Throat or Mouth.

You must keep the throat and mouth clean and healthy. Any disease that attacks the canal through which must pass the food we eat, the beverages we drink and the very air we breathe is a serious matter. Why neglect Sore Throat or Sore Mouth when TONSILINE makes it so easy for you to get relief? TONSILINE is the remedy specially prepared for that purpose. TONSILINE does its full duty—you can depend upon it. Keep a bottle in the house—where you can get it quick when needed. 25c. and 50c. Hospital Size \$1.00. All Druggists.

Cold Sores and Fever Blisters

are only outward manifestations of the inflammation of the mucous surface that lines the lungs, the stomach and all the digestive tract, but they give you evidence of how sore a membrane may become as a result of inflammation, which is stagnation of the blood, rightfully called acute catarrh.

If you suffer from such conditions don't let them become chronic, don't run the risk of systemic catarrh.

Clear it Up With PERUNA

When your system is cleared of all its poisons, the membranes soothed and healed, the cold gone and your digestion restored, you will enjoy life, feel equal to all its tasks, and be at peace with the world. Let Peruna do for you what it did for this sufferer:

Mrs. L. A. Patterson, 238 Utah Avenue, Memphis, Tenn. says:

"I have been a friend of Peruna for many years. I have used it off and on for catarrhal complaints and found it a very excellent remedy. I have a small family of children. Times are hard with us, but I can scarcely afford to do without Peruna, especially during the season of the year when coughs and colds are prevalent. We always recommend Peruna to our neighbors, for the benefit it has been to us."

You needn't suffer longer with such a remedy at hand.



Peruna can be obtained in tablet form. You can carry it with you and take it systematically and regularly for a remedy, or as needed for a preventive. Get a box today.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio

Wake Up! SHIP US YOUR Butter Fat



We are offering you an opportunity of making DAIRYING PAY.

This week's prices are:—
39c per pound for Butter
30% or higher and fancy in quality.

41c per pound for Butter
Fat in cream of lower tests and grades.

In addition to these unusually high prices we pay transportation charges on cream testing 35% EXTRA FANCY IN QUALITY.

We are the largest butter manufacturers in the East and not only pay the highest market prices for Butter Fat, but in order to assist our patrons in making it profitable to ship us their cream we—

Lend them cans on 30 days' trial.

Lend them a Babcock Tester for 30 days and teach them how to use it, FREE OF CHARGE.

Write us for particulars.

GOLDEN & COMPANY

Commission Merchants and Butter Manufacturers, Washington, D. C.

See Our Stock of FARM IMPLEMENTS AND SAVE 25%

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

We are retailing HORSE COLLARS cheaper than others can buy them at wholesale. We have over 400 in stock ALL KINDS

CAR LOAD OF COLUMBIA WAGONS

CAR LOAD OF PENINSULA WAGONS

THREE CAR LOADS BUGGIES and SURREYS

TWO CAR LOADS RUNABOUTS

I have the goods and know competition in this line

HARNESS of all kinds at less price than other dealers can buy them. Seeing is believing.

Everything in HARDWARE. Remember it is cheaper here than you can buy from catalogue houses.

Our line of STOVES is complete. Give us a call before buying.

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Hardware, Buggies and Wagons


PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND

WHEN in want of STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING Call or Phone MARYLANDER AND HERALD

MORE Pulverized LIME

Oyster Shell
Will be Used This Season than Ever Before
THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF
"THE LIME THAT ACTS"
THE TRADE MARK  THAT STANDS FOR QUALITY
PURE CALCIUM CARBONATE

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To Insure Prompt Delivery place your order for Lime at once
W. P. TODD, Agent, Princess Anne, Md.

Do Not Delay

With That Survey

'Delays are often Costly

I am at your service

EARLE B. POLK

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PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

CORRECT Coal burning HOVER

(Patented Nov. 14, 1914)

100% Costs Less to Buy—

Less to Run

100% CANOVY You can pay more—out can't

get more. Capacity 50 to 1,500

chicks. Self-feeding and regu-

lating. Gas and spark tight.

12 inch Portable and ventilation. Coal

only once in twenty-four hours.

Costs but 5c. a day to run.

Don't take an imitation.

This is the only HOVER.

Write for circular.

CORRECT HOVER CO.,

Department of

Leasville, Carroll Co., O.

103

NOTICE TO CREDITORS This is to give notice

that the subscriber has obtained from the

Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of ad-

ministration on the estate of

WILMORE J. RICHARDSON.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons

having claims against said deceased, are hereby

warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers there-

of to the subscriber on or before the

First Day of May, 1917.

GEORGE T. RICHARDSON,

Administrator of Wilmore J. Richardson, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,

Register of Wills.

103

A Vicious Pest

Rat Corn

It is easy to see. Deadly to

rats, mice, and all other vermin.

It is made from a natural

ingredient, and is entirely

safe for all other animals.

It is sold in 25c. and 50c.

packages. Write for circular.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

60c. per 100 lbs. of grain.

"DRINK STORM" VICTIMS.

New Study of Why Some Men Go on Periodic Debauches.

There has recently been organized in Hartford, Conn., a foundation for a new line of research work relating to the alcoholic question. This research will have for its object the explanation of "drink storms," which attack men who are not regular drinkers, but suddenly plunge into a debauch and use liquor to excess for a limited period, after which they resume their usual condition of temperate living.

This subject is treated by Dr. T. D. Crothers of Hartford, Conn., in the New York Medical Record. He says: "What condition of body and mind furnishes the soil, plants the seed and favors the growth in inebriety and alcoholism is yet to be studied. What laws of growth, heredity, culture, surroundings, nutrition and mental impression favor the development of the drink evil are questions for the future."

"Why the degeneration from the use of alcohol is in one instance slow, concealed and breaking out only after a lifetime in various diseases; in another rapid, positive and most emphatic, and in a third concentrated on the brain and nervous system or on the organs of nutrition, and so on through a long list of questions as to why and how this or that particular phase of disease breaks out, are questions for future study."

"This is the new scientific field where exact study is called for, groupings of facts and studies of their meanings, to show the causes of alcohol addiction."

His Name Was "Ike."

I venture to assert that no one has the nerve to say that he ever hailed the late Wayne MacVeagh as "Ike." But like he was in his boyhood.

His parents christened him Isaac Wayne MacVeagh, and his first law sign in West Chester read, "I. Wayne MacVeagh."

But, like Thomas Woodrow Wilson and Stephen Grover Cleveland, he long ago adopted a name improved, it too, and made it sound far more distinguished.

Those of us who only knew the steel eyed, sharp tongued, witty, brilliant and eloquent MacVeagh, lawyer, statesman and politician, cannot possibly think of him as Ike. —Philadelphia Ledger.

Literature and Life.

The distinctive characteristic of literature is not extent, but quality of knowledge; not range, but vitality; not scope of activity, but depth of life. It is, in a word, the process by which a man takes the world into his nature and is fed, sustained and enlarged by natural, simple, deep relations and fellowship with the whole order of things of which he is part. —Hamilton W. Mabie.

For a Postage Stamp, \$670.

The highest price paid lately for a postage stamp was \$670, a sum given at a New York auction the other day for a five cent Hawaiian missionary stamp of the issue of 1851. When the early missionaries went from New England to Hawaii they looked ahead to many things, but hardly to the sale of their postage stamps at prices higher than their salaries for a year.

A Lonely Continent.

Australia is the most isolated of all inhabited continents and is remote from the center of all the world's activities. Northward the sailing distance to Japan is approximately 3,000 nautical miles; to India 2,500 miles. South America is 7,000 miles to the east, and Africa an equal distance west. From London to the capital of Australia ships by the Suez route traverse approximately 11,000 miles of water and by the Panama canal 12,734 miles. From California ports the routes via Samoa or Fiji or Tahiti cover a quarter of the circumference of the earth. Australia's only large civilized neighbor within a radius of 1,000 miles is Java. —National Geographic Magazine.

Too Much.

Ned—Is she all your fancy painted her? Ted—No. My fancy never would have put the paint on so thick. —Town Topics.

FARMING AND LIVE STOCK

HANDLING GROWING PIGS.

Swine Need a Variety of Feeds, Especially in Cold Weather.

No one can make hogs profitable by feeding only corn and water, especially this year. Some do market hogs raised on that diet, but I have had experience for a lifetime and have tried the corn feeding alone and found it very unprofitable, writes an Indiana farmer in the American Agriculturist. One can fatten a hog on corn alone, but with no profit. By giving a variety of food from the time the pig is old enough to eat until it is marketed you have bone and muscle in proportion to the body weight.

A balanced growing ration which has the required amount of protein must be fed. It has been in the past the general belief among farmers that protein is protein, wherever it is found, and that its source could in no wise affect its value to the growing animal. Corn contains 10 per cent protein, but after all out of the 10 per cent protein that corn contains only 3 per cent is valuable to the growing pig. Therefore I have seen the improvements made by feeding swine material that was higher in protein.

Our routine of feeding growing hogs is to furnish a rye pasture dur-



Admirers of the Duroc-Jersey breed of hogs claim that this type will make greater gains on less feed than other breeds. The Duroc-Jersey is of the hard type, is a quick maturer and ready to market at six months. The sows are prolific and will raise two litters a year. The sow shown is a Duroc-Jersey.

ing winter and use as sloop feed one part rye, one part oats and one part corn, ground and thoroughly mixed. With this we use tankage or linseed meal. We also use shorts, middlings and dairy byproducts, which all promote the rapid growth and development of the growing hog. In summer hogs do not require much extra feed where good clover or alfalfa pasture is obtainable.

Charcoal and sufficient salt are both required and necessary to the fat hog. We feed warm sloop consisting of ground mixed feeds, shorts or middlings once daily until the hogs are marketed. I do not think hogs should be fed sloop at night, for it has a tendency to make the hog fretful and restless during the night. When they leave their warm beds on cold mornings they are heated from fretting, and in the cold air they become chilled and are liable to chronic ailments, which often prove serious. I have tried cooking the sloop and find it to be a very profitable method during the winter when fed warm. It makes the food more nutritious, and hogs that are fed this cooked material regularly make rapid gains, both in flesh and growth. I have been more convinced every year I have cared for hogs that a clean feeding pen and dry, warm beds are all necessary to obtain profitable results.

Use Pure Bred Sires.

The pure bred sire is the best means of live stock improvement. Whether good or bad, he is half the herd and sometimes more. For this reason the selection of the sire demands equally as much attention as the entire group of females, and it is far more important to have a good sire, both in individuality and breeding, than to have one or two good females. If sacrifices must be made, let them occur in the selection of the females. Better still, let every one be a good one, both in breeding and individual excellence. —Kansas Farmer.

Hardening the Team.

Give the horses all the work possible from now on to fit them for plowing, the hardest work they will be called upon to perform. Begin to feed them full rations and spend much time in cleaning to rid them of their winter coat of hair and dust.

STOCK NOTES.

Clean, fresh water every day for the sheep flock is a hard and fast rule.

Do not stuff the colt with coarse fodder. If you do you will make it dyspeptic and subject to colic in after years.

Dishwater and such stuff should go down the drainpipe. Washing powders have no place in the ration for the pigs.

No matter what a horse's gait, he should move easily. When buying, think of this.

There will be loss with the pigs if they are not made comfortable.

Don't feed timothy hay to sheep. Mixed hay or clover or alfalfa should be given to the flock.

ORCHARD PLANTING.

Proper Distances Apart at Which to Set Various Fruit Trees.

The proper planting distance at which to set fruit trees needs careful attention. Prominent growers set peach trees at least twenty feet apart. Although some set the trees sixteen to eighteen feet apart, this has proved too close. Peach trees set at this distance cannot secure sufficient light, plant food and moisture to develop properly and a good cover crop cannot be grown under these conditions.

Large growing varieties of apples, such as Baldwin, Stayman and Gravenstein, are at the maximum distance of forty feet apart. In certain sections where these varieties grow smaller, because of soil conditions, thirty-six feet is sufficient. Varieties of medium size, such as Rome, McIntosh and Twenty Ounce, do best when set thirty-six feet apart. For the smaller growing and upright varieties, as Wealthy, Duchess and Yellow Transparent, thirty to thirty-two feet is suitable. Where fillers are placed between permanent trees the latter are set forty feet apart. Plums are set at a distance of twenty feet apart, pear twenty, sour cherries twenty to twenty-five and sweet cherries thirty to thirty-five feet.

HANDLING INCUBATORS TO GET GOOD RESULTS

If spring "fries" and fall eggs are desired the incubator should be set the first or second week in February, giving a hatch the early part of March, according to T. S. Townsley, instructor in poultry husbandry in Kansas Agricultural college.

The main purposes of an early hatch is to allow the pullets ample time to mature before cold weather. If they do not do this they will not lay until the following spring. Cockerels hatched in March will be ready to sell when the market for fries is good. The early hatched chicks will be large enough to be turned out on the ground by the time grass and other plants have started to grow and will thus get the advantage of the green feed.

Before starting the incubator it is advisable to spray the machine thor-



The Rhode Island Reds have yellow skins, their bones are well covered with meat, and they have a round and handsome appearance when dressed. Rhode Island Red hens are excellent sitters, make the best of mothers and bring the chickens along quickly and manufacture good broilers early. The Reds are very active and are great "rustlers," but they are not wild, and a four foot fence will hold them. The bird pictured is a Single Comb Rhode Island Red cock.

oroughly with a 2 per cent solution of coal tar disinfectant. This will kill any germs or spores that may have lived through the winter. The incubator should be kept in a warm room, preferably a cellar, in order that outside weather conditions will not cause the temperature of the machine to drop to a dangerous point.

The incubator should be run two or three days to test the temperature before the eggs are put in. The machine should be kept at a temperature of 101 degrees the first week, 102 degrees the second week and 103 degrees the third week. The thermometer should be kept on a level with the top of the eggs.

The lamp should be filled and the wick carefully trimmed each day. The eggs should be turned and cooled before taking care of the lamp, because if there is any grease or oil on the hands when the eggs are handled it will injure the hatching qualities of the eggs. They should be turned every day for the first eighteen days. It is a good plan to move the eggs at the outside of the tray to the inside to overcome any difference in temperature. Beginning with the third day the eggs should be cooled each time they are turned.

Care of the Bull Calf.

At the age of five to six months the bull calf must be separated from the other calves. From this time on he must receive regular exercise and be gently handled. When he is ten to twelve months of age he may be given light service, possibly one cow every three or four weeks. From the age of twelve to sixteen months this service may be increased to one cow per week.

Alfalfa Needs Lime.

Probably no other field crop requires lime to such an extent as does alfalfa, and, with the exception of rather limited limestone areas, practically all of the soils of the United States east of the ninety-fifth meridian require liming for the best development of this crop.

POULTRY HOUSE SITE.

High Ground Best Location For All Seasons of the Year.

High ground is the best location for the poultry house, according to T. S. Townsley, assistant in poultry husbandry in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

Dryness is a most important factor to be considered in the selection of a site for the poultry house. Dampness is one of the greatest enemies of poultry. The soil on which the house is built should have good drainage. This may be obtained by selecting high ground or soil that is sandy or of light gravel.

A high location is desirable in winter also because of the air drainage. The cold air flows into low places and causes frozen combs and toes in poultry wintering there. A southern slope is preferable because it is warmest in winter and dries quickly after a rain. A northern exposure should be avoided, for it is cold in winter and warm up late in the spring.

IMPORTANT TO SPRAY ORCHARDS IN WINTER

To use a cheap grade of spraying material is poor economy, writes F. A. Lawton in the Orange Judd Farmer. For several years I have used lime sulphur with more or less success. Last year I decided to try the soluble sulphur compound and found it is much better to handle and the results from spraying were improved. Orchards that had not responded readily to former treatment were in much better shape after a winter spraying with soluble sulphur compound.

The winter spray for fungus should be put on before the buds start in the spring. This is the most important spraying of all, for if an orchard is badly infected with fungus no amount of summer spraying will give good fruit, while an orchard given a thorough treatment of winter spray will give a crop of fruit in fair condition without any other treatment. But if you wish to be sure of getting first class apples the winter spray should be followed by another later on when the blossoms begin to fall, and perhaps more spraying later in the season might be desirable.

Plums and peaches need several summer sprays to keep down the rot. Some form of arsenate of lead should be used with the spray at the time the blossoms begin to fall, as this will largely do away with wormy fruit. I have raised several hundred bushels of cherries during the last few years, and by giving them a thorough spraying with lime sulphur and arsenate of lead just as the blossoms fall, have never been troubled with wormy cherries, only on the tops of high trees where the spray did not reach. Cherries should have at least three sprayings, the first when the blossoms fall, the second two weeks later and the third after the fruit is gathered.

To get the right results an orchard should be thoroughly trimmed, all sprouts and dead leaves cut out, and enough branches taken out to give the sunlight and air free access to the center of the tree. For fruit, to be good, must have sunlight and air.

Spray For Cabbage Pest.

I have been making a specialty of onions and cabbages but have been much troubled with green worms, writes a correspondent of the American Agriculturist. I have tried different formulas but have never found one that I have never seen in print. It is doing me more service than any I have tried. Here it is: Take a half pint crude or raw petroleum oil and add a half teaspoonful of potash. Shake these well together. To this add ten gallons of water and a little paris green or arsenate of lead. It will kill the worms and will stick to the leaves until the cabbage grows. I apply this preparation with a compressed air sprayer, throwing it well into the loose heads and over the tender leaves. The preparation mixes smoothly and evenly and will not injure the foliage in any way. It must be thoroughly mixed to be effective.

Prune the Orchard.

Fruit growers do not need to wait until spring to prune their orchards, says W. G. Brierley of the division of horticulture, Minnesota Agricultural college. Results at University farm show little or no difference in the growth and maturity of the wood where pruning has been done any time between November and May.

If the usual care is taken to make the cuts close to the main trunk or branches no stubs will be left to die and decay, though the covering of wounds with a white lead and oil paint or with common grafting wax warmed to the consistency of cold molasses will give added protection. Moderate pruning is better than heavy cutting.

Bees For Farmers.

Have you a little beehive in your yard? If you haven't you are helping to lose the \$14,000,000 worth of honey products that are available in Minnesota every year and is not collected because there are not enough bees to store it. Nearly \$15,000,000 worth of honey could be produced every year in the state. Only \$500,000 worth is collected. The honey could be collected at a minor cost by keeping as many hives of bees in every yard as can be fed from the honey products produced around. —Professor F. Jager, Minnesota Agricultural College.

SAMUEL F. MILES

Justice of the Peace

—AND—

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PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Children Cry

FOR FLETCHER'S

CASTORIA

MARYLANDER AND HERALD
Published Every Tuesday Morning
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.
Office, 207 Main Street. Local Phone No. 21.
Long Distance Phone, No. 42
Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum
THEO. A. WALKER
Editor and Business Manager
All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1917

Some men believe in the model town movement so strongly that they are willing to serve on a committee that never meets.

Intense enthusiasm is manifested for the home vegetable garden this year, of course on the understanding that our wives will do the weeding.

A lunacy commission is to decide on Harry Thaw's case, and while it is about it, it might take up the sanity of the people who wanted him let out.

Of course if we have war we must be governed by the high ideals of our Pacificists, and not fire on the enemy until they have had plenty of time to get under cover.

The new one dollar bills are being worked off as fivers, and it must be tough on the swindlers to have to provide one real bone instead of the customary green goods.

Formerly to make money on foods you had to invest several millions to corner the supply. Now you merely get a few newspapers to insert an article saying the supply is short.

If an American shipowner doesn't sail his ship regardless of submarines, he is cowardly and lacking enterprise, and if he does sail he is taking reckless chances and is not entitled to protection.

The Greater Baltimore Extension League is seeking 100,000 members in Baltimore and the counties. This league is making a strenuous effort to enlarge the territory of the city, and will make a strong fight before the next Legislature for the passage of a fair and just annexation bill.

WILL THE WOMEN SMOKE

Many social changes will follow this war, everyone admits. Daily life and social manners of Europe are being upset. The new practices and customs following incidentally from the war will spread over here.

A dispatch from London says that cigarette smoking has become so universal among women war workers, that some of the London suburban railways are establishing women's smoking compartments on certain trains. Does that mean that smoking by women will soon become general here?

Among the higher ups of this country smoking by women is a somewhat established custom. You can't argue it out that it is any worse for women than for men. But somehow it seems repugnant to the great majority of our middle class women.

The attitude of men on such matters is wholly illogical. They are constantly condemning women for doing the things they do themselves. A great many of the men smokers would be a bit shocked to see their wives and daughters lighting up. But woman is a law unto herself, and if she sees fit to smoke up, she will and there's an end on't.

THE BASIS OF SUCCESS

The American boy's heart swells at the thought of success. He dreams dreams in which he sees himself the center of an applauding multitude. He imagines himself a popular military or naval hero, or else a powerful statesman or a commanding capitalist. He reads impossible tales of boys who accomplish things that few men can do. But meanwhile he is taking no steps leading to any exceptional career.

The fame attained by the late General Frederick Funston, who has been as well known as any American soldier of the present generation, illustrates how fame and exceptional success comes to a man. Funston made his reputation by capturing Aguinaldo. It was a daring attempt, when he and his small company ventured into the rebel chief's village. Most men would have said it was impossible. But Funston had the courage, the nerve, the determination, and he did it.

In ordinary life the seeker for success is not asked to risk his life. He need not risk even his health. All he has to do is to show grit and indomitable perseverance. He has got to "keep on keeping on," as the poet said, after other people have become discouraged.

The world is full of the "It can't be done" spirit. Everyone finds plenty of opportunities for growth and expansion. In every business position there is a higher success that can be achieved. Some one is going to achieve it. But it requires devotion to duty, a concentration of one's mind, and a persistence in the face of obstacles, which most people are unwilling to give.

Most people look the obstacles over, they are baffled by them for a time, and then they quit. A large success means a long fight. Only those who are game for a persistent struggle ever get far. Success is not a matter of luck nor usually of exceptional genius, but more often it is merely the gift of a strong will.

HOUSES FOR WORKING PEOPLE

One of the big problems of modern high cost living is the providing of comfortable homes for working people. Many of the big industries have had to take this up. They find that if mechanics can't find comfortable homes they won't live and work in a place.

The Youngstown, Ohio, Sheet and Tube Company is the latest to try this out, announcing a plan for building a million dollars worth of small homes for operatives. In many places the impossibility of finding small and comfortable homes for rent prevents communities from growing. Yet at present prices of building materials and labor, the capitalist says there is no money in erecting houses.

No doubt farmers would find it easier to get help if they would provide little homes to rent to their laborers. Many farmers who have made money on the present scale of prices would do better to invest their money in this way near home, than to buy securities of property located many miles away, about which they know nothing.

Probably the building of houses, like other things, will have to be done on a bigger scale. Where a builder undertakes one house at a time the cost mounts up. If he can put up a grove at a time the proportionate cost of each must be decreased. Orders for a big lot of materials somewhat uniform in character should secure lower prices. There should be a reduction in the relative costs of supervision.

The worst of building a lot of houses at a time is that they give a neighborhood an air of dead uniformity. Builders will find that their houses will rent better and sell better, if given some individuality and artistic character. A little more money paid to an architect to make houses look like comfortable and pretty homes, means an easier sale.

REDUCING MILK COSTS

An item to the effect that New York's Commissioner of Foods and Markets proposes to sell milk at 8c instead of 11c as sold elsewhere, has more than local interest. His scheme is to dispose of it through grocery and butcher shops. Apparently the public would come and carry their milk home.

The delivery of milk is one of the worst botches in our distribution system. Here is one of the greatest necessities of life used by every family. Yet there will be a dozen milk carts running through a street, all duplicating services, labor equipment, and adding probably 25% to the cost.

A combination scheme for eliminating this duplication might or might not work. The monopoly might charge the public so high a profit that there might be no gain. If the city undertook the distribution the work would not probably be efficiently done, politics would drive the milk wagon, and there might be no economy.

But it looks as if there might be a saving were milk to be distributed more through stores. Of course there will always be many people who consider their time more valuable than what they could save by carrying home their own milk. Yet there are a great many hard pressed families who would be glad to save a few cents a day by carrying home their own supplies from the nearest store.

In some of the more primitive summer resorts this is an everyday sight. These resorts are not usually handy to farms, heavy transportation charges have to be paid, and there is a general tendency to soak the summer visitors. But with people coming to the corner general store and carrying home their own bottles, they probably get their supplies quite as cheaply as at home where facilities are far better. There is a suggestion here worth investigating.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.
(Advertisement)

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at Long Brothers store, on Thursday morning, March 22nd, and at CRESFIELD at W. Jerome Sterling & Co.'s store on Friday morning, March 23rd, 1917, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes.

JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

NOTICE

The Annual Meeting of the members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Somerset and Worcester Counties will be held at their office in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY, The 28th day of March, 1917, at 11 o'clock a. m.

for the purpose of electing twelve directors to serve for the ensuing year.

HENRY J. WATERS, Secretary.

JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

ENTERTAINING TRAMPS

An Allentown, Pa., farmer makes a practice of giving tramps lodging in his barn. He has entertained 586 wayfarers so far this year. He provides a fireplace out under the trees, where in summer they cook meals, and he often lends them flour, salt, pepper, and other necessities. This gentleman, Henry Heft by name, is surely double starred in the hoboes' Bedaker.

Mr. Heft is not the only one. The majority of people feed tramps from a sense of fear or from dislike to seem stingy. There are others that really like sitting down with a good fat tramp, and seeing him surround his handout. It gives them a chance to ask questions about tramp life, and they enjoy delivering virtuous lectures on the evil of vagrant ways. Wandering Willies listen to much admonition provided the ham sandwich is properly seasoned.

Whether tramps are best reclaimed by moral lectures or by setting the dog on them is a fair question for debate. Their narrations sound pitiful. That is a part of the business. The dog method at least makes tramp life less alluring. If consistently followed it would lead some of them to adopt occupations less open to public censure.

The woodpile is the final and most conclusive test. A tramp who will take hold and saw and split half a cord of wood has something in him yet. The housewife might well listen to his story and offer him advice.

But the majority, offered this distressing alternative, find the saw and axe in deplorable condition and the weather conditions unfavorable. They should be permitted to move on dinnerless. The sooner tramp fare becomes precarious the more attractive settled occupations will become.

Grow Foodstuffs

From the Washington bureau come reports of the enormous profit for boys to engage in raising produce or even chickens and pigeons in their back yards—where the latter forms of industry would not be an offense to neighbors. Certainly with the example set this country of intensive cultivation of the soil and concentrated enterprise for the production of foodstuffs, given by the countries at war, the United States must awake to the fact that for it the days of waste are gone.

The wastefulness of Americans in the matter of food has been an outstanding proverb. Now the country is in a position that enforces upon it the rules of conservation as they apply to the household in the conduct of the market and the kitchen, to the producers in the provision of foodstuffs for the needs of the people.

There is no reason, however, why the process should not go further and the back yards of city residences be converted into vegetable gardens and the vacant lots used for community truck gardening and suburban developments make this a feature of other common enterprise. Despite all that may be done by the appropriate authorities the food situation will not grow much better and in eventualities that may readily come to pass for the nation, it will grow much worse. Therefore, the rule of economy and of conservation must be the rule of American living.—Baltimore American.

Sprains And Strains Relieved

Sloan's Liniment quickly takes the pain out of strains, sprains, bruises and all muscle soreness. A clean, clear liquid easily applied, it quickly penetrates without rubbing. Sloan's Liniment does not stain the skin or clog the pores like musky plasters or ointments. For chronic rheumatic aches and pains, neuralgia, gout and lumbago have this well-known remedy handy. For the pains of grippe and following strenuous work. It gives quick relief. At all druggists, 25c. (Advertisement)

Notice To Contractors

Bids will be received by the Board of Education of Somerset County up to April 10th, 1917, for adding two wings to the Washington High School building in Princess Anne. Copies of specifications and plans can be obtained from the undersigned upon payment of \$5.00 to guarantee their return. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for \$150.00. The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order,
W. H. DASHIELL, Sec'y.

ROBERT F. DUER, Attorney-at-Law.

PUBLIC SALE

PERSONAL PROPERTY

Having decided to leave the State, I will sell at public auction, on the farm where I reside, on the 28th day of March, instant, the following personal property, to-wit: Two Horses, three Cows, one Ox, 3 wagons, buggy, dayton, set of harness, weeder, plows, cultivators, small tools, lot of household and kitchen furniture, including Steinway Piano, large mirror, davenport, graphophone, refrigerator, set of dining room furniture, bedstead, chairs, tables, lamps, etc., also one General Launch, one skiff and numerous other articles.

TERMS OF SALE:—On all sums less than \$10 the cash will be required; over that amount a credit of four months will be given on bankable note, secured to the satisfaction of the vendor.

BELLA S. THOMPSON.

MOTHER GRAY'S POWDERS

BENEFIT MANY CHILDREN
Thousands of mothers have found Mother Gray's Sweet Powders an excellent remedy for children suffering from colic, feverishness, stomach troubles and bowel irregularities from which children suffer during these days. These powders are easy and pleasant to take and excellent results are secured by their use. Used by mothers for 30 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere, 25 cents.

"THE HOUSE OF FASHION"

Easter Opening

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

March 14 and 15

A festival in which we will feature the store's richest things for the most important of fashion days—EASTER SUNDAY. Our store will be trimmed in harmony with the season, and the beautiful merchandise on display will add to the attractiveness of the decorations.

SMART TAILORED SUITS

There's a smart "touch and go" and a pleasing swing to the distinctive lines of these epic, span new tailored suits for spring. Around them clings the exclusive air that every well-dressed woman seeks. Shades are absolutely correct.

\$20 gives a broad line for selection

EXCELLENT MODELS

at \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50 and \$30

STYLE IN SPORT SUITS

The severely tailored suit is a thing of the past. Delightfully new and fresh are these wonderfully smart spring and summer SPORT SUITS, at

\$12.50, \$15, \$17.50, \$20 and \$25

Made of velour, burella, poplin, serge, poiret twill, jersey and checks in, gold, mustard, magenta, apple, green, copper, silver grey, rose.

Coats Are Unusually Attractive and Very INEXPENSIVE

At \$10, \$12.50 and \$15 are some particularly pleasing Sport Coats. Many beautiful models at \$17.50, \$20 and \$25. The new "TRENCH" coat for women is here—very smart. An attractive line of SPORT COATS at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50, and \$10.00

NEW EASTER BLOUSES

AT \$1, \$2, up to \$7.50

NEW FURNITURE For Spring

Don't Fail to Visit Our Rug Department

9x12 Crex and Wool Fibre \$8.00
Rugs, special \$8.00

T. F. HARGIS

DEPARTMENT STORE

POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

ROBERT F. DUER, Attorney-at-Law.

PUBLIC SALE

PERSONAL PROPERTY

Having sold my farm and decided to discontinue farming, I will sell at public auction, on the farm where I reside, on the 28th day of March, instant, the following personal property, to-wit: Two Horses, three Cows, one Ox, 3 wagons, buggy, dayton, set of harness, weeder, plows, cultivators, small tools, lot of household and kitchen furniture, including Steinway Piano, large mirror, davenport, graphophone, refrigerator, set of dining room furniture, bedstead, chairs, tables, lamps, etc., also one General Launch, one skiff and numerous other articles.

TERMS OF SALE:—On all sums less than \$10 the cash will be required; over that amount a credit of four months will be given on bankable note, secured to the satisfaction of the vendor.

BELLA S. THOMPSON.

ROBERT F. DUER, Attorney-at-Law.

PUBLIC SALE

VALUABLE FARM

Having decided to move from this State, I will sell at public auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, March 13, 1917,

at or about the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., all that

Farm and Timber Land,

situated on the south side of the Wicomico river, in Mt. Vernon Election District, in Somerset County, Maryland, and bordering on the county road leading from Van Buren's Corner to Loretto Station, and containing

160 ACRES,

more or less, and being all the land which was conveyed to the said Bella S. Thompson by Francis H. Barnes and wife, by deed dated the sixteenth day of May, 1896, and duly recorded among the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 19, folio 78, etc.

This farm is beautifully located on the river and only a short distance from the steamboat wharf, and is improved by a commodious TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING and a LARGE FRAME BARN and other outbuildings. Also a TENANT HOUSE, and a SCHOOL HOUSE now rented by the County School Commissioners. This farm is especially adapted to the growing of all kinds of trucks and is in a fair state of cultivation.

of this land is thickly set in GROWING PINE TIMBER and has on it, according to various estimates of same made, between one and two million feet of standing timber. This timber can be shipped with little expense, as the same can be shipped from a wharf on the property.

This property will be sold absolutely without reservation, except, however, subject to the rights of the tenant now on the property and possession given April 1st, subject to said tenant's rights.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase price in cash on the day of sale, and the balance to be secured by a mortgage on the property, payable in two equal installments of six and twelve months, from day of sale, with interest, with the provision that no timber on said property be cut until the entire mortgage debt is paid, or all cash at the option of purchaser.

3-6 BELLA S. THOMPSON.

PUBLIC SALE

FURNITURE

And Household Effects

I will sell at public auction, at my residence on the east side of Main street, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Saturday, March 17th, 1917

beginning at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., a lot of valuable Household and Kitchen Furniture, including beds, bedsteads, bedding, bureaus, chairs, mahogany dining table, other tables, carpets, matting, rugs, desks, bric-a-brac, china and table ware, and other articles too numerous to mention in detail.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash for all sums of \$10.00 or under; over that amount a credit of four months on note with approved security bearing interest. No goods to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

3-6 MRS. FRANK T. SMITH

The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order of Publication

John H. Scarborough and Esther Scarborough vs. Sarah Houston, Charlie Houston, Bertha Houston, Dennis and Caleb Dennis, Hester Dennis and Edward Dennis, Ola Cottman and William Cottman, Samuel Scarborough and Mollie Scarborough, Annie Sterling and Malchoir Sterling, Edward Scarborough, Addison Scarborough, Fred Scarborough and Lillian Scarborough, and heirs-at-law of Leah J. Scarborough, deceased.

No. 3147, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate near Marion, in Brinkley's district, Somerset County, Maryland, of which the late Leah J. Scarborough died seized and possessed, for the purpose of partition and division among the heirs entitled to the proceeds thereof.

The bill in substance states that Leah J. Scarborough died about seven or eight years ago, seized and possessed of a lot of land located in Brinkley's district, Somerset County, near Marion, on the north side of the public road leading from Marion to Hall's Corner, containing two acres, more or less, which was conveyed to the said Leah Scarborough by deed from Lewis Scarborough, made the 28th day of June, 1888, and recorded in Liber B. F. L. No. 5, folio 70-1, and being so seized and possessed she died a widow and intestate, leaving the following children and heirs-at-law surviving her, viz: Sarah Houston, who intermarried with John Houston and by which said marriage there are two known children, viz: Annie Houston, who is of age, single and lives in Annapolis, Md., and Bertha Houston, who intermarried with Caleb Dennis, in that order of age and reside at Sherwood, Talbot County, Md.; that the said John Houston is dead, and it is not known whether the said Sarah Houston is dead or alive; she has not been heard from for about twenty years, but when last heard from she was a non-resident, residing at Atlantic City, N. J.; that Leah J. Scarborough, who intermarried with Edward Dennis, both of full age and reside at Marion, Somerset County, Md.; Emma Scarborough, who intermarried with William Whittington, both of whom are dead, but leaving one child, Ola, who intermarried with William Cottman, both of whom are of age and non-residents of Maryland, and who reside in Philadelphia, Pa.; Samuel Scarborough, who intermarried with Mollie Scarborough, both of whom are of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.; William Scarborough, who intermarried with Annie Scarborough, and then with Mollie Scarborough, and then with Leah J. Scarborough, leaving a child, Annie, who has since intermarried with Malchoir Sterling and reside in Somerset County, Md.; Edward Scarborough, of full age, single and resides in Washington, D. C., and is a non-resident of Maryland; Addison Scarborough, of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.; Lillian Scarborough, who intermarried with Frank Gale, both of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.

That the said real estate is not susceptible of partition without material loss and injury to the parties entitled to interests therein, as above stated, and that, in order to make division of said interests, it will be necessary for said real estate to be sold and the proceeds thereof divided amongst the parties according to their several interests.

That the said Sarah Houston, Ola Cottman, William Cottman, Edward Scarborough and Addison Scarborough are all non-residents of this State. It is thereupon, this 20th day of February, 1917, ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiffs, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper, published in Somerset County, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of March, 1917, give notice to the said absent defendants, and to the unknown heirs thereof, if any there be, in case any of the said defendants are dead, of the object and substance of this bill, warning them to be and appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 16th day of April next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed for and decreed.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy. Test:

W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

When in need of a first-class Hair cut, Shave or Shampoo visit the

WASHINGTON HOTEL

TONSORIAL PARLOR

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

Published by the Maryland and Herald Co., at the rate of 10 cents per copy in advance.

Subscription price, \$1.00 per annum in advance. Single copies, 10 cents.

For Sale—Good 3-year-old Mare, S. H. DEVLIN.

PLACE your order for Early Seed Potatoes now. W. P. TODD.

FOR SALE—Two Holstein Bull Calves, about 5 months old. F. WEIDEMAN, Westover, Maryland.

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any bills except those contracted by myself. MRS. MAGGIE J. SHARRET.

FOR SALE—1913 Baby Buick, cheap to quick buyer. Bargain. Write or phone. JAMES B. WHALEY, Snow Hill, Md.

FOR SALE—Klondike and Gandy Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand. G. C. GIBSON, Princess Anne, Route 4.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—True Single-Comb Rhode-Island-Reds—great laying strain. MRS. G. L. LAYTON, Route 3.

SEEING IS BELIEVING—Best car load of Horses and Mules ever in this county at Ellegood's stable. ROBERT S. JONES.

FOR SALE—One pair extra fine mules and one young Dry Dock stallion. Apply to ASCH HENDERSON, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—Big Joe Strawberry Plants at \$1.50 per thousand; Klondike, \$1.15 per thousand. C. M. ADAMS, Route 1.

FOR SALE—100,000 Klondike Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand. J. S. NOEL, Princess Anne, Md., Route 4.

FOR SALE—Klondike, Gandy, Missionary and Pride of Somerset strawberry plants. W. H. HANDY, Westover, Md.

FOR SALE—Car load of Horses and Mules; 5 to 7 years old, weight 1,000 to 1,200 pounds. At Ellegood's stable. ROBERT S. JONES.

FOR SALE—25 barrels of home grown Irish Cabbler seed potatoes, and 10 barrels of Maine grown. JAMES S. CLOGG, Pocomoke City, Md.

FOR SALE—A good young driving and work mare, will weigh 925 pounds; also a buggy and harness in good condition. B. F. HARRINGTON, Route 2.

FOR SALE—Strawberry plants—Matthew's Early \$3 per 1,000; Big Joe \$1.50; Klondike, Gandy and Wolverton \$1.25. O. H. MILLER, Princess Anne, Route 4. Farmers' phone.

FOR SALE—Klondike and Gandy Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand; Big Joe, \$1.50 per thousand. J. S. DENNIS, Rt. 1, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers' Telephone.

FOR SALE—Beef scrap, bone meal charcoal, alfalfa meal, scratch feed, tankage, hay, corn, feeds of all kinds. Hard coal, all sizes, and soft coal. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—The Store and Residence on Main street, adjoining the Washington Hotel, now occupied by Miss Sue E. Collins. Apply to FRANK COLLINS, Executor of Mrs. Emeline Collins.

FOR SALE—Strawberry Plants—Matthew's Early, \$3; Big Joe \$1.50; Klondike, Wolverton, Wine, Gandy, \$1.25 each per thousand.

L. PAUL MARSHNER, P. Anne Rt. 4, Livery Stable and Bus for sale cheap. The only one in town. Terms to suit. Session at once. Or will change into a garage. For particulars apply to J. A. Ellegood, Princess Anne, Md.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT—broken or any condition. We pay up to \$5 a set, according to value. Mail set once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory, will return teeth. DOMESTIC SUPPLY CO., Binghampton, N. Y.

SEED POTATOES—Just received, a car load Maine Grown Cobblers; can also supply Home Grown. If any wanted ask for prices. PENINSULA PRODUCE EXCHANGE OF MARYLAND, Pocomoke City, Md.

WANTED—Several small farms in Somerset and Wicomico counties for poultry raising, also general and grain farms in any size by Frank Lano & Sons, representatives of the E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Princess Anne, Md.

GARWOOD'S FRESH STRAWBERRIES—From your own garden, July to November. If you plant my ever-bearing plants; \$1.00 per hundred. No garden complete without them. S. D. GARWOOD, Rt. 3, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—Strawberry plants. 500,000 Gandy and Klondike, \$1.25; Big Joe, \$1.50 per thousand; Matthews Early, Wolverton, Wine and Mascott at right prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. B. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers' telephone.

FOR SALE—White Navy Beans, \$6.50 per bushel (Seed Houses now asking \$7.50 & \$8.00). This is a very profitable crop to raise, as they are sure to command high prices, again this year, and until the war is over. Only have 12 bushels that are not engaged. If interested order at once. CHAS. C. GELDER, Princess Anne, Md.

WE ARE GOING TO SELL one set of Pitless Scales, 6,000 pounds capacity, second hand, in good condition, at \$40, would cost new \$75; one 120-gallon Automatic Tank, second hand, in first-class condition, at \$20. This tank would cost \$40 new and will save its cost at \$20 in one year to merchant selling gasoline or coal oil. We have no further use for these and the prices will sell them. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

INTEREST IN OUR FARMER TRADE compels us to suggest: Labor conditions and prices of farm products will justify heavy buying of farm implements and machinery this year. Conditions will not justify any delay in purchasing your requirements, as we cannot depend on filling in orders this year. We have purchased and are getting in our usual stock, but cannot give any encouragement to the eleventh-hour buyer. It looks like they will go short. Would like to show you through our stock and quote on your requirements. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

and Mrs. W. B. Spiva, after a short visit to New York city, returned home last Friday night.

By advertisement elsewhere in this paper the T. F. Hargis department store of Pocomoke City, Md., announces the Easter Opening of spring wearing apparel and other seasonable merchandise, Wednesday and Thursday, March 14th and 15th. This will be quite a different event and everyone is cordially invited to be present. For full particulars read this in this issue.

Mr. S. Frank Dashiell spent a few days in Baltimore last week.

Mrs. A. N. Gibbons spent several days with friends in Salisbury last week.

Mrs. F. G. McDorman is visiting at the home of Mr. Z. W. Townsend, on Beckford avenue.

Capt. Noah C. Sterling and William A. Britton, of Crisfield, spent Monday of last week in this town.

Mrs. Walter J. Brewington and daughter, of Salisbury, are visiting at the home of Mrs. S. S. Sudler.

Col. and Mrs. Henry J. Waters returned home from Washington last Wednesday after attending the inauguration of President Wilson.

Mrs. T. L. Carrow, who has been spending some months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Ball, left for her home in Ruak, Texas, last Wednesday.

All members of the Princess Anne Volunteer Fire Company are requested to be present at the meeting of the company next Monday night—the 19th.

Mr. John W. Dixon and his son, Mr. W. Upshur Dixon, returned from Washington, D. C., last Tuesday night, where they attended the inauguration of President Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Cline, of Baltimore, spent last week with their daughter, Mrs. Omar J. Croswell. They were accompanied by Miss Leah Denham, of the same city.

Among the visiting attorneys in Princess Anne last week were, Mr. Johnson, of Washington, D. C.; Messrs. John B. Robins and C. P. Lankford, of Crisfield, and Alonzo L. Miles and F. Leonard Walles, of Salisbury.

Messrs. S. Frank Whittington, I. H. Hall, Charles S. Whittington, Austin L. Whittington, S. James Adams, Met. Boston, Stanley Adams and William S. Richardson, of Marion, were visitors in Princess Anne last week.

About 35 members of Wa Wa Tribe, No. 121, Improved Order Red Men, went in a body to the Presbyterian Lecture Room last Sunday afternoon, where the Rev. W. E. West preached a very much appreciated sermon on the good and benefits of the order.

Miss Gladys Devor, who is visiting relatives in Eureka, Kansas, was taken ill and placed in a hospital in that city, where she is operated on for appendicitis. She is now in the Eureka City hospital and reports from there yesterday (Monday) that she was improving.

Congressman Jesse D. Price has sent us a large sack of flower seeds, from the United States Department of Agriculture, for distribution. The members of the Civic Club and others who wish to beautify their yards with flowers are requested to call at this office and get same.

The Ladies' Aid Society of John Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church, Mt. Vernon, will hold an apron and tie social in their hall tomorrow (Wednesday) evening. Aprons will be sold at 25 cents. Refreshments served free to purchasers. Ice cream on sale. Come and enjoy the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. D. of Baltimore, will come to Princess Anne to reside. Mrs. Brand before her marriage was Miss Sunie Dryden, of this town. Mr. Brand has rented the house on the corner of Broad and Church streets, belonging to Mr. H. P. Dashiell, who is having it repaired.

Quite a number of the younger set were entertained last Thursday evening by Mrs. L. Oates in honor of her son, Robert. Among those present were, Misses Margaret McBride, Clara Lankford, Louise Fitzgerald, Priscilla Lankford, Emily Layfield, Dorothy Smith, Charlotte Todd; Robert Duer, Percy Maddox, Robert Chamberlain, Joseph Scott, Gilbert Fitzgerald, Julian Todd, Everett Cannon and Homer Kemp.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Cottman, widow of William Cottman, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sadie Jones, near Stockton, Md., on Monday of last week, following a long illness. Mrs. Cottman, whose maiden name was Elizabeth A. Ballard, was born in Somerset county, May 16th, 1838. She is survived by one daughter (Mrs. Sadie Jones) and three sons (Messrs. Thomas B. Cottman, of near Stockton; William B. S. Cottman and James H. Cottman, of near Hurlock, Md.)

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Hosts

Mr. and Mrs. James Teackle Dennis entertained at Dinner last Tuesday evening at Tyrconnell, their home on Charles Street avenue, Baltimore, for Dr. and Mrs. Frank J. Goodnow. The other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Cottman, Mr. and Mrs. Tunstall Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Partridge Klotz, Mr. and Mrs. William Wallace Spence, Miss Helen Stirling, Miss Frances Lurman, Mr. Theodore Marburg, Mr. Alfred Jenkins Shriver, Mr. Harry Ferguson and Mr. Charles Morris Howard.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Howard Wagner, 27, of Westover, and Marie Laird, 21, of Jamestown. Sidney Tyler, Jr., 21, of Crisfield, and Neely Finbert, 18, of Lawtonia. Carroll Hoffman, 21, and Beta May Evans, 18, both of Rhodes Point.

M. E. CONFERENCE PROGRAM

Convenes Tuesday, March 27th, in St. John's Church, Seaford, Del.

The program for the meeting of the Wilmington M. E. Conference, which convenes in St. John's Church, Seaford, on Tuesday, March 27, has been issued. The official announcement follows:

Tuesday, March 27—7.30 p. m.—Anniversaries of the Board of Home Missions and of the Board of Foreign Missions. Chairman, Rev. C. T. Wyatt; speakers, Rev. David D. Forsyth, D.D., and Rev. Frank Mason North, D.D.

Wednesday, March 28—8.30 a. m.—The sacrament of the Lord's supper in charge of Bishop William F. McDowell, D.D., L.L.D. Conference session.

2.30 p. m.—Anniversary of the General Deacons Board. Chairman, Rev. H. F. Randolph; speaker, Rev. W. L. McDowell, D.D.

7.30 p. m.—Anniversary of the Board of Education. Chairman, Rev. Henry G. Budd; speaker, Abram W. Harris.

Thursday, March 29—8.30 a. m.—Conference session.

2.30 p. m.—Women's Home Missionary Society. Miss Mary J. Wheeler presiding. Speaker, Mrs. May Leonard Woodruff.

7.30 p. m.—Anniversary of the Epworth League. Chairman, Rev. W. G. Harris; speaker, Rev. Wilbur F. Sheridan, D.D.

Friday, March 30—8.30 a. m.—Conference session.

2.30 p. m.—Woman's Foreign Missionary Society. Mrs. Vaughn S. Collins presiding. Speaker, Rev. Gerhard J. Schilling, D.D.

7.30 p. m.—Anniversary of the Board of Conference Claimants. Chairman, Melville Gambrell; speaker, Rev. Joseph B. Hingley, D.D.

Saturday, March 31—8.30 a. m.—Conference session.

2.30 p. m.—Anniversary of the Board of Temperance. Chairman, Rev. George L. Hardesty; speaker, Rev. Clarence True Wilson, D.D. Dr. Wilson will deliver his new lecture on "Adventures of a Street Campaigner."

7.30 p. m.—Anniversary of the Anti-Saloon League. Chairman, Rev. Edgar C. Prettyman; speaker, George W. Grabbie.

Sunday, April 1—9.00 a. m.—Conference love feast, Rev. R. K. Stephenson, leader.

10.30 a. m.—Preaching service, sermon by Bishop William F. McDowell, D.D., L.L.D.

2.00 p. m.—Memorial service.

3.30 p. m.—Ordination of deacons and elders by the bishop.

7.30 p. m.—Anniversaries of the Board of Sunday schools and of the Freedman's Aid Society. Chairman, Rev. S. N. Pilchard; speakers, Rev. L. O. Hartman, D.D., and Rev. P. J. Maveety.

Monday, April 2—8.30 a. m.—Conference session.

The Pneumonia Season

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumonia often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it.

(Advertisement)

PHILIP M. SMITH

Funeral Director

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

Dr. R. O. Higgins

Dentist

Formerly of Washington, D.C.—has opened an office at Rooms 201 and 210, Salisbury B. L. & E. Association Building, SALISBURY, MD.

FOR SALE

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Missionary, Gandy Prize, Brandywine, Climax, Ozark at \$1.15 per 1,000; Big Joe and Joe Johnson at \$1.35 per thousand; Chesapeake and World's Wonders at \$1.75 per thousand; Klondike at \$1.10 per thousand. Lucetta Blackberry Plants at \$2, and Austin at \$2.50 per thousand. JOHN H. WILLIAMS, Fruitland, Md.

Box 74

GLASSES

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, March 5th, 1917.

Satisfaction is assured. CHARLES W. PURNELL OPTOMETRIST

Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

Open Face, 16-Size

7-Jewel

Elgin Watch

Nickle Case, Screw Back and Bezel, Plain Polished

For \$9.00

Sold on Time Payments—50 cents per week until paid for

FREDERICK J. FLURER

North Main Street, Princess Anne

The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

TO TRANSPLANT OYSTERS

State Commission Will Utilize 1500 Acres of Calvert County Shore

Preparations are being made by the Conservation Commission to enlarge the reserved oyster ground in Chesapeake bay in the vicinity of the Calvert county shore. Surveys are to be made, and the total area to be planted with oysters by the State will be between 1000, and 1500 acres.

The ground is to be laid off in 20-acre lots and these will be marked with buoys. Oysters are to be brought from the upper part of the bay as soon as the regular dredging season closes on March 15. These are oysters to be taken from areas where they never grow large on account of the large percentage of fresh water. On the reserved area they are expected to grow to maturity. They will be taken from the reserved area only on special permission of the Conservation Commission and on payment of a special tax.

Two years ago some oysters were thus transferred from the upper bay to the Calvert county section and a few weeks ago they were dredged up. They were found to be large, but there was not as large a quantity as expected because many had died from the malady that has affected the oysters throughout the Chesapeake for the past year.

Live-Stock Day

The annual "Live-Stock Day" meeting of farmers in Somerset county was held in the Court House last Tuesday under the supervision of County Agent H. S. Lippincott.

There were three sessions—10 o'clock in the morning, 1.30 in the afternoon and 8 o'clock at night. All the sessions were well attended. Dr. S. S. Buckley, of the Maryland State College, spoke on "Live Stock;" C. L. Opperman, of this county, on "Alfalfa;" and County Agents Walls, of Talbot county, Porter, of Dorchester county, and Monroe, of Worcester county, made short addresses on the "Raising of Live Stock."

Having entered upon our first spring month, for sanitary reasons, it is well to suggest that residents look to the importance of removing from their premises all objectionable accumulations during the winter months.

M. E. HICKEY

Plumbing and Heating

REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY

Shop on Beechwood Street (Formerly Reid's Store)

Phone PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

DO YOU WANT

An Automobile?

SEE MY AUTOS AND EXAMINE

The Ford, Dodge and Buick

Supplies of All Kinds

My Parts for Repairing Ford Cars are Made by Ford People

WM. P. FITZGERALD

AGENT

Garage on Main Street Near Bridge

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

ATTRACTIONS

FOR THIS WEEK AT

THE AUDITORIUM

Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT

All Star Cast in The Road to Lobe Five Reels

THURSDAY NIGHT

Fanny Ward in Years of the Locust Five Reels

FRIDAY NIGHT

Minstrel and Comedy—By Home Talent Admission 35 and 50 cents.

SATURDAY NIGHT

Valentine Grant in Daughter of McGregor Five Reels

ADMISSION

Price 10 cents for all.

Doors open 7.30; Pictures Start Promptly at 7.45; Second Picture at 9.00

Do You Want a Good Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face, you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES

Druggist Princess Anne

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Spring Suits AND Coats

Dress Goods, Shoes

Sport Suiting

Silks for Dress

Novelties in Waisting

Ready-to-wear Waists

Home Comforts

Matting, Wall Paper

Rugs

Largest Stock ever shown here

W. O.

Lankford & Son

THE HOME FURNISHERS

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

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MAINE GROWN AND HOME GROWN

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Seed Oats, Clovers and Grasses, Early Alaska and Telephone Peas, Green and Wax Beans, Fordhook and Dreer's Bush Limas, Watermelon, Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Tomato

Our seeds are carefully selected and tested. Quality our first consideration

REPRESENTED BY O. J. Carey, Princess Anne, Md. L. W. Cox, Westover, Md.

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OF MARYLAND

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RECORDS

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FREE DEMONSTRATION PLAN

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Cash or Reasonable Terms. We Deliver Free! Try Our Service!

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INCORPORATED

102 Dock St., Cor. Main SALISBURY, MD.

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J. A. MCALLEN

FANCY GROCERIES AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

HAY AND FEED

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods or CASH. Agent for

SWIFT'S FERTILIZERS

All

LURE OF BIG CITIES

A Word to the Man Who Yearns
For a Job in New York.

DON'T HURRY TO LEAVE HOME

Be Sure the Change to the Hunting
Metropolis Will Be to Your Advantage
Before You Make It—Do Your
Best Where You Are and—Wait.

In the American Magazine a writer,
giving some words of advice to the
many aspiring young men throughout
the country who feel the lure of the
great cities and who are consumed
with a desire to try their fortunes
therein, says:

"An old friend called to ask my
advice the other day. He came to New
York from a little Indiana town. He
has a wife and four children—and a
poor job.

"As I talked with him I kept picturing
him where he belongs—back in the
old home town. If he had stayed there
he might have worked into a \$1,000 or
\$1,200 job, which would have been sufficient
to satisfy all his needs and
most of his wants. He could have had
a garden, a yard, a savings bank account
and a membership in the local lodge.
Evenings he could have sat on his porch
and held converse with his neighbors.

"On the Fourth of July he could have
been 'some punkin' at the neighborhood
picnic. He might have become a
village councilman, and when the fall
campaign arrived he could have been
on the committee to welcome the congressman
when that great personage
came to town in search of votes. In
other words, he might have had a real
place in the community.

"Now, what does he get in exchange
for the \$1,000 or \$1,200 that he earns
in New York? Well, I suppose he gets
a measly little flat with dark bedrooms,
a fine assortment of cheap lunches, two
chances daily to hang by his eyelids
in the subway, a great fund of loneliness
and a weebe gone feeling of uselessness.

"That is the trouble with these
big cities like New York and Chicago.
They are all right for men of
known ability—men of force and ambition
who have learned how to direct
their talents. But they are hard on
untrained men—men who have not yet
found themselves.

"This is not said for the purpose of
scaring venturesome and unattached
young fellows of ability who want to
try their muscles on the big town.
There is no danger of scaring them.
They cannot be scared. The morning
trains are bringing them in by the
hundreds—this very day—and all the
printing presses in the world could not
drive them back.

"But it is said for the purpose of
causing every small town man with responsibilities
to consider carefully before
coming whether he has a definite aim
in coming and whether he has faith
and conviction that he really has something
to give to the big town.

"Don't come just for the ride. Don't
come except from positive choice.
Don't come just because others are
coming. The best rule of all is this—
if you have no definite, compelling reason
within yourself to come, don't
come until you are invited. Do your
job well at home. If the big town
wants you she will call you.

"A hundred telegrams went out from
New York today to various and remote
parts of the United States carrying offers
of good jobs to smart chaps who
have done so well that New York has
heard of them.

"Only last week I met a young man
from Massachusetts who had just been
offered an \$8,000 a year place in New
York. He said he hadn't the least idea
how the thing started—except that he
had done work that had been brought
to the attention of several New York
bankers, one of whom had looked him
up and then flashed him the offer of a job.

"So leave your name and address
with the local operator and go back to
your knitting. New York is not tongue
tied. If she needs you she'll wire.

"Of course, if you think you are a
howling genius you will probably take
the first train for Broadway—and may be
it will be just as well for you to do so.
A genius is just as unhappy one
place as another. But, genius or no
genius, there won't be any brass band
to meet you at Grand Central station."

Very Polite.

As Robert Paton Gibbs, the actor,
was strolling down Broadway in New
York he met an acquaintance who
seemed to be somewhat the worse for
an encounter with the cup that cheers.
"Lend me a dollar, will you?" he inquired.
"I need it."

"For a drink, I suppose?" Mr. Gibbs
inquired.

"I might as well tell the truth. That
is what it is for."

"But I thought you were on the water
wagon."

"I was, but I gave my seat to a
lady."—Exchange.

A Hint to Automobile Riders.

Every automobile rider has experienced
the discomfort of dust in the
eyes and also from the effects of cold
winds. A suggestion has been made
that these discomforts may be greatly
alleviated by applying castor oil along
the eyelashes. This, it is claimed, will
catch most of the dust before it can
enter the eye, and also it protects the
eyes from the chilling effects of the wind.

Yes, complain of ingratitude. Were
you not repaid by your pleasure in
seeing your eyes?

SOWING MINES IN THE SEA.

How These Ship Destroyers Are Laid
and Anchored.

Mine laying and mine sweeping are
two important subordinate functions
in a modern navy, and both of these
occupations are fraught with danger
to those engaged in them.

A mine is really a metal globe containing
anything from 200 pounds to
200 pounds of trinitrotoluene, or
T. N. T., an extremely powerful high
explosive, calculated to make things
very unpleasant for any ship that runs
against one of the little horns on top
of the mine.

Before the mine is put into the sea
the globe is put into the water, and
between four metal uprights upon a
round, flat weight, to which it is attached
by a short length of wire rope,
the greater part of which is coiled
round a drum inside the weight.

When the mine is put into the water
the whole contrivance sinks at once
to the bottom. As soon as it touches
ground the bump releases a little
catch, which sets all sorts of wheels
revolving, with the result that the four
uprights fall outward. They grip the
sea bed, and the contrivance is anchored.
Then the globe begins to rise, while
the rope unwinds until it has reached
a fixed length.

Thereafter it is the unfortunate
ship that runs upon it.—London
Chronicle.

EXPENSIVE FISHING.

Why the Angler Dressed in Oilskins
Was Not Hired.

An ardent fisherman was President
Cleveland, and a writer in the New
York Sun says of him that he enjoyed
angling for the fish that would not
bite quite as much as he did for those
that would. While fishing one day,
dressed in oilskins and a slouch hat,
he was addressed by an angler garbed
in the height of piscatorial fashion
with:

"Hello, boatman! You've certainly
got a good catch. What will you take
for the fish?"

"I'm not selling them," replied the
man in oilskins.

"Well," continued the persistent angler,
"what do you want to take me out
fishing tomorrow?"

Mr. Cleveland, who was plainly enjoying
the joke, replied: "I can't make
any engagement except by the season.
Will you give me as much as I made
last year?"

"You're a sharp fellow," replied the
angler, "but a good fisherman, and I'll
accept your terms. What did you
make last year?"

"Oh," replied Mr. Cleveland, "about
a thousand dollars a week! I was
president of the United States."

Strength of the Condor.

The enormous strength of the condor
is equalled by his voracity and boldness.
This immense bird often pounces upon
small animals, but from the shape and
bluntness of his claws it is unable to
carry anything very heavy, so he contents
himself with flapping it against the ground
with one of his claws, while with the other
and his powerful beak he rends it to pieces.
Gorged with food, the bird then becomes
incapable of flight and may be approached,
but any attempt at capture is furiously
resisted. An American traveler in the
Andes encountered a large condor just
after it had finished a hearty banquet on
a young sheep and foolishly attempted to
seize the bird, with the result that he
received a gash from its claw. Then he
called up his two guides, and the three
men maneuvered to take the bird alive.
But every attempt was frustrated, and
in the end one of the men killed it by
a blow with a hatchet.

We're All Like Her.

Terence V. Powderly of labor fame
was talking about compulsory arbitration.

"The trouble with the world in general,"
he said thoughtfully, "is that we
all know just what the other fellow
ought to do, but we take little account
of what we ought to do ourselves."

"I found a young bride one day bending
with a stern and severe air over a
dry looking volume.

"What are you reading?" I asked.

"An excellent work," she replied,
"called 'Happiness in Marriage.'"

"What advice, I said, 'does it give
to wives?"

"I don't know," she answered. "I'm
reading the advice to husbands."

Thrifty Geese.

The solan geese are so fond of collecting
materials for their nests that
they do not desist from the habit even
when they are about to abandon their
nests for the winter migration. Off
the coast of Scotland one day patches
of straw bedding were seen floating,
and, although the birds were on the
eve of departure, they gathered up
every wisp, as though they had their
nests to build, and in the same place
they were seen collecting seaweed
every day.

The Servant Question.

"Beg pardon, ma'am," said the butler,
"but your son has just eloped with
the cook."

"Yes, I put him up to it," replied
Mrs. Uppson. "She's the best cook we
ever had, and I don't want to lose her."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy A Favorite For Colds

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking
of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,
says, "During the past fifteen years I
have been my sister's favorite medicine
for colds on the lungs. I myself have
taken it a number of times when suffering
with a cold and it always relieved me
promptly."

HIS LOVE FOR HIS DEAD.

He Made It a Power to Gladden Some
of the Needy Living.

A little old man came into the office
of the Chicago Charities the other day
and laid down \$150, "to help out some
needy families." Then he told them a
story:

"Years ago, when all of my folks
were living, I couldn't afford to give
resents. Things are different now,
but most of my folks have gone. I
went shopping, just as if my folks
were alive. I picked out a shawl for
an aunt of mine. She's dead and so
I didn't buy it, but I put down the
amount of money I would have spent.
Then I went and got some things for
my dead brother and for my father
and mother and for a few old friends
of mine. I didn't really get them, you
know, but I priced the things I thought
they would like. When I added up all
the money I would have spent it came
to almost \$150, so I added a little to it,
and here it is."

Has any one heard of a finer, more
beautiful way of showing a man's
love for his dead? The things he had
wanted to do it was too late to do now.
He might, it is true, have spent money
on stone to make more artificial and
melancholy the quiet hillside where
"his folks" rest. He found a better
way to spend his affection, to remember
in fancy those he could no longer
reach and then to see that his loving
memory of them went to make others
happier. He made his love for his
dead a power to gladden the living.
He laid tribute on grief and made it a
blessing. It is not a mad story. We
need not pity him. But we cannot help
loving him.—Milwaukee Journal.

SHELL SHOCK IN BATTLE.

A Curious Fact That Only Unwounded
Men Suffer From It.

By the methods of modern war no
inconsiderable proportion of battlefield
casualties are due to shell shock—a
new terror of battle and one that was
unknown before the advent of later
day high explosives.

It is a curious fact that only unwounded
men suffer from shell shock. Eminent
surgeons say that a wound
neutralizes the psychic sense—in plain
English that nerves do not affect a
wounded man in the same way as an
unwounded one.

For shell shock is nothing more or
less than a nervous breakdown—a terribly
intensive breakdown that physicians
find most difficult to cure. It is
entirely a mental cause, and though it
is called shell shock it has very little
to do with shells.

There are men, brave men, too, who
find the strain of war too great for
their mental stamina. They see terrible
sights and hear terrible things, and
these react upon them temperamentally
and physically. Gradually, perhaps unconsciously,
their ability to resist is
overborne. Their mental power is exhausted.
They become afraid—dreadfully,
terribly afraid—and the end is
only a matter of time.

A certain cure has yet to be found,
though severe electrical treatment has
had some effect.—London Answers.

Where the Laborer is King.

The day laborer, as opposed to the
employer and to other workers, is king
in Australia. The unions, through the
labor party, practically control the executive,
legislative and judicial machinery
of the cities, the states and the
commonwealth. Forty-eight hours is
the recognized maximum for a
week's work, but in certain occupations
forty-four, forty-two, forty, and even
thirty-six hours are considered full
time. Some of the larger building
trades have a forty-four hour week,
and it is probable that this figure will
become the recognized standard for all
labor. Of the "four sacred nights" in
the original slogan—"eight hours' work,
eight hours' play, eight hours' rest and
eight hours' day"—only the portion relating
to rest has been retained.

Parentheses and Brackets.

Know all writers, compositors and
proofreaders by these presents: Marks
of parentheses (which are frequently
required) are not to be confounded
with brackets ("Hear, hear!"), which
serve a different purpose. The use of
one for the other [vide almost any
newspaper page] is extremely sloppy
(if you know what we mean) and
exhibits lack of familiarity with or
indifference to the technique of writing.
[Applause.]

ENDORSED AT HOME

Such Proof As This Should Convince
Any Princess Anne Citizen

The public endorsement of a local
citizen is the best proof that can be
produced. None better, none stronger
can be had. When a man comes forward
and testifies to his fellow-citizens,
addresses his friends and neighbors,
you may be sure he is thoroughly convinced
or he would not do so. Telling
one's experience when it is for the
public good is an act of kindness that
should be appreciated. The following
statement given by a resident of Princess
Anne adds one more to the many
cases of Home Endorsement which are
being published about Doan's Kidney
Pills. Read it.

Mrs. S. C. Long, Prince William St.,
Princess Anne, says: "About two years
ago I had an attack of kidney trouble
and the kidney secretions were scanty.
I had dizzy spells and saw little fiery
flashes in front of my eyes. After taking
a box of Doan's Kidney Pills I was
rid of the trouble and no longer had that
tired, miserable feeling. I recommend
Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering
from kidney disorders."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply
ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's
Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs.
Long had. Foster-Milburn Co.,
Prop., Buffalo, N. Y.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been
in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of
and has been made under his personal
supervision since its infancy.

Allow no one to deceive you in this.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good"
are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric,
Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains
neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its
age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has
been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency,
Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising
therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids
the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect Jan. 2d, 1917

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	449	51	451	455	463
New York (Penn. Station).....	9:00	1:00	3:00	5:00	7:00
Philadelphia.....	11:15	3:15	5:15	7:15	9:15
Wilmington.....	12:01 a. m.	4:01	6:01	8:01	10:01
Baltimore.....	10:10 p. m.	4:10	6:10	8:10	10:10

Delmar..... 3:07

Salisbury..... 3:20

PRINCESS ANNE..... 3:38

Cape Charles..... 3:55

Old Point..... 4:15

Norfolk..... 4:20

On Sundays Train 455 arrives at Cape Charles 4:40, Old Point 6:40 and Norfolk 7:45 p. m.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	463	450	462	30	450
Norfolk.....	6:00	8:00	10:00	12:00	2:00
Old Point.....	6:10	8:10	10:10	12:10	2:10
PRINCESS ANNE.....	6:58	8:58	10:58	12:58	2:58
Cape Charles.....	7:15	9:15	11:15	1:15	3:15
Salisbury.....	7:29	9:29	11:29	1:29	3:29
Delmar.....	7:56	9:56	11:56	1:56	3:56

Wilmington..... Ar. 11:09

Philadelphia..... 11:56

Baltimore..... 12:39 p. m.

New York..... 2:00

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward

Leave..... A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

King's Creek..... 9:16

Ar. Crisfield..... 10:00

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward

Leave..... A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

Crisfield..... 6:00

Ar. King's Creek..... 6:45

No Sunday trains on this Branch Road

Nos. 449, 455, 462, 460 daily. Nos. 51, 451, 453, 455, 460, 50, daily except Sunday.

ROBERT R. COOKE Traffic Manager. C. I. LEIPER, Superintendent.

OVERLAND & WILLYS KNIGHT

AUTOMOBILES

Touring Cars, \$615, \$695, \$1125, \$1145

Fours and Sixes

Roadsters, \$595, \$675, \$1095

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Daily and Sunday, six months..... 2.25

Daily, one year..... 3.00

Daily with Sunday Edition, one year..... 4.50

Sunday Edition, one year..... 1.50

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romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscel-
laneous suitable for the home circle. A carefully edited Agricultural Depart-
ment and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports are special features

CHAS. C. FULTON & CO.
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
AMERICAN OFFICE BALTIMORE, MD.

Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION

Schedule effective Monday, Nov. 27, 1916.

EAST BOUND.

9 3

12 M. 1 A. M.

Lv. Baltimore..... 4:00

Salisbury..... 9:03

Ar. Ocean City..... 10:58

WEST BOUND.

6 10

1 A. M. 2 A. M.

Lv. Ocean City..... 6:20

Salisbury..... 7:39

Ar. Baltimore..... 10:58

Daily except Sunday.

T. MURDOCH I. E. JONES,

Gen. Pass. Agent. Div. East, Agt.

WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice

that the subscribers have obtained from the

Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of ad-

ministration on the estate of

MARGARET ALICE CARROLL.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons

having claims against said deceased, are hereby

warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers there-

of, to the subscribers on or before the

Twelfth Day of March, 1917.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all

benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said

estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 5th day of October,

1916.

WILLIAM D. DASHIELL,

CHARLES M. DASHIELL,

Administrators of John T. Dashiell, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RIAR,

Register of Wills.

<

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Bring your grain to our mill for exchange and get

THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN

If you are buying Flour try a bag
of "PAMCO." It will please you

We manufacture Flour, Meal and all kinds of Feed

The Princess Anne Milling Co.
Princess Anne, Maryland

You Cannot Fool Nature

It is the Quality of the
PLANT FOOD

That Makes Profitable Crops

Insure Your Crops By Using

TILGHMAN'S



FERTILIZERS

COSTS MORE—WORTH IT

W. B. TILGHMAN COMPANY,
SALISBURY, MARYLAND



When You Telephone

There are three persons to every telephone conversation—the party calling, the trained operator and the party who answers. All three share alike the responsibility for quick and accurate service.

The person calling should give the correct number in a distinct voice, speaking directly into the transmitter, and wait at the telephone until the party answers or the operator reports. The called person should answer promptly.

Patience on the part of the telephone user and the telephone operator is also essential to good service.

Cooperation Quickens Telephone Service.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC
TELEPHONE COMPANY

H. W. CARTY, District Manager.

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Salisbury, Md.

FOR STYLISH AND QUALITY PRINTING Bring
your orders to the Marylander and Herald Office.

SEVEN WONDERS OF TODAY.

They Will Probably Become the Commonplaces of Tomorrow.

Not a great many years ago a spectacle and skeptical old scientist wrote a long thesis in which he claimed that the world's great discoveries all lay in the past, that the future had no new wonders to disclose and that all the really fundamental inventions, discoveries and researches had already been made.

"For," said the pessimistic philosopher, "there are no more strange lands to explore, no more conceivable inventions for the benefit of mankind. The telegraph, electric light, telephone and electric motor are already here. The camera and microscope, telescope and typewriter, printing press and sewing machine, airship and steamboat are already discovered. What else is there left that is really new?"

But Mother Nature seemed to have kept her most wonderful secrets for just such an occasion. As if deliberately to disprove the foolish scientist the next ten years brought out the most astounding collection of new inventions and discoveries the world has ever known, for, in the period immediately following the bold claim of this doubting Thomas, Hertz discovered electric waves, Marconi invented wireless telegraphy, Roentgen stumbled upon the X ray, Mme. Curie isolated radium, Sir William Ramsay found five new chemical elements, Edison made his first moving picture machine, the Wright brothers conquered the air, and countless greater or lesser discoveries astounded the scientific world.

So the seven great wonders of today will become the commonplaces of tomorrow.—J. S. Newman in St. Nicholas.

MOST COMPLEX ART IS MUSIC

In the Key of "C" Alone There Are 322 Distinct Scales.

With 322 separate and distinct scales in the key of C alone, it is no more than natural that the realm of harmony should be considered as infinite. Yet few laymen are familiar with this, according to Carl W. Grimm of Cincinnati, speaking on "The Realm of Scales." Mr. Grimm lamented the ignorance of the millions who persist in the contention that music is no longer susceptible of a single original note—that in a short time no new tunes will appear because every possible variation will have been made use of.

"No great composer"—Mr. Grimm paused a moment and then repeated by way of emphasis—"no really great composer, I say, has yet complained that the resources of music have been exhausted. The present day composer fails to realize that any scale may be turned into a monstrosity through improper treatment, which explains the great majority of our popular music. Scales are not the product of imaginative inspiration; each must be considered as a scientific achievement, and its pitch should be carefully and exactly determined through the application of certain fixed laws which form the backbone of all true music."

Mr. Grimm made it clear that music instead of being the most primitive has evolved into the most complex art known to twentieth century civilization.—New York Post.

YOU CAN CHEAT DEATH

It is no trouble to cheat death when you keep in touch with this drug store. The simple remedies that we sell will keep your liver in good condition, your blood in proper circulation and the color of health in your cheek from January to December. Twenty-five cents worth of prevention is equal to \$100.00 worth of cure.

Fine Display of Toilet
Articles For Men
and Women

Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Manicure Sets, Toilet Waters, Perfumery, every article or accessory for members of the home

T. J. Smith & Co.

Princess Anne, Maryland

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

LORA C. PUSEY,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-sixth Day of March, 1917,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 19th day of September, 1916.

ANNIE V. PUSEY,

Administratrix of Lora C. Pusey, deceased
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,

Register of Wills

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

WILLIAM KING,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Ninth Day of July, 1917,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1917.

UPSHUR D. TILGHMAN,

Administrator of William King, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,

Register of Wills

ENDED THE ARGUMENT.

How Dewey Settled an Ugly Native Official at Manila.

Frank Lombard of San Francisco, who was in Manila during the winter of 1898-9, tells this story of the late Admiral Dewey:

"In Cavite, you know, there are no dockage facilities. Vessels lie at anchor, and native freight boats called 'cascoes' carry things to and from the shore. One of the native officials contracted with Admiral Dewey to carry stuff to the flagship. After doing his duty he dressed himself in the latest European fashion to visit the admiral, silk hat, white shirt, cravat, cuffs, etc."

"When he presented his bill Dewey remarked that there were many overcharges which he could not pay. The freighter captain protested that the admiral was wrong and that he had agreed to the terms. Dewey politely replied that he would pay the original bill, nothing more."

"Mistaking the quiet, gentlemanly manner of the admiral, the freighter became insulting in his manner and insisted upon payment. With a slight movement of the hand the admiral remarked to the watch, 'Drop that man overboard,' and in a minute the plug hat was floating in Cavite bay, while the insolent native was swimming to his vessel."—Exchange.

HIGH COST OF SHOES.

It Sends the Dealers on a Hunt For Substitutes For Leather.

"Years ago the shoe dealers' cry was 'beware of substitutes for leather!' Now our cry is 'give us substitutes so that we can sell shoes more cheaply to the masses.'"

Thus spoke A. H. Geuting, Philadelphia retailer, secretary of the National Shoe Retailers' association. "I'm wearing a substitute sole now," he added.

"Substitutes wear longer than leather—they give greater satisfaction and save the wearer money," Geuting continued. "Shoes for which we paid a wholesale price of \$5 in 1915 now cost us \$8, \$3.50 shoes now cost us \$6, and shoes for which I paid \$2.25 formerly now cost me \$4.25."

"Not long ago the highest priced shoes in our stores sold for \$8; now they sell for \$18 and \$20. A shoe store on Fifth avenue, New York, is selling shoes at \$35 a pair."

"With sole leather costing 90 cents a pound, kid skins \$1.30 a square foot and with the insurance and freight on imported goatskins from the orient alone costing 40 cents—as much as the skins formerly cost—the high cost of shoes is explained."—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Andean Knowledge of the World.

Knowledge of the world is not one of the strong points of the Andean natives. Harry A. Franck, wandering through Colombia on foot, had this fact thrust upon him by a certain barber. "Last year another Meesteer"—in the rural Andes the native form of this word is used as a common noun to designate not only Americans and Englishmen, but Germans, Swedes, Frenchmen and even Spaniards—"stopped here," he began. "You will perhaps know him. His name was Meesteer Giuseppe."

"We don't it."

"But surely you must know him," persisted the barber, "for he was a foreigner also."

The rural Colombian conceives of the world as made up of two countries, his own, the chief one, and a smaller one, perhaps only a city, that lies outside its boundaries.

Quite the Contrary.

"I hear all the prisoners broke out who were in jail last week."

"What! A general jail delivery?"

"Oh, no; an epidemic of measles!"—Baltimore American.

Did the Best He Could.

She (during the spat)—You should have married some stupid, credulous girl. He—Well, my dear, I did the best I could.—Boston Transcript.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



In every home Sloan's Liniment has earned its place in the medicine chest as a relief from pains and aches.

Quickly penetrates without rubbing and soothes the soreness.

Cleaner and more effective than mussy plasters or ointments; it does not stain the skin.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, sprains and strains use Sloan's Liniment. At all druggists, 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

**Sloan's
Liniment**
KILLS PAIN

INDIVIDUAL THRIFT.

It Means to the Man What Conservation Does to the Nation.

The movement to encourage the people of this country to curb extravagance and to save money is rapidly growing, and it is a good thing that it is so. We need such a campaign, and its gospel of thrift should be spread broadcast throughout our land. The American people must save. They can no longer afford to waste.

It was the tremendous natural wealth of this country that made Americans a nation of spendthrifts. Now the end of nature's bounty is actually in sight. All of the better public lands have been taken up. The government is carefully estimating our resources of coal and oil. Water power is being developed and husbanded. Wealth is not half so easy to create as once it was, and for that reason there is a nation wide appreciation of the necessity for conserving it. Thrift means to the individual life exactly what conservation does to the nation.

This movement for saving money means a good deal more than the curbing of individual extravagance. It means more capital available for the uses of commerce. It means that when you have saved \$1,000 you will find it a good deal easier to borrow another \$1,000 if you have a good investment in view.

CLOTHES ON THE LINE.

Putting a Bit of Poetry Into a Very Prosaic Task.

A ride along the interurban cars on a fine Monday will show you line after line of snowy clothes fluttering in the breeze, and if you are a woman who has ever tried her hand at the washing game you'll envy the woman who has the bright afternoon before her to do as she pleases since she has spent her morning so profitably.

Did you ever pin freshly washed clothes on a line out in the sunshine and breeze—clothes that you washed with your own hands?

You haven't? Well, you needn't say it with such a scornful tilt to your nose. You're to be pitied more than envied, for you've missed one of the joys of being a woman.

Maybe the real work of it, the scrubbing and boiling and rinsing part, couldn't be called pure joy, but hanging the pieces up, clean and sweet and white, then standing back to view proudly the whole long row—ah, then you taste the glory of real achievement, and it gives a satisfaction that few achievements give.

It's such a worthy work, making the world a cleaner, more wholesome place, by beginning on your own soiled raiment.—Indianapolis News.

Big Chains Are Handmade.

In this day of machine manufacture it will perhaps surprise some to learn that the making of big chains is largely, if not entirely, confined to methods dependent on hand labor, says the Scientific American. There are probably no big chains being made in the United States by the use of machinery. There are various appliances employed, but these are hand operated or personally controlled. This situation appears to be due to two things. First, as the proverbial expression has it, "a chain is no stronger than the weakest of its links." A handmade chain is naturally made link by link. If the workmen are not only careful, but conscientious as to details, there is a considerable opportunity for attention equivalent to continuous inspection. The making of big chains is largely an old time blacksmith's job.

Wasted Power.

Professor Charles Baskerville, head of the department of chemistry in the College of the City of New York, stated in a recent interview regarding the work of modern chemists:

"In any chemical problem there is no telling where the chemist will stop. Just now there are many chemists working on the problem of free gas. An immeasurable lot of power is wasted in the dumps of our coal mines. If this waste were reduced to gas by the retort process enough ammonia might be produced as a byproduct to pay for the whole cost of the operation, making the gas free. The gas could then be used to generate electric power. Really, one big railroad ought to be running on the power it is now throwing away in these supposedly worthless dumps."

Employment Manager.

The function of securing the right kind of help and seeing to it that that help makes continued progress toward maximum efficiency is second to no other in any factory, and for this reason the manager of the employment department must have absolute authority over those functions or at least must have first hand access to the ear of the supreme administrative authority.—R. C. Clothier in Industrial Management.

Coolness Under Difficulties.

The grammar school principal went from room to room explaining what to do in case of fire. The pupils listened with respectful attention until he came to his final instructions, then smiles and giggles disturbed the principal's serenity.

"Above all things," he said, "if your clothing catches fire remain cool."

Avoids Knockers.

Bill—Opportunity is knocking at your door daily, you know. Jill—Well, I don't pay any attention to "knockers," and if I did like as not he'd try to unload some new novelty of encyclopedia on me.—Exchange.

The man with a new idea is a crank until the idea succeeds.—Mark Twain.

VALUE OF LIME FOR FARMING

IS EXCELLENT FOR CORRECTING
ACIDITY IN THE SOIL.

SOME SIMPLE PRECAUTIONS

With the Aid of the County Demonstration Agent Farmers Can Test Their Soil.

College Park, March 15.—In a bulletin recently issued by the Extension Service, the writer, L. B. Broughton, treats the subject of lime for farming very thoroughly. A complete copy of this bulletin can be obtained by writing to the Extension Service, College Park, Md. Mr. Broughton, in the bulletin, says in part:

"One of the principal and in fact the most important factor that lime plays in increasing crop production is in neutralizing the soil acidity. In the majority of cases the acids of the soil are organic acids produced by the rotting of vegetable matter in the soil; yet other material and conditions may also cause a soil to be acid. Dissolved phosphate or rock in very large quantities may cause soil acidity particularly on light sandy soil. Sulphate of ammonia and muriate of potash also help to make a soil acid, so also does the natural decay of soils and rocks containing but little lime. How To Determine What Soils Need Liming.

"The most accurate method for the farmer to determine if his soils need lime is by the litmus paper test. This test has been used for a number of years and is the best simple test that can be recommended at the present time. Litmus paper, both red and blue colored, can be obtained at any drug store for about 10 cents per package. Its value as an indicator depends on the great sensitiveness of litmus towards acids and alkalies, the blue being changed to red by an acid and the red paper being changed to blue by an alkali.

"There are a few simple precautions in the testing of a soil. A good method of procedure is as follows: Prepare two or three cups or deep saucers and a spoon by rinsing each carefully in pure rain water. Place a few spoonfuls of the soil to be tested in a cup, add a little of the pure water until a thin paste is made with the soil, dip an unused strip of blue litmus into the paste, being careful not to touch with the fingers the part of the strip dipped into the paste, allow it to remain in contact with the mixture for ten minutes, then remove and rinse off the soil particles in another cup of the pure water. If the soil be not in special need of lime, no change can be detected in the color of the litmus, in which event the test may be repeated, using red litmus, which if turned even slightly blue indicates an alkaline condition of the soil, and hence no need of liming. If the blue litmus be changed to a distinct red, the lime requirement is high, but even a faint reddening indicates a low content of carbonate of lime, so that liming is apt to be profitable.

"The use of fresh and well prepared litmus paper and either pure rain or distilled water are of prime importance. Old and faded litmus paper should not be used. Several samples should be tested both from different parts of the same field and from different fields, having as widely different soils as possible."

TREATING POTATOES FOR SCAB.

College Park, March 5.—In an article issued for the County Demonstration Agents for use in the local Boys' Agricultural Clubs in the State, S. B. Shaw, Specialist in Horticultural Extension, says: "Diseased potatoes may usually be recognized by their appearance. Tubers infected with Late Blight have a reddish brown surface color which extends towards the center of the potato. Slightly sunken, dark-colored spots on the skin are also an indication of this disease. Planting clean seed and the summer spraying of the growing plants is the best means for controlling this trouble."

"Scab is recognized as a rough pitting of the potatoes. Sometimes these pits are deep, and in very severe cases the potatoes are furrowed or cracked. Seed may be disinfected by soaking the uncut potatoes in a solution of one pint of formaldehyde to thirty gallons of water for two hours. This treatment may be applied sometime previous to planting, provided the potatoes are not exposed to re-infection by being put into bags, buckets or other receptacles that have previously held scabby potatoes and which have not been disinfected."

"Rosette, stem 'rot' or little potato, may be recognized by the irregularly shaped, elevated, dark brown patches of fungus threads, varying in size from a pin head to a grain of wheat, which appear on the surface of the potato. They are seen clearly only when the potato is wet. Only clean seed should be used. If there is any doubt as to the freedom of the seed from the disease, it should be treated as is recommended for scab."

"The presence of wilt or fusarium, is detected by cutting a thin slice across the stem end of the potato and noting if there is a brown discoloration. Potatoes showing such discoloration should be discarded for seed."

Home from Perryhewin
Mr. E. P. Dryden, of Cape Charles, Va., returned home after visiting relatives in this community.
March 18—Mrs. Collins, of Ocean View, Del., is spending some time at the home of her son, Rev. C. C. Derickson.
For the benefit of Perryhewin Christian Church the Ladies Aid will hold a fruit basket sale at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Alder Wednesday evening, March 21st. Ice cream and confectionaries will be served.
The Ladies Aid of Perryhewin Church met at the home of Mrs. Woodland Culver Tuesday evening. An interesting program was rendered and the evening delightfully spent.
The Literary Society met at the school house at Perryhewin Thursday evening. The meeting was called to order by the vice-president, Mr. J. H. Alder. The program rendered was as follows: Recitation, Miss Alta Pusey; recitation, Walter Miller; reading, Miss Gertrude Mariner. The remainder of the evening was devoted to business.

Mrs. Sarah Parsons, widow of the late John Parsons, died at the home of her nephew, Mr. Edgar Johnson, at Salisbury, Tuesday, March 6th, after a lingering illness of several months. Funeral services were held last Thursday afternoon at Perryhewin Christian Church, conducted by Rev. C. C. Derickson, pastor of the church. Interment was in the cemetery adjoining the church. Mrs. Parsons was 69 years of age and had been a member of Perryhewin Church since its organization. She was highly esteemed by all who knew her. Mrs. Parsons is survived by one brother, Mr. Furell Johnson, of Salisbury.

Deal's Island High School
The following is the program rendered at Deal's Island High School on February 22nd. We did not receive the copy for same until last week and, as the exercises were exceptionally good, we are pleased to give the article space in our columns at this late day:

Purpose of Occasion, Prof. S. S. Utz; Flag Salute, "My Country 'Tis of Thee," "My Flag," Margaret Teas; "Washington," Sallie Webster; "Message of the Flag," by three girls; Recitation, Trussel Webster; "The Flag," Helen Bradshaw; "Our Flag," Ruth Harris; "Washington," Emma Webster; "Flag Salute," Clifford Bowman; "Betsey Ross," three girls and three boys; Song, "Star Spangled Banner," Composition, Jesse Webster; "When Washington was President," Irene Scott; "The Boy who Never Told a Lie," Atha Abbott; Recitations, Mabel Taylor and Haywood Webster; Composition, Julia Shores; "Our Flag," James Walter; Recitations, Lester Collier and Margaret Webster; "Pays to be Strong," Delia Webster; "A Washington Catechism," by five high school scholars; Recitations, Pearl Walter, Edith Shores, Lillie Walter, Ruth Tyler and Pearl Walter; song, "Maryland, My Maryland."

State Agent Alford Resigns
State Agent G. H. Alford in charge of Demonstration work in Maryland has resigned from this position much to the regret of the county agents throughout the State and the many citizens of Maryland who had come to know him and to appreciate his work. He has accepted a position of greater importance and responsibility as Agricultural and Field Agent of the South. His territory has not yet been assigned, but it is understood that it will be comprised of Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky and probably Maryland. His work in this position will be supervisory, in nature, of county agent work in all of these states.

Senator Smith Stands By District
Senator John Walter Smith, of Maryland, will head the Committee on the District of Columbia for another two-year period, it was learned Wednesday, notwithstanding his ability to take any one of a number of other big chairmanships, if he should wish it.
The decision of the Senator to remain as the spokesman of the District Committee is influenced largely by the fact that the affairs of the National Capitol and of Maryland are so inter-related that he feels he can serve a double interest in remaining where he is. He can do more good for the State in his present position than in any other which the Senate might award him.

"White House Pickets" Abandon Posts
For the first time in weeks the purple and orange banners of the Congressional Union-suffragists were absent from the gates of the White House last Tuesday. "Picketing the President" has been temporarily abandoned for new courses, to be made public soon, of pursuing the elusive ballot.

Advised Letters
The following is a list of letters remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:
Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.
H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Clear Your Skin in Spring
Spring house cleaning means cleaning inside and outside. Dull pimply skin is an aftermath of winter inactivity. Flush your intestines with a mild laxative and clean out the accumulated wastes, easy to take; they do not gripe. Dr. King's New Life Pills will clear your complexion and brighten your eyes. Try Dr. King's New Life Pills tonight and throw off the sluggish winter spell. At drug stores, 25c.

Get your strawberry cheeks from all

There are thousands of children who are bright but frail—not sick but underdeveloped—they play with their food—they catch colds easily and do not thrive—they only need the pure, rich liquid food in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

to start them growing and keep them going. Children relish SCOTT'S and it carries rare nutritive qualities to their blood streams and gives them flesh, food, bone-food and strength-food. Nothing harmful in SCOTT'S.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

TEN MEN DROWN NEAR OCEAN CITY

Went To Aid Of Tanker And Boat Swamped And All Went Under
Ten men from the coast guard cutter Yamacraw were drowned Sunday night in an attempt to rescue the crew of the stranded tank steamer Louisiana, which went ashore on Little Gull Shoals, off Ocean City, early Sunday morning, the 11th instant.

Twenty-four of the crew of the oil tanker Louisiana of the Texas Oil Company, headed by Second Mate Peter Lust, of New York City, and Third Mate Axel Ericson, of Philadelphia, were landed at Claymont, Delaware, Wednesday on the steamer Florida. These men were recently stranded on their boat and had the horrible experience of seeing ten life savers, sent to their rescue, drown. The Louisiana was stranded off Ocean City, Md., and the life guards were sent to the rescue of the men on the boat.

On two occasions did the life guards go to the side of the Louisiana, but not one member of the crew were willing to leave the tanker, and finally the coast guard cutter Yamacraw was sent to the aid of the boat. When this boat came close to the Louisiana one member of the crew decided that he wanted to go ashore and so the government cutter sent a life boat to the side of the Louisiana, carrying eight sailors and a gunner.

The man wishing to leave the boat was supplied with a life belt and lowered to the rescue boat. The sea was very heavy at this time and a gust of wind and a heavy swell struck the life boat, which was swamped, all the men including the one from the Louisiana were swept away in the heavy surf while the members of the crew of the Louisiana looked helplessly on, being unable to give any aid to the drowning sailors. Three boats were put out from the Yamacraw, but without avail.

Government Crop Report

A summary of the March crop report, for the States of Maryland and Delaware, compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates, Washington, D. C., and transmitted through the Weather Bureau, United States Department of Agriculture.

Wheat on Farms—Bushels—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year: Maryland, 2,050,000, compared with 2,568,000 a year ago and 2,368,000 two years ago; Delaware, 372,000, compared with 394,000 a year ago and 467,000 two years ago. Price March 1 to producers, Maryland, \$1.75 compared with \$1.10 a year ago and \$1.48 two years ago.

Corn on Farms—Bushels—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year: Maryland, 11,700,000, compared with 11,431,000 a year ago and 10,794,000 two years ago; Delaware, 3,070,000, compared with 3,175,000 a year ago and 3,262,000 two years ago. Prices March 1 to producers, Maryland, 105 cents compared with 75 cents a year ago and 86 cents two years ago.

Oats on Farms—Bushels—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year: Maryland, 339,000, compared with 428,000 a year ago and 290,000 two years ago; Delaware, 22,000 compared with 27,000 a year ago and 22,000 two years ago. Price March 1 to producers, Maryland, 69 cents compared with 55 cents a year ago and 61 cents two years ago.

Flag To Follow Cross

Public display of patriotism is being introduced into many Protestant Episcopal and other churches of the city of Baltimore in the form of national colors or the "Stars and Stripes."

The flag will be carried in the processions in many Episcopal Churches immediately after the cross, and will probably be a feature of the services until danger of conflict is over. In England it has been the custom to carry British flags in the processions since the beginning of the war.

A Bilious Attack

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

INVITING YOU AND YOUR FRIENDS
TO THE
1917 EASTER OPENING
OF
**PATTERN HATS AND
MILLINERY NOVELTIES**
THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
MARCH 15, 16 AND 17
DASHIELL DEPARTMENT STORE
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

DEEP ROOTED CROPS

Conditioning the Subsoil for Aiding Vigorous Growth

Little attention is given to the subject of the subsoil in both popular instruction and in bulletin literature for the farmer. There is little information as to how it may influence a crop for good or ill, and it practically never occurs to the farmer how that which is beyond the reach of the plow may be mellowed and how a crop may be benefited by doing so. Yet there is most practical and well attested experience on this very subject, if one only reflects on the immediate crop with which it has been made.

Alfalfa is known to thrive best with plentiful liming, and beside great productivity its other advantage is its ability to withstand drought. Why is this? It is the nature of alfalfa to push down its roots with great vigor, far into the subsoil, if this is mellow enough to allow it. A good stand of alfalfa is alone obtained if it can root very deeply. This enables it to get at the ground water, which is always available, even in the driest season, for plants that can reach it.

It is the distinct function of lime that it mellows and crumbles earth, and it is characteristic of its action that it constantly works downward. Mellowing the subsoil, in its downward progress, makes for the life of alfalfa, whose roots must push into it. But a mellowed earth does not only offer less resistance to root penetration. It offers less obstruction to the rise of ground water. Crops whose roots never or scarcely reach the subsoil still push their roots deeper, due to the improved rise of ground water through it, when it is well mellowed by occasional heavy winter liming.

Despondency Due To Constipation

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect.

[Advertisement.]

Public Speaking Contest

The Tome School, Port Deposit, has sent out invitations to all the secondary schools in Maryland to participate in the second annual State contest in public speaking, the finales of which are to be held at the Tome School on the evening of May 19, following the eleventh annual inter-scholastic field and track meet, which takes place at two o'clock that afternoon.

Tome offers two prizes, \$25 and \$15, and will entertain the contestants as its guests. Each school will be entitled to one representative, and any boy of High School grade whose regular standing is certified to by the principal is entitled to represent his school. To schools entering the contest will be sent certain general subjects of timely interest and each contestant shall secure all possible information about some one of these and then choose a special topic as the subject of his contest speech. The work of preparation shall be the contestant's own unaided effort. The two prizes will be awarded for accuracy and relevancy of subject matter and effectiveness in arrangement and presentation.

At the same time, invitations were sent out for the eleventh annual inter-scholastic track and field meet, one of the greatest inter-scholastic athletic meets of the South, which promises to be greater and more brilliant this year than ever. Athletes from the schools of Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Delaware, New Jersey, New York and West Virginia compete, and at times visitors to the meet have numbered as many as 4,000. Gold, silver and bronze medals are awarded individual winners, a loving cup goes to the individual point winner and a plaque to the school point winner. Tome School does not compete for the plaque. All contestants are entertained as the guests of the school. Last year five new events were added chiefly for boys of 80 and 100 pounds. These will be continued and the javelin throw added.

Stop Left Over Coughs

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will stop that hacking cough that lingers from January. The soothing pine balsam loosens the phlegm, heals the irritated membrane, the glycerine relieves the tender tissues, you breathe easier and coughing ceases. Don't neglect a lingering cough, it is dangerous. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is antiseptic and pleasant to take, benefits young and old, get it at your druggist today. Formula on the bottle. 25c.

Changes Among Senators

In the new United States Senate, now sitting in special session at the Federal Capitol, there are changes in sixteen States, as follows:

California—Hiram Johnson, R., succeeds John D. Works, R.
Delaware—Josiah O. Wolcott, D., succeeds H. A. du Pont, R.
Florida—Park T. Trammell, D., succeeds N. P. Bryan, D.
Indiana—H. S. New, R., succeeds John W. Kern, D.

Maine—Frederick Hale, R., succeeds Charles F. Johnson, D.
Maryland—Joseph I. France, R., succeeds Blair Lee, D.
Minnesota—Frank B. Kellogg, R., succeeds Moses E. Clapp, R.

New Jersey—Joseph Frelinghuysen, R., succeeds James E. Martine, D.
New Mexico—A. A. Jones, D., succeeds T. B. Catron, R.

New York—William M. Calder, R., succeeds James A. O'Gorman, D.
Pennsylvania—Philander C. Knox, R., succeeds George T. Oliver, R.
Rhode Island—Peter G. Gerry, D., succeeds Henry F. Lippitt, R.

Tennessee—K. D. McKellar, D., succeeds Luke Lee, D.
Utah—W. H. King, D., succeeds George Sutherland, R.

West Virginia—Howard Sutherland, R., succeeds W. E. Chilton, D.

Wyoming—John B. Kendrick, R., succeeds Clarence D. Clark, R.

In considering probable results of these changes, there should be no doubt of a radical difference in California. Senator Works was not a leader, by any means. But judging by what Senator Johnson already has accomplished in Progressive Republican politics, and the enormous majority by which he was elected to the Senate, in the face of a popular plurality for Mr. Wilson in his State, he should be soon found among the leaders.

The next change of importance is in Indiana, where Harry S. New succeeds John W. Kern. Kern was the floor leader of the Democratic Senators and was prominent throughout his term. New has his record to make.

Most lamentable is the change in Maryland. Blair Lee is an able man and was known in the Senate. Senator France is not likely to be heard from.

Pennsy Has Prosperous Year

Operating revenue of the Pennsylvania Railroad for 1916, according to the seventieth annual report of the company, was \$443,338,864 for the entire system, an increase of \$68,399,726 over 1915. The operating expenses, including taxes, were \$334,461,826, an increase of \$47,436,409. The net increase from railway operations was \$20,933,317.

The lines east of Pittsburgh and returns on investments in other properties brought a net income of \$52,276,504. This sum, after applying \$2,138,969 to sinking fund and other reserve funds, represents 10 per cent. on the capital stock.

Equipment added during the year consisted of 264 locomotives, 403 passenger cars and 6,262 freight cars. The system transported 407,624,143 tons of freight and 195,951,168 passengers. It received for carrying a ton of freight one mile an average gross revenue of 6.03 mills and for carrying a passenger one mile 2.074 cents.

Discussing in the report the general subject of rates, President Rea urges more adequate returns to meet the pressing demand for large terminals and more equipment. More than \$49,000,000 was spent in 1916 on road and equipment east and west of Pittsburgh, nearly \$30,000,000 being devoted to eastern lines. At the close of 1916 the road had 90,388 stockholders, whose average holdings were 110 shares. All but 3 per cent. of the stock is held in the United States.

President Rea also comments on the threatened strike of the railroad brotherhoods last year and the passage of the Adamson law, saying:

"The threatened strike was averted, but in the hasty proceedings leading to its (the Adamson law) enactment the principle of arbitration, as the paramount and equitable method of settling labor disputes, was sacrificed, not in the public interest, nor for the benefit of a majority of railroad employees but for a group of men constituting only a small percentage of the total number, and no action was taken by Congress to prevent or settle future strikes."

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

**Some of the Reasons Why
You Should Join Our
American 100-Payment Saving Club**

BECAUSE You can start a Bank account in an easy way—with 25 cents, 50 cents, \$1.00 or \$2.00.
BECAUSE You get back all the money you pay in—at maturity of the Club.
BECAUSE Your people will get the full amount you agree to save, in case of death before completing your payments.
BECAUSE This additional money is guaranteed by one of the best Life Insurance Companies in the country.
BECAUSE You do not have to pay anything for this additional protection.
BECAUSE This Club provides money for a home, investment or old age.

**Call and we will tell you other
Good Reasons Why**

**PEOPLES BANK
of SOMERSET COUNTY**

We Pay 3 per cent. on Savings Deposits
Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent
K. N. & K. Travelers' Checks

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

3 A high-grade car, no matter what its age, is still high-grade. It has in it high-grade design, high-grade material and high-grade workmanship. These are the things which make a motor car and enable it to do its full duty year in and year out.

On the floor of our new used-car display room is the largest assortment of fine used-cars in the south. All of these cars are reliable and have been carefully inspected before being offered for sale.

We have used cars from \$200 up and renewed cars which have been entirely rebuilt and repainted, from \$600 up.

Write us a post card today and let us know about how much money you want to spend, we will then send you either our Used-Car Bulletin or our booklet on Renewed Cars. Mail the post card today.

To Merchants and Undertakers: We have many special high-grade chassis which could be built into delivery wagons, light trucks, etc., and will give better service than any new truck which you could buy at the same price. Prices \$200 up.

STANDARD MOTOR COMPANY
Cadillac Building
1014 NORTH EUTAW STREET BALTIMORE

GORDON TULL, Solicitor
Order Nisi
Holloway et al. vs. George T. Richardson et al.
No. 3141, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity. January Term, 1917. To wit the 24th day of February, 1917.

Ordered, that the sale of property mentioned in these proceedings wherein Holloway et al. were plaintiffs and George T. Richardson et al. defendants, the same being No. 3141 on the Chancery Docket in the Circuit Court for Somerset County, made and reported by Gordon Tull, trustee to sell the real estate of Wilmour J. Richardson, late of Somerset county, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the tenth day of April next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in Somerset county, and also in Worcester county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of March next.

The report states the amount of sale to be \$215.
HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

**J. E. GREEN
AUCTIONEER**
Eden, Md. R.F.D. No. 2
Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
JULIA DERRY,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the
Twenty-third day of July, 1917,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 20th day of January, 1917.
HERBERT C. DERRY,
Administrator of Julia Derry, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of
ADELINE HENRY BYRD,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the
Twentieth day of August, 1917,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 14th day of February, 1917.
ZADOCK P. HENRY, M. D.,
Executor of Adeline Henry Byrd, deceased.
True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

**WE OFFER HEARTY GREETINGS
TO OUR NEW NEIGHBORS**

The Bank of Somerset offers greetings and a hearty hand-clasp of good fellowship to those who are just now taking up their work and making their homes in and about Princess Anne.

You will find this community full of helpful neighbors and among them we wish to assure you this Bank stands ready to assist and serve you in any way open to us.

We have a service fitted for every legitimate line of business and your account at this bank will receive the courteous and considerate attention of our officers in person.

We will welcome an opportunity to meet you—come in and see us.

**BANK OF SOMERSET
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND**

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, MARCH 20, 1917

Vol. XIX No. 34

OTHER NEUTRALITY MAY FOLLOW CHINA AND FORCE THE END OF WAR

Suggestion That South American Nations Were Considering Accepting The Suggestion Of The United States To Break With Germany

Hope for more or less general action among the neutrals of the world to break off relations with Germany as a protest against submarine ruthlessness was received in Washington last Wednesday.

Reports to the State Department and the Navy Department that China had broken with the German government led to the hope that President Wilson's desire for a general break by the neutrals, expressed in his original address to Congress on the German break, might yet bring forth fruit. Administration officials believe that a concerted cutting off of relations by several of the important neutral nations would soon bring the German submarine campaign to an end and possibly avert the war which day by day approaches more closely to the United States.

The Chinese break, officials believe, may open the way for further neutral action, and it was suggested that certain South American nations were considering following the lead of the United States in combating the submarine warfare.

The old regime of Conservatives in Russia has been supplanted by a government of Liberals through the means of the revolution that started Sunday and ended successfully Thursday. The Emperor is at Pskov, 162 miles southwest of Petrograd. Contrary to certain rumors, His Majesty has not been arrested. The Emperor remains at Tsarskoe Selo, where he is in perfect safety.

The Council of Nobility already has held special meetings in 15 provinces and endorsed the new revolutionary government. Grand Duke Nicholas, idol of the Russian army and ranked as Russia's master strategist, looms up as the big military figure of the hour.

The relinquishment of the throne by Nicholas II, automatically deprived him of his rank as commander-in-chief of the Russian armies. The heir to the throne is an infant, and Grand Duke Michael, named as regent, while a soldier of repute, is not of commanding military experience.

Thus the nation is turning to its most tried and trusted military leader. Grand Duke Nicholas arrived at the capital and the probability is pointed out that he will take command of the troops.

Death Claims Sheldon D. Waller

Mr. Sheldon D. Waller died at "Beckford," the home of Mr. H. Fillmore Lankford, last Thursday morning about 6 o'clock, of Bright's disease, in the 17th year of his age.

Mr. Waller was a son of the late Robert J. Waller, and Mrs. Sallie P. Waller, who resided near Venton, this county. Mr. Waller was a student at St. John's College, Annapolis, and came to Princess Anne about six weeks ago in failing health, and the best medical attention that could be given him was of no avail in checking the disease. He is survived by one brother, Mr. Robert J. Waller, clerk in the Peoples Bank of Somerset County. He is also survived by two uncles (Messrs. Sidney Waller and George W. Dashiell, of Venton) and three aunts (Mrs. Nettie Winters, Mrs. Nettie Waller, both of Baltimore, and Miss Minnie Dashiell, of Frederick county, Md.).

Funeral services were held in St. Andrew's Church last Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, conducted by the Rev. Henry E. Spears, rector of Somerset Parish. The interment was in All Saint's Protestant Episcopal Cemetery, at Monie, by the side of his father and mother. The pallbearers were Messrs. Clarence Lano, W. A. Brown, Sherman Powell, Vernon White, Harold Hufington and J. Douglas Wallop, Jr.

Thompson Farm Sold For \$14,400

Last Tuesday the farm owned by Mrs. Bella S. Thompson, situated on the south side of the Wicomico river in Mt. Vernon district, was sold at public sale, in Princess Anne, to Messrs. Lewis and Ray Pusey for \$14,400. The farm contained 160 acres, about 80 of which are covered with growing timber. This farm is beautifully located on the river and is improved with a two-story frame dwelling, large barn and outbuildings, and the land is in a fair state of cultivation. This property was sold by Mr. Robert F. Duer, attorney.

Smith-Butler Wedding

Miss Omega Myra Butler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Wesley Butler, of Westover, was married last Wednesday afternoon to Mr. Obey M. Smith, of Raleigh. The ceremony was performed at the Methodist Episcopal Parsonage, Princess Anne, by Rev. D. J. Chas. The bride wore a traveling suit of mustard colored cloth, with hat and shoes to match, and carried a sweet pea bouquet. Mrs. Smith will reside near Westover, this county.

CZAR OF RUSSIA DETHRONED

His Brother, Grand Duke Michael, Appointed Regent

Nicholas II, Czar of Russia, has been forced to abdicate the throne by a revolution of the people and the military against the reactionaries. The Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch has been appointed regent. The reactionary element has been overthrown. It is believed in London that Russia's part in the war will be pushed with renewed vigor.

Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in the House of Commons Thursday the abdication of the Emperor and said the soldiers sided with the Duma, that there had been no serious loss of life and that "it was comforting to know that the movement was not directed at securing peace by Russia." The people of Moscow and other large Russian cities joined in the revolutionary movement, which started in Petrograd.

The British and French Ambassadors have established official business relations with the executive committee of the Duma. The Grand Duke Cyril informed the Duma that he would place at its disposal the marines under his orders, and afterward visited M. Rodzinski in the Duma and told him that he was entirely at Rodzinski's orders.

Miss Myrtle Barnes Married

Last Wednesday the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Barnes, at King's Creek, was the scene of a very pretty wedding when their daughter, Miss Myrtle Barnes, became the bride of Mr. Guy Commander, of Elizabeth City, North Carolina.

The ceremony was performed in the parlor, which was tastefully decorated with flowers and potted plants for the occasion, by the Rev. E. L. Bunch.

After a sumptuous wedding dinner Mr. and Mrs. Commander left for a tour to northern cities, after which they will reside in Elizabeth City.

CHANGES IN REAL ESTATE

Number of Deeds Recorded At The Office of Clerk of Court

Wallace V. Taylor from William M. Whitehead and others, 11 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$500 and other valuable considerations.

L. Creston Beauchamp from Frank Lano and wife, land in Princess Anne; consideration \$500.

Harry R. Sterling from John A. Ward and wife, 1 acre in Ansbury district; consideration \$375.

Mark P. Malom from Harry H. Wilford and others, 425 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$2000.

John E. Holland and another from George P. Wetter and others, 1 acre in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$125.

Edward McDowell Moore from Paul M. Penick and wife, 2410 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$20,000 and other valuable considerations.

Go Hear Miss MacAlarney

All the ladies of Princess Anne, as well as those in the county, who are interested in the suffrage movement, are requested to meet at the Washington Hotel next Thursday night at 7.30 o'clock. At that time Miss Emma MacAlarney, of New York, representing the National American Suffrage Association, will deliver an address. There are thousands of women in the United States who are adherents of the suffrage movement and they are gaining instead of losing recruits, if we may judge by the number who recently invaded Washington and endeavored to reproduce the "March of the Israelites around Jericho." Because the suffragettes were defeated in their motive in that city is no reason why those of Princess Anne should not go and hear Miss MacAlarney Thursday night, as she does not belong to the organization who were picketed at the White House. The national organization does not approve of the militant methods.

County Teachers' Meeting

The County Teachers' Association will assemble at the Auditorium, in Princess Anne, on Friday, March 30th. The morning session will begin at 10 a. m. and the afternoon at 2 p. m. An interesting and instructive program has been prepared by County Superintendent W. H. Dashiell, a copy of which will appear in our next issue. The subjects considered will be of practical value to those engaged in teaching, including those of interest both to rural and high schools. State Superintendent M. Bates Stephens has been invited to be present and deliver an address.

PLANTING TREES ALONG ROADS

Action Taken By Commission For Preservation Of Highways

Regulations prohibiting the planting of trees along state roads throughout Maryland within 24 feet from the center of the roadway have been promulgated by the State Roads Commission. While the road-building body has signified its willingness to co-operate with State Forester Besley in the propagation of trees for shade purposes, it feels that some set rule must be established regarding tree planting in connection with protection of the highways.

Tests and an investigation by Chief Engineer Shirley, of the commission, have shown that when shade trees grow to a large size immediately adjacent to highways they interfere with drainage of the roads and water dripping from the trees, together with the shade given by the branches, causes the tar carpet to rot and slough off.

Chairman Zouck has sent a letter to Forester Besley, informing him of the commission's action, but stating that his board is entirely willing to co-operate on the tree-planting plan by which each section of the state is to be supplied with young trees gratis. Discussing the situation Chairman Zouck said: "We have had a number of requests from various parts of the state for permission to plant trees along the state highways, the various communities desiring to take advantage of State Forester Besley's generous offer to furnish a mile of trees in each county. In view of these requests, it became necessary for the State Roads Commission to take some action in connection with this matter, and a resolution has been passed by the commission which prohibits the planting within 24 feet from the center of the roadway."

"Shade trees are all right and would be quite an ornament for our state roads, but if they are planted closer than 24 feet, when they become large they will interfere with the drainage of the road, and the water dripping from the trees, together with the shade, will keep the roads wet for a long while after a rain, and this will injure the tarred surface and cause it to rot and slough off. For these reasons we thought it wise to establish some rule in connection with this matter in order that there will be no trouble or confusion later on."

The following musical numbers were also introduced in the comedy: "When Old Bill Bailey, etc." Everett Cannon, Jr.; "Alabama Jubilee," Douglass Wallop, and "Farm Yard Troubles," quartette, Everett Cannon, Douglass Wallop, Vernon White and C. D. Campbell.

Wilmington N. E. Conference

The Wilmington Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at its annual session this month, will elect three conference trustees to succeed Dr. Vaughn S. Collins and Rev. J. M. Kelso, terms expired, and Dr. S. M. Morgan, deceased. Three members of the conference Deacons Board will be elected to succeed Dr. E. L. Hoffecker, Henry R. Isaacs and Mrs. C. Wesley Welton, terms expired. The conference will elect three members of the Bureau of Sessions to succeed Dr. Louis E. Barratt and Hon. Walter O. Hoffecker, terms expired, and Dr. Thomas E. Martindale, deceased. Six members of the board of Managers of the Wilmington Conference Education Society will be elected to succeed Rev. F. J. Corkran, Rev. W. O. Hurst, Dr. F. C. MacSorley, Joseph Smithers, Harry Mayer and Harry J. Guthrie, terms expired. The conference will elect five trustees of the Wilmington Conference Academy to succeed Drs. George T. Alderson, V. S. Collins and Alfred Smith, terms expired, and Dr. T. A. H. O'Brien, deceased.

Food Prices Advanced 19 Per Cent

Retail food prices in the United States advanced 19 per cent. in the year ending with January 15, as shown in statistics prepared last Tuesday by the Bureau of Labor statistics. The increase was greater than for the three years previous combined. The four years' gain was 30 per cent. Coffee and tea did not advance during the year, but every other staple did, some of the increases being as follows:

Article	Per Cent	Article	Per Cent
Sirloin steak.....	7	Cheese.....	27
Round steak.....	8	Milk.....	11
Rib roast.....	8	Bread.....	13
Chuck roast.....	7	Flour.....	23
Pork chops.....	10	Cornmeal.....	38
Bacon.....	8	Potatoes.....	57
Ham.....	4	Onions.....	58
Hens.....	16	Beans.....	59
Salmon.....	7	Prunes.....	5
Eggs.....	32	Raisins.....	16
Butter.....	18	Sugar.....	16

Gun Club Wins Honors

Members of the Princess Anne Gun Club were among those who captured honors in the Maryland-Delaware shoot held in Baltimore last Saturday, when the Maryland team won the team race from the Delaware State gunners. The high score in the first 50-target race was a 50 straight, credited to Earle B. Polk, and 41 to Dr. Barnes.

The individual scores (100 targets)—S. Philip Smith, 46 out of 55; C. E. Hayman, 71; C. C. Waller, 77; Dr. Roy A. Buhrman, 75; Dr. Barnes, 77; Earle B. Polk, 91; Walter McAllen, 82; Frank D. Layfield, 75, and O. J. Reading, 78.

MINSTREL AND COMEDY A SUCCESS

Audience At The Auditorium Well Pleased By The Rendition

The minstrel and comedy entertainment at the Auditorium last Friday night was well attended and the audience well pleased with the production rendered by home talent, under the direction of Charles D. Campbell.

In the first part, or minstrel performance, were: Mark L. Costen, the inter-locutor; Everett Cannon, Charles Fitzgerald, William Quinn and Douglass Wallop, waiters or end men, and Oley Pilchard, Vernon White, Misses Frances Alvord, Nell Dashiell, Pearl Devilbiss, Dorothy Todd and Henrietta Fitzgerald.

The chorus included Misses Mary Leach, Joice Widdowson, Sarah Leach, Katherine Leach, Charles Smith, Gilbert Fitzgerald, Everett Cannon, Jr., Paul Widdowson, Stewart Miles, Arthur Jones, John Leach, James Sterling, Robert Duer and Wendell Powell.

Among the vocal selections rendered were: "All I Want is a Beautiful Girl," Messrs. Cannon, Fitzgerald, Quinn, Wallop and chorus; "Turn Back the Universe," Vernon White; "Could The Dreams of a Dreamer Come True," Oley Pilchard; "Steamboat Bill," Everett Cannon; "Baby Shoes," Ella Pearl Devilbiss; "Brutus Caesar Anthony Lee," William Quinn; "Mother O Mine," Frances Alvord; "Are You From Dixie," Douglass Wallop.

In the second half of the performance was "Gus Edwards' School Room," with the following cast:

Prof. Blatz.....C. D. Campbell
Mose Gumbo.....Everett Cannon
Tony Spaghetti.....Douglass Wallop
Percy Van DeCler.....Vernon White
Mickey DeBite.....James Sterling
Harry Long.....Jay White
Harry Short.....Charles Smith
Johnny Cake.....Everett Cannon, Jr.
Johnny Careless.....Wendell Powell
Hugh Duck.....Gilbert Fitzgerald

The following musical numbers were also introduced in the comedy: "When Old Bill Bailey, etc." Everett Cannon, Jr.; "Alabama Jubilee," Douglass Wallop, and "Farm Yard Troubles," quartette, Everett Cannon, Douglass Wallop, Vernon White and C. D. Campbell.

The entertainment was for the benefit of the Princess Anne Grange and County Agent H. S. Lippincott was untiring in his efforts to make the affair a success.

Lewis On New Federal Board

David J. Lewis, former Democratic congressman from the Sixth Maryland district, has been named by President Wilson as a member of the Federal Tariff Commission. The appointment was announced last Wednesday along with those of Prof. Frank W. Taylor, of Harvard University; former Representative William Kent, of Kentfield, Cal.; Daniel C. Roper, of McCall, S. C.; E. P. Costigan, of Denver, Col., and W. S. Cuberton, of Emporia, Kan., who will constitute the full board.

Members of the Tariff Commission will receive \$7,500 a year. Their pay probably will be raised to \$10,000 a year after next July and placed on a level with the other commissions of like importance. Mr. Lewis was named for an eight-year term. The normal tenure is 12 years, but the first group of appointees were named for varying terms from two years to 12, making the commission virtually a continuous body.

Lewis' appointment causes no surprise within the state, as it has generally been recognized since his defeat for the United States Senate that the "Little Giant of Western Maryland" would be called for by President Wilson.

While the appointment is a substitute for the seat in the Senate it was made by President Wilson in recognition of Lewis' work in connection with the parcel post law and other big measures which have recently become a strong part of the national statutes. There will be no delay about the confirmation of Lewis' nomination by the Senate, as he had the full indorsement of his own congressional delegation and the support of Senator John Walter Smith for the place.

Pocomoke Policeman Shot By Negro

Policeman Mack Littleton, of Pocomoke City, was shot five times late last Saturday night while attempting to quell a disturbance among colored men at the close of a revival service in St. John's Colored Methodist Episcopal Church.

Littleton was removed to the Peninsula General Hospital, Salisbury, on the midnight train, and reports Sunday from there say his condition is serious.

A colored man named Kersey is now under arrest. He was found to be carrying a loaded gun shortly after the shooting.

The authorities are now hunting for Fred Tall, colored, who, it is thought shot the officer.

Mr. A. E. Tull, of Marion, was a visitor to our town yesterday (Monday).

ANOTHER AMERICAN VESSEL SUNK BY A U-BOAT WITHOUT WARNING

Algonquin, Unarmed, And With Cargo Of Foodstuffs, Sent Down By Shell Fire—Ten United States Citizens Aboard—All Saved

NAVY AWARDS LARGEST CONTRACT

Greatest Order Given By Any Nation—Cost Nearly \$112,000,000

Contracts for what is believed to be the largest single order for fighting craft ever given by any nation were placed last Thursday by the Navy Department. Private builders undertook to turn out four great battle cruisers and six scout cruisers, costing nearly \$112,000,000, for hulls and machinery and to build and outfit the same. The Navy department pledged themselves to keep 75 per cent of their working forces on navy construction.

In response to an appeal to their patriotism by Secretary Daniels, the major shipbuilders have agreed to accept 10 per cent net profit on the battle cruisers, whose cost will represent about \$76,000,000 of the total sum involved in Thursday's contracts. A fifth battle cruiser will be built at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, so as not to strain the limit of facilities of private establishments.

Of the authorized building program remaining to be contracted for are three dreadnoughts, 38 submarines, 15 destroyers and several auxiliary vessels. Bids will be opened early in April on these craft, and at the same time orders will be placed for more than 100 coast patrol boats. A committee of small boat builders already has approved the plans for these crafts, which will be of high speed and 100 feet in length, insuring good sea-going qualities.

The plans for the three 42,000-ton dreadnoughts are not completed. At least two, possibly all three, will have to go to government yards, although that point has not been finally decided. The department has available a \$12,000,000 additional appropriation for fitting yards for this work. In addition a considerable number of destroyers and submarines must be laid down at the yards, as the private plants are overtaxed with the work before them.

OPINION IN STATE ROAD CASE

Judge Pattison Directs Funds To Be Turned Over To Commission

Judge Pattison last Tuesday filed the opinion of the Court of Appeals in the appeal of Comptroller McMullen against the State Roads Commission, in which the court through a per curiam opinion, had already directed that a fund of \$200,797.33, originally belonging to the state road fund and turned into the general treasury, should be returned. The principles involved were discussed at some length in the opinion filed. The court holds that there is no general law which declares that money not drawn in the fiscal year for which it has been appropriated, cannot be drawn thereafter, and that it was clear that the legislature intended that the appropriation by the Act of 1910 should be entirely expended by the Roads Commission, if it were found necessary. Attention is called to the fact that when the money was transferred to the general treasury at the close of the fiscal year, 1915, there were obligations in excess of the amount properly charged to the Roads Commission. The opinion states that it was thus showed that the money was absolutely necessary for the purpose for which it was appropriated. The clearly expressed intention of the legislature that the entire appropriation should be expended, if found necessary, should not therefore be defeated because of the omission or failure on the part of the commission to file at the close of the fiscal year a statement showing the extent of their outstanding obligations, the opinion holds. It is stated that no further legislation is necessary for the restoration of the fund to the State Roads Commission.

Important Session Of Pomona Grange

All grangers of the county should remember the coming Pomona meeting which will be held at Lawsons, as the guests of Lawsons Grange, on Wednesday, March 28th. Lawsons is making ready to entertain a large delegation of visiting grangers in fine style.

The County Lecturer, S. R. Chaffey, has a fine program planned. One of the addresses, that of Miss V. M. Kellar, the Assistant State Agent, should be heard by every woman in the county, and every one of them is invited to be present at the afternoon session to hear it. There will be a very interesting and instructive lecture for all the taxpayers of the county, men and women, grangers or non grangers.

Last Sunday was observed in many churches in Baltimore city and counties of the State as Flag Day, and sermons of a patriotic nature were delivered.

The American steamship Algonquin has been sunk by a German submarine. All the crew of 27 were saved.

The Algonquin, owned by the American Star Line, sailed from New York for London February 20 with a cargo of foodstuffs and without arms.

She was sunk by shell fire Monday morning of last week without warning, and the German submarine commander refused to assist the survivors in the lifeboats.

Captain Norberg, the Algonquin commander, was a naturalized American citizen. There were 10 other Americans in the vessel's crew of 27. The report of the sinking was issued by the American Consul at Plymouth.

There are two American steamships Algonquin. The one sunk was recently transferred from British registry. She was a vessel of 1906 tons gross, 245 feet long and 40 feet of beam. She was built in 1898 at Glasgow, and was a single-screw steamer. Her cargo was worth more than \$1,250,000. Among the American citizens on board were William T. Holmes, of Chicago, mate, and Charles Shultz, of Brooklyn, chief engineer. Her owners agreed to give the officers a war bonus of 50 per cent. in wages and the crew a bonus of 25 per cent. with the proviso that in case the vessel was captured or destroyed the men were to be paid the bonus, with their wages, until they returned to the United States.

President Wilson does not regard the unwarned attack upon the American frigate Algonquin, as a cause of war between Germany and the United States; but it is certain from official comment that this attack is regarded as in earnest of Germany's intention to make war upon the United States, and as sound evidence of the inevitability of a state of war in the near future.

The fact that the Algonquin was attacked by Germany without warning and in fulfillment of her proclamation of ruthlessness has killed the last shred of hope that the American merchantmen now being armed and about to depart for Europe will be permitted to pierce the war zone without interference. In other words, there is no longer any uncertainty as to Germany's intention to carry out her proclaimed policy and, therefore, no expectation but that the armed merchantmen carrying our flag will have to fight their way through the blockaded waters.

It is indicated, however, that the pinnacle of decision will not be reached until an actual engagement occurs between one of our armed ships and a German submarine. That may not come for 10 days or more, inasmuch as no ship thus armed and manned by naval gunners has yet cleared from an American port.

When such an engagement does occur, however, the last decision will be made between peace or war. No person in Washington knows whether the President personally will urge Congress to declare war, and the belief is widespread that he has not made up his own mind and that he may withhold decision until he has had time and opportunity to ascertain just what the will of the nation is.

Duer Decides Not To Make Contest

The following item, from the Baltimore Star of last Friday, gives the reason why our townsman, Mr. Robert F. Duer, has decided not to contest for a seat in the House, from the viewpoint of his brother, Col. Henry L. Duer, of Baltimore:

"Robert F. Duer, of Somerset county, will not make a contest for the First Maryland district House seat in the next Congress. Col. Henry L. Duer, brother of the Somerset man, announced to-day that the Republican nominee of last year had decided to let his contest go by the board.

"Congressman Jesse D. Price, Democrat, was officially returned as re-elected in the district last November by a small plurality, but it was claimed by Republicans at the time that trick ballots were used in Worcester and several other counties by the Democrats and that the returns from these units should be thrown out.

"Colonel Duer explained today that his brother had definitely decided some weeks ago not to force the contest. He pointed to the fact that the control of the House is still in doubt, and added that there was now some question as to whether the G. O. P. forces deemed it wise to organize the House, even if they could. Instead, he said, many of the leaders feel that the Democrats should be permitted to control the next House, and take the blame for the errors of omission and commission of the administration they represent."

The Prodigal's Return

But He Was
A Substitute

By WILLARD BLAKEMAN

When Sam Bartlett at sixteen went away from home without bidding his parents or his little sister Ethel goodbye, not communicating with them afterward, he wrecked the comfort of the family. His mother died within a few years, and her death left the old man desolate indeed. His eyesight and his hearing were both impaired. His daughter Ethel, poor girl, had a hard time with him. To read to him was difficult, since she was obliged to shout, and he could not see to read himself.

Ethel loved her father, but it was natural that she should wish for something more inspiring than taking care of a broken down old man. She was but eleven years old when her brother went away and fourteen when her mother died. When at times she would have a temporary respite from the care of her father, like many another girl, she would dream of the prince who would come to marry her and give her the comforts of a home that would be her own—and his.

One morning there was a knock at the door. Ethel was upstairs and did not hear the summons. It sounded again and this time loud enough for Mr. Bartlett to hear. He went to the door and opened it. There stood a young man.

"I am looking for the home of Mr. Bartlett," said the stranger. "Have I struck the right house?"

"Speak louder," replied Bartlett, putting his hand to his ear. "I'm hard of hearing."

"I am trying to find a Mr. Bartlett, and I think you are he. I judge by the resemblance your son."

"My son?"

"Yes, your son Sam."

"Yes."

"Oh, Sam, my boy, how could you have left us as you did with never a word all these long years? You killed your poor mother, and I have one foot in the grave. How could you? How could you?"

The father put his arms around the stranger's neck and wept.

The visitor was standing in this absurd position, not knowing whether to mingle his tears with those of the weeping father or to laugh when he saw an attractive looking girl descending the staircase.

"But I'll not reproach you, Sam," continued Mr. Bartlett. "I dare say I was severe with you, and a spirited boy won't stand too much correction. I'm glad you've come back and to stay—haven't you? Oh, stay with us! Ethel and I are so lonely, and we need your help. Your old father needs a strong young arm and brain to support him."

By these words and the half amused, half sympathetic look on the face of the stranger Ethel understood that her father had made a mistake. Dreading to have him suddenly disabused, fearing a reaction consequent upon disappointment, she gave the young man a meaning look and put a finger on her lips as a signal for silence. Her father's back was to her, so he did not see her, and she, wishing to release the visitor from his embarrassing position, laid her hand softly on the old man's shoulder. He turned and saw her.

"Oh, Ethel," he exclaimed joyfully, "who do you suppose this is? Your long lost brother Sam has returned."

He disengaged himself from his supposed son that Ethel might embrace the prodigal. But Ethel stood mute.

"Forgive him, Ethel, as I have forgiven him. Forget the past and what he might have been to us during the years that are gone. It was I who drove him away by my harshness. Forgive him for my sake."

"I forgive him, father," said Ethel. "But there was no warmth in the words, nor did Ethel greet her brother with a sisterly kiss. An expression of infinite pain crossed the father's face. The stranger saw it and stepped in the breach.

"Forgive me, Ethel," he said. "I have done very wrong."

He advanced to her with outstretched arms. Ethel drew back.

"Ethel!" cried her father in an agony. The stranger folded her in his arms and kissed her. Had the old man better eyesight he would have known by the blueness that the kiss was not a brotherly and sisterly one. And had not the two whose sight was perfect strongly approved of each other's personal appearance, had not each seen in the other's expression that approval, besides something akin to love's first spark, probably the girl might not have blushed. The old man put one arm around his supposed son and the other around his daughter, forcing them to prolong their embrace.

"Thank heaven, my dear children, for this reunion!"

"Father," said Ethel, "let us hear what Sam has to say in explanation, or, rather, I had better hear it first and repeat it to you. You know you have grown very deaf since he went away, and he would have trouble making you hear."

"No," protested the old man. "I'm not so deaf that I can't hear people who speak plainly. Sam won't have to raise his voice at all if he doesn't mumble his words."

But the supposed Sam objected. He said that it was a long story he had to tell and he was tired. He would tell it to Ethel and she could repeat as much of it as she liked to their father. The old man, opposed by both his children, was obliged to give in and left them together. As soon as he had gone Ethel closed the door and looked inquiringly at the stranger.

"I was trying to begin," he said, "the delivery of a message from your late brother. He was my partner in business in a western city, and I regret to say that I came to announce his death."

Ethel sighed. It was rather that she hoped for support would not materialize than grief, for she scarcely remembered her brother. But the stranger, who gave his name as George Mason, assured her that her brother's interest in the business would be sufficient to make her father and herself quite comfortable. The story of Sam Bartlett's career was, as Mason had said, a long one, and after giving it to her the question came up as to what course to pursue in the matter of breaking the news of Sam's death to the father.

Ethel could not make up her mind to tell the old man that his son, instead of having returned to him, was dead. At any rate, she felt that it must be put off. But she invited Mr. Mason to remain in the house—indeed, her father would misunderstand her not doing so—until he returned to the west. The old man was informed that Sam was in business in the west and must return there, but possibly he might take his father and sister with him. George Mason before leaving his business had taken in one of his clerks as a partner, and there was no hurry for his return. He remained with the Bartletts as a prodigal son, Ethel taking care to inform her friends and acquaintances as to the true state of the case.

Several weeks passed, and Mason made no move to return to business. Ethel was beginning to fear that some stupid person might let the cat out of the bag to her father. Besides this, playing brother and sister to two persons who were not related was not likely to go on without criticism. To guard against any such issue George Mason told Ethel that they had better announce that they were engaged, which was his way of proposing. Ethel didn't quite like that way of doing it, but she acquiesced.

Every day it became more risky to disabuse the old man and confess the deception. He was falling rapidly, and it was feared that the shock of knowing that his son had not returned to him, but was dead, would kill him. Mason and Ethel, who were very much in love with each other, wished to be married, and it was necessary that Mason should return to his business. It would not do to leave the old man behind, and if they took him with them, blind as he was, they could not live together as man and wife without his knowledge of their relationship. The puzzle seemed insoluble.

However, though Mr. Bartlett would not solve it by dying, he grew so blind that the young couple decided to be married and take him west with them without letting him know the secret. The ceremony was performed privately, where he would know nothing about it, and the three departed the same day for their new home.

Months passed, and, although Mr. Bartlett's ears and eyes got no better, his health was no worse. The difficulty of keeping the situation from him was trifling compared with the absurdity of his talking about the relationship that he supposed to exist between his two children.

"When Sam first came home," he said to a friend, "I feared Ethel would not forgive him for all the trouble he had given us, but now she acts toward him just like a bride and he like a young husband. They kiss when he goes down to business in the morning and when he comes home in the evening. I never saw such a loving brother and sister."

While the old man was content to live, as he supposed, with his children, he often wished that one or the other would marry, that he might have a little grandson to love him and cheer him in his old age. But to gain this he must give up a part of what he already enjoyed. An outsider must be introduced into the house, and this he knew would endanger the family peace and comfort. The thought of bringing in another woman appalled him, for he had a theory that no woman could come into a house without sooner or later taking over its management. But he saw no difficulty in introducing another man. So he occasionally hinted to his daughter that she should marry.

"I have no wish to marry, father," she would say. "I am perfectly content as I am. Why do you wish me to marry?"

"Well, you see, I'm lonely during the long days when Sam is at business, and I'd like to have a child for company."

Finally about a year after the marriage the old man gave out. One day he took to his bed, which he never again left. His supposed son's absence all day at his business was a great trial to the invalid. From the time Mason went away in the morning till his return in the evening the patient would wait and watch for him. At last when the candle of life was flickering low the dying man heard a child's cry.

"What's that?" he asked, starting up. "Father," said Ethel, "that's little Sam, named for you, the third of the line."

"Little Sam! What do you mean?"

"Father, I have a confession to make."

But she could not make it. She knew that her father had but a few minutes to live. Hurrying out of the room, she returned carrying her boy. Taking him to his grandfather, she held him so that the old man could kiss him. He kissed the child and died.

PROPER BREATHING.

It Plays a Large Part in the Promotion of Good Health.

Proper breathing is one of the great big factors in promoting and retaining good health.

It is no great number of years since the subject of deep breathing has engaged not only the attention of physicians, but trainers of athletes and the public generally. Recent authorities give special emphasis to the efficacy of deep breathing for asthmatics and for children and young adults who are predisposed to tuberculosis.

Professor Arnold Hiller in the Berlin Clinical Weekly notes that it increases the passage of blood through the liver; that it increases the secretion and excretion of bile; that the stomach when filled with food may likewise be favorably influenced because the movement of the stomach contents through the pylorus is facilitated.

"Deep breathing," says the New York Medical Record, "is the most scientific resource for the prevention of uric acid disease. One must begin with diaphragmatic breathing, which naturally precedes rib breathing. The inspiratory movements are now slowly increased until all the muscles involved in rib breathing gradually participate. One begins with three daily periods of fifteen or twenty minutes each. The position of the breathers is immaterial. He may do his forced breathing while standing or walking."

"In some individuals a very deep breath appears to arrest the pulse, because of the compression of the subclavian artery; hence inspiration should be limited to a certain number per minute."

HOW MODERN SHIPS SINK.

Times When Water Tight Bulkheads Are a Menace to Life.

Nearly every class or design of vessel sinks in a particular way. For instance, the old type of single bottom steamer, with few or no bulkheads—that is, in the modern sense of the term—almost invariably founders on more or less of an even keel, which means that it sinks level and not with its bow or stern up in the air.

This is accounted for by the fact that at whatever point the water may enter it practically finds its own level, as there are no subdivisions to obstruct it.

Now, in the case of a modern vessel, which is built with numerous subdivisions, it invariably happens that she founders with her bow or stern high out of the water, or else she sinks with a heavy list, or cant, to one side or the other. The reason for this is that the bulkheads prevent the water which enters the vessel from finding its level. Consequently when one particular portion of the ship is full of water, while the remainder is practically water tight, that part which is water laden sinks first, owing to its greater weight.

It is for this reason that such terrible loss of life frequently occurs in modern shipwrecks. Owing to the uneven sinking it is often found impossible to lower the majority of the lifeboats, as they would fall to reach the water.—London Answers.

Church Theaters.

Few people know that plays in England, Germany, Italy and France were fostered for religious purposes by the church centuries before they were taken up as a separate secular business. Moreover, few visitors to St. Paul's cathedral, in London, realize that the church during Elizabeth's reign and the first years of the reign of James I. set aside one of its adjacent buildings for use as a secular theater. Its little stage was famous, and the company of choir boys as actors presented many of the great plays of Shakespeare's time. They acted from about 1598 to 1608 under the management of Edward Pierce, their great master in music, who, as church almoner, had business control of these adjacent buildings owned by the church.—London Standard.

Warding Off Cancer.

Nurses, particularly those engaged in public health work, can do much to prevent unnecessary deaths from cancer, according to a bulletin of the American Society For the Control of Cancer. Many patients, especially women, it is pointed out, speak to a nurse about the danger signals of this disease, such as lumps, persistent sores, ulcerations and other irregularities, when they would hesitate to call a doctor. Attention to these apparently trivial conditions, says the bulletin, often means the actual prevention of cancer, or at least its discovery in the early stages, when a cure is possible.

Deserved to Get It.

"I want to ask you for a bit of advice," said the insinuating man.

"What is it?"

"I want you to put yourself in my place and me in yours and tell me how you would go about it if you wanted to borrow \$10 from me."—Exchange.

Not in the Inventory.

"Did Jobson's purchase include also the good will of the business?"

"There wasn't any good will. It was a coal dealer that Jobson bought out."—Boston Transcript.

To Be Accurate.

Cholly—Do you think it would be foolish for me to marry a girl who was my intellectual inferior? Dolly—More than foolish—impossible.—Cleveland Leader.

Men who are so afraid of doing foolish things that they lack the courage to attempt wise ones will never do much.

PUBLIC HEALTH WORK.

Too Many People Die From Causes That Are Preventable.

Probably 850,000 people die yearly in the United States from preventable causes; also something like 2 per cent of the population is disabled from sickness at any given time, and a large part of this is preventable.

The standing problem before public health boards is: How, with the means at their disposal, to make the greatest possible reduction in this social waste?

Perhaps there has been more co-operation in this governmental field than in any other—a freer circulation of ideas and experience, so that one community has profited by the discoveries of another. Yet the work is far from systematized.

A pamphlet by the Russell Sage foundation suggests that, with adequate reports on mortality and sickness, communities which have the same general health conditions may by careful study and comparison work out a formula for applying their health appropriations with reasonable certainty of getting the best possible results for the money.

The first factor in the formula would be the amount of damage produced by any given cause of sickness and death. The second factor would be the readiness with which this cause yielded to preventive measures. For example, cancer causes much damage, but in the present stage of medical science is not classed as a preventable disease. On the other hand, smallpox causes little damage, but its potentialities of damage are high, and it readily yields to the simple preventive of vaccination. By a sufficiently careful study of adequate data a health board can reduce this to mathematical terms and say, with assurance, "Twenty-four per cent of our appropriation should go to preventing infants' diseases; 12 per cent to tuberculosis." And so on—the figures varying, of course, under different conditions of climate, housing, and the like.

The plan is a suggestion as to what may be accomplished by co-operation among towns.—Saturday Evening Post.

CRUSHING A NATION.

The Cambray League and the Fall of the Venetian Republic.

The League of Cambray was the political combination of continental Europe in 1508 against the Venetian republic, which tore from the "Queen of the Adriatic" her resplendent crown and forced her lips the cup of deepest humiliation.

Back of the league and causing its formation were jealousy, ambition and the desire of crippling the proud people, whose history was the wonder and envy of the world. Too powerful to be overthrown by any single power, it was resolved that Venice should be crushed by the combined forces of all Europe.

During the terrible days of Attila, about A. D. 453, Venice was founded out among the lagoons of the Adriatic where, it was felt, safety would be found from the ravages of the Hun. The history of the thousand years from the foundation of the city to the year 1508 reads like magic. Rising from the waves, Venice became the wonder of the world. Her navy cut the waters of every known sea. Her merchants were the greatest on earth. Her bank was the financial center of the world.

And for more than ten centuries did Venice remain the glory of the world, the center of wealth, opulence and power; the home of culture and intelligence, the hearthstone about which sat the finest of the intellectual graces and hospitalities, and such she might have remained but for the League of Cambray, which, with its overwhelming forces, gave her the blow (at Agnadello in 1509) from which it was impossible for her to recover.—Exchange.

Train Names.

The old picturesque English habit of naming trains of special importance seems to be dying out fast in these materialistic days. While America keeps up the custom, we never speak now of a "Zulu," a "Flying Scotchman" or a "Wild Irishman." We do not call Cunard specials "Herring Pond Limiteds," and even the train long and affectionately known, from its wonderful engine, as the "Charles Dickens" has now merely a number and a time.—Westminster Gazette.

Maine's Knights.

Maine is the only state in the Union which can boast of having three native born sons knighted by English kings. They are Sir William Phillips of Woolwich, once royal governor of Massachusetts, who was knighted in 1694; Sir William Pepperell of Kittery, who captured Louisbourg for the British and Sir Hiram Maxim.—Exchange.

No Longer Skinny.

The word "skinny" has gone out of fashion. In the old days when a girl was so thin and hungry looking she shamed her mother's pantry that was what they called her, but a more modern description is that she has a sensitive, spirituelle face.—New York Sun.

Not the Same.

"When I started out in life young men were glad to get a chance to star at the foot of the ladder."

"The young men of today have the same idea, only they express it differently. They want to get in on the ground floor."—New York World.

Asking Too Much.

"Here, caddy, you haven't given me enough change."

"Well, mister, you can't expect to hire a horse, a carriage and an expert accountant for 50 cents a mile."—Pathfinder.

It Carries a Moral.

I know of an elderly man who twenty years ago stopped smoking. Before that he consumed about a dollar's worth of cigars every day.

Boasting to a friend how he had saved money by not smoking, the friend made a quick calculation.

"Yes," said the latter, "you must now be at least \$10,000 better off."

The ex-smoker reflected a moment and then sadly observed:

"Well, no, I haven't a cent of it. While I imagined I was saving in my smoke bill I must have spent that much more somewhere else."

Moral.—Closing the spigot tight won't keep the barrel full if you open wide the bung.—Girard in Philadelphia Ledger.

Cultivate Enthusiasm.

Enthusiasm is the dynamics of your personality. Without it, whatever abilities you possess lie dormant. You may have knowledge, sound judgment, good reasoning faculties, but no one will know it until you discover how to put your heart into thought and action.

A wonderful thing is this quality which we call enthusiasm. If you would like to be a power among men cultivate enthusiasm. People will like you better for it; you will escape the dull routine of a mechanical existence, and you will make headway wherever you are.—J. Ogden Armour in Leslie's.

His Ear For Music.

"Has your daughter finished her musical education?"

"I suppose so," answered Mr. Twobles, "but sometimes when she is playing one of those classical pieces it seems to me that she is starting to learn all over again."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Translation.

"What on earth did that fellow mean when he said he was a peregrinating pedestrian, castigating his itinerary from the classic Athens of America?"

"He meant he was a tramp beating his way from Boston."—Baltimore American.

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That seal, with all it means to the public, might well be put on every bottle that contains

PERUNA

No other remedy ever offered the American people has more friends after two generations of success; no other remedy is more generally used in the homes of the people; no other has been so enthusiastically endorsed by the thousands.

The reason is found in real merit. For coughs, colds, croup, whether local or systemic, and general debility following any of the above Peruna will be found effective, reliable and safe. For irregular appetite, impaired digestion and run-down system it is an invaluable tonic.

Peruna may be obtained in tablet form for convenience.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

LORA C. PUSEY.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-sixth Day of March, 1917.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of September, 1916.

ADMINISTRATRIX OF LORA C. PUSEY, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

WILLIAM KING.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the

Ninth Day of July, 1917.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1917.

ADMINISTRATOR OF WILLIAM KING, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

When in need of a first-class Hair cut, Shave or Shampoo visit the

WASHINGTON HOTEL

TONSorial Parlor

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

See Our Stock of

FARM IMPLEMENTS

AND SAVE 25%

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

We are retailing HORSE COLLARS

cheaper than others can buy them at

wholesale. We have over 400 in stock

ALL KINDS

CAR LOAD OF

COLUMBIA WAGONS

CAR LOAD OF

PENINSULA WAGONS

THREE CAR LOADS

BUGGIES and SURREYS

TWO CAR LOADS

RUNABOUTS

MORE Pulverized LIME

Oyster Shell
Will be Used This Season than Ever Before
THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO.

THE
TRADE
MARK

→ CAL-CARBO ←

THAT
STANDS
FOR
QUALITY

PURE CALCIUM CARBONATE

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

To Insure Prompt Delivery place your order for Lime at once
W. P. TODD, Agent, Princess Anne, Md.

Do Not Delay

With That Survey

Delays are often Costly

I am at your service

EARLE B. POLK

SURVEYOR

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

CORRECT Coal-burner HOVER

10% Less to Buy—
Costs to Run
You can pay more—but can't
get more. Capacity 50 to 1,500
cubic ft. Self-loading and regu-
lating. Can and cook light.
Portable and everlasting. Coal
only once in twenty-four hours.
Costs but \$c. a day to run.
Don't take on fuel-burners.
This is the only HOVER
Write for literature.
CORRECT HOVER CO.
Department B
Lewistown, Carroll Co., O.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS: This is to give notice
that the subscriber has obtained from the
Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of ad-
ministration on the estate of
WILMORE J. RICHARDSON.
All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers there-
of to the subscriber on or before the
First Day of May, 1917.
or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all
benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said
estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 23rd day of October,
1916.
GEORGE T. RICHARDSON,
Administrator of Wilmore J. Richardson, deceased.
True Copy. Test:
LAFAYETTE BUREAU
Register of Wills.

A Vicious Pest
RAT CORN
It is nothing for a man to hold up
his head in a calm, but to maintain his
post when all others have quitted their
ground and there to stand upright,
where other men are beaten down—this
is divine and praiseworthy.—Seneca.

Distributor, C. H. HAYMAN

Allen's Foot-Powder For the Troops
Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's
Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder, for use among
the troops. It is the most effective powder in the
foot-powder, Allen's Foot-Powder gives rest and
comfort, takes the friction from the shoe, and
prevents the feet getting tired or sore. Drug
and Department stores everywhere sell it. Do
not let a second day substitute. Try it today.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A solid preparation of pure
ingredients for the hair.
It is the most effective hair
preparation in the world.

SAMUEL F. MILES
Justice of the Peace
—AND—
SURVEYOR
Established Surveying 31 years.
In Princess Anne every Thursday and
Saturday until further notice.
Care: Princess Williams and Church Sts.
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Children Ory
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Words Which Have Strayed

Hardly any words in the English lan-
guage have strayed farther from their
original meaning than the terms of for-
estry. Thus a forest was originally a
great tract of country, which might in-
clude woods, cultivated lands, pastures
and even towns and villages, all the
hunting rights over which were reserved
to the monarch. A chase differed from
a forest mainly in the fact that the
hunting rights were vested in a
subject instead of a king. A park was a
fenced preserve, either in or out of a
forest, while a warren was a place of
waste ground over which the right to
hunt the hare, the rabbit and the fox,
the pheasant, the partridge and the
woodcock had been granted by the king.

In the same way the term afforestation
had nothing to do with the planting
of trees. It meant the subjection
of any tract of country to the forest
laws—in other words, it was the setting
aside of this tract as a forest. A
forest might and commonly did include
vast estates of landowners and large
towns whose rights remained untouched
except as to game.—London Mail.

Hard to Kill

Snails are slow, even when it comes
to dying, and one naturalist who had
mounted a shell upon a card was sur-
prised to find four years later that the
warm water employed in soaking the
shell of the mount had revived the in-
mate, which he had long supposed to be
dried and dead.

Don't Be a Quitter

It is nothing for a man to hold up
his head in a calm, but to maintain his
post when all others have quitted their
ground and there to stand upright,
where other men are beaten down—this
is divine and praiseworthy.—Seneca.

Storm Warning

Stade (facetiously)—This steak is like
a day in June. Mrs. Boredom—very
rare. Landlady (crustily)—And your
board bill is like March weather—al-
ways unsettled.—Pennsylvania Punch
Bowl.

Well, Why Not?

Why wouldn't it be a good plan to
make a woman the speaker of the
house of representatives. She is in ev-
ery other house.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

He who brings ridicule to bear
against truth finds in his hand a blade
without a hilt.—Lander.

Muscle Soreness Relieved

Unusual work, bending and lifting or
strenuous exercise is a strain on the
muscles, they become sore and stiff,
they are crippled and in pain. Sloan's
Liniment brings you quick relief, easy
to apply, it penetrates without rubbing
and drives out the soreness. A clear
liquid, cleaner than musky plasters or
ointments, it does not stain the skin or
clog the pores. Always have a bottle
handy for the pains and aches of rheu-
matism, gout, lambo, gripe, bruises,
stiffness, backache and all external
pains. At your druggist, 25c.
(Advertisement)

CONFIDENCE WILL WIN.

On the Other Hand, Men Who Think
They Will Fail Usually Do.

The man or boy who begins an un-
dertaking by saying, "I know I shall
fail," generally does fail, while the one
who says, "I know I shall succeed,"
generally does succeed. A very suc-
cessful business man once said, "I al-
ways had perfect confidence in myself
and always made sure that I should
succeed before I began anything,"
which was not saying that he paid no
attention to the possibility of failure.
This was considered and disposed of
before the venture was made.

I remember that a woman once came
into a business office in which I was
employed. She had with her a tall,
strong looking boy of about fourteen,
who had come to apply for the position
of office boy.

The manager of the office, a keen,
live business man, explained the du-
ties of the situation to the boy and
asked:

"Do you think you could do the
work?"

"I—I don't know," was the hesitating
reply. "I'm afraid that maybe I
couldn't."

"You might try, James," said his
mother, who seemed anxious that he
should secure the place.

"Yes," he replied in a hesitating
tone, "I s'pose I might, but I'm afraid
I can't do all those things."

"Then it is not of the least use for
you to try," replied the business man-
ager, a little sharply.

And the boy went away with his
mother, chiding him for his lack of self-
confidence.

Ten minutes later another boy of
about fourteen came in by himself,
walked up to the counter, took off his
cap and asked to see the manager. He,
too, was an applicant for the place.

The business manager carefully ex-
plained the duties of the situation, and
the boy listened very attentively, while
seemingly to weigh the matter well in
his mind.

When asked if he thought he could
do the work he promptly replied:

"Oh, yes; I know I can."

"And you don't feel afraid that you
won't succeed?"

"Not a bit afraid. I can do it."

"I think you can, too," replied the
manager, approvingly. "I think you'll
succeed."

And he did. He is in the same office
still, but is no longer an office boy. He
is the head bookkeeper, with a large
salary and a fair prospect of becoming
a partner in the house some day.—
Philadelphia Inquirer.

Aeroplane Bombs

One of the officers of the Mexican
National Aviation corps, which is in
the charge of Colonel Alberto Salinas
has invented an apparatus for the dis-
charge of bombs from an aeroplane
by which three can be set loose at once
in divergent directions, thereby greatly
increasing the efficacy of this method
of warfare.

Don't Believe It

"Talk about fishing," said Harvey
Titus, who was just getting under way
"What would you do if you found on
your hook a 750 pound horse macker-
el?"

"Do?" said the listener. "I'd get up,
take a drink of water and lie on my
right side for a while."—New York Tel-
egraph.

He Would, Indeed

If the old fashioned man walked into
a new fashioned grocery store and
helped himself to a large juicy apple in
the old fashioned way the store detec-
tive would have him behind the bars
before he had reached the core.—Grand
Rapids Press.

Human Nature Text

Mighty few folks kin keep their place
an' stand ter their raisin' with a new
suit of clothes and a diamond pin. They
just can't keep from thinkin' that the
old world is only turnin' round to look
at 'em.—Atlanta Constitution.

Able Distributors

Kathryn—Of course this story about
Kate is just between us two. Kitye—
Sure! And between us two it ought
to get a pretty wide circulation.—Puck

FIND YOUR COURSE.

Tread the Road Leading to the Goal
"A Life Well Lived."

There is only one best conduct of
life for you, and that is the one that
is best for you. Those who wander
aimlessly in quest of the single right
formula for existence grope in a maze
through which they must tread their
way endlessly in search of the center
which does not exist.

There is no one recipe which will
serve for all mankind. Each must
learn not his neighbor's but his own
best way of living. To one it may be
the routine task, the daily round, to
curb the wandering will and bring con-
tent. To another it may be the fortitude
to escape the sheltering care of
habit or the lassitude of sloth. To one
it should be the abandonment of philo-
sophy or introspection to rub elbows
with his fellow men; to another, the
willingness to let the soul awaken and
breathe amid the sky rimmed prairie
and under the deathless stars; to one,
heartstone and slippers; to another,
the seven seas, the aurora borealis and
the Southern Cross; to one, society;
to another, solitude; to one, the quiet
which stills the passions; to another,
the eternal restlessness which brings
achievement.

The best rounded life contains some-
thing of each and all. There are but
two attitudes to avoid—the level line
of least resistance and the rigidity of
self distrust which denies every im-
pulse simply because it is impulse.
Somewhere between the two lies your
course. Many are the thickets to be
hewed down, many the crags to be
scaled. But beyond stands the Inn in
the Clearing, where faithful travelers
may find the refreshment, the rest and
the kindly words of welcome which
form the goal and reward of life well
lived.—Collier's Weekly.

UNIQUE AMONG ANIMALS.

Raccoons Have a Curious Habit of
Washing Their Food.

Few American wild animals are more
widely known or excite more popular
interest than the raccoon, which occu-
pies most of the wooded parts of North
America from the southern border of
Canada to Panama, with the exception
of the higher mountain ranges.

Its diet is extraordinarily varied and
includes fresh water clams, crawfish,
frogs, turtles, birds and their eggs,
poultry, nuts, fruits and green corn.
When near water raccoons have a curi-
ous and unique habit of washing their
food before eating it. Their fondness
for green corn leads them into frequent
danger, for when bottom land corn
tempts them away from their usual
haunts raccoon hunting with dogs at
night becomes an especially favored
sport. Raccoons are extraordinarily
intelligent animals and make interest-
ing and amusing pets.

They began to figure in our frontier
literature at an early date. Coon-
skin caps, with the ringed tails hang-
ing like plumes, made the favorite
headgear of many pioneer hunters, and
coonskins were recognized articles of
barter at country stores. Now that
the increasing occupation of the coun-
try is crowding out more and more of
our wild life it is a pleasure to note
the persistence with which these char-
acteristic and interesting animals con-
tinue to hold their own in so much of
their original range.—National Geo-
graphic Magazine.

Learn to Be Thrifty.

Thriftlessness seldom if ever is able
to seize and detain opportunity or to
drive advantageous bargains.

What men call luck generally is a
combination of foresight, industry,
pluck and thrift in the lucky man.

To save is to have, to own is to pos-
sess power. Property speaks loudly
and largely sways the commonwealth.
The thrifty contribute most to the wel-
fare of the state.

The purchaser on credit pays not
only for the property, but for the time
it takes to complete the purchase. It
seldom is the thrifty way to finance
deals. The extra expenditure is equiva-
lent to the loss of so much interest on
one's principal.

A Bird Joker

A most surprising Australian bird is
the kookaburra, or laughing jackass.
All at once in the quiet bush come loud
peals of uproarious, mocking laughter.
One is not inclined to join in the merriment—it all seems as foolish and
weird as if an idiot boy were disturb-
ing a congregation in church. When
the source of the laughter is located it
turns out to be a silly looking bird,
with clumsy, square body and open
mouth, sitting unconcernedly on a
stump. —National Geographic Maga-
zine.

Getting Bald

"Mr. Sorrell proposed to me, mother."
"And you accepted him, I hope."
"No, mother. I could never love a
man with red hair."

His Color

Little Ben (to gentleman caller)—
You aren't black, are you? Mr. Moo-
ney—Black, child? Why, no! I should
hope not! What made you think I
was? Little Ben—Oh, nothing! Only
pa said you were awfully piggyardly.—
London Telegraph.

Hard Lines

"In financial trouble? What is it?"
"Oh, I promised to pay Brown \$10
today, and I've got it, and he knows
I've got it, and he knows I know he
knows I've got it."—Puck.

Friends may be affronted in fun and
lost in sober earnest.

A FARSEEING WOMAN

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

The history of gold mining regions
repeats itself. First we have the land
worth from nothing up to a few dol-
lars an acre. Then some one digs a
hole in the ground to put in a post,
scoops out a cellar for a house, or
something like that, and finds in the
dirt taken out indications of the pre-
cious metal. He doesn't say anything
to anybody, but goes off and gets it
assayed. The report being favorable,
he lets it be known that he has gold on
his property. Those who strike indica-
tions pre-empt claims and organize
companies with a few dollars capital,
most of which is spent for printing
certificates of stock. Every foot of the
ground in the vicinity is staked out for
mines, which cross and recross one an-
other at every conceivable angle. There
are thousands of the certificates, near-
ly all worthless.

When the Clear Creek region of Colo-
rado was in such a stage as this a man
whom I shall call Peter Anderson, a
young lawyer from the south, settled
in Denver and hung out his shingle.
He had a very frugal, patient wife,
who was a real helpmate to him. She
never permitted anything to be wast-
ed, no matter how little value it pos-
sessed, and when her husband rallied
her on saying worthless things she
would say cheerily, "It may come in
handy just in the nick of time."

The principal law practiced in Colo-
rado at that time was with the re-
volver; consequently Peter Anderson
found little practice in his profession.
But money was easily borrowed, and
the Andersons managed to keep body
and soul together by small loans. The
husband found it dull sitting in his
office waiting for clients, so he spent
most of his time in a neighboring bil-
lard room playing pool. He told his
wife that this was a good way to make
acquaintances and thus get business.
She said she thought he was right.

The members of such communities
are inveterate gamblers. Refresh-
ments and the price of the game were
to be paid for by the loser. In addi-
tion to this, the players, all of whom
were possessed of worthless mining
stocks, would put them up to be ab-
sorbed by the winner. A number of
these certificates came into Peter An-
derson's possession, but none of them
ever found their way back to the per-
sons from whom he won them. Every
night after he had gone to sleep his
wife would get up, search his pockets,
take out what mining shares she found
there and lock them up in an old trunk
she kept in the garret. She never
looked at the names of the companies
they represented or bothered her head
as to their value. Indeed, they were
worthless or they would not have come
so easily into her husband's possession.
Every night his pockets were searched
and emptied, but in the morning he
would not miss his loss. If his wife
had taken a few coins he might have
noticed it, but mining stocks were
quite a different matter. When he
went round to the billiard room in the
evening he would think that he had
won some shares the night before, but
finding none in his pocket, fancy he
had been mistaken. He was a very
good pool player and had no difficulty
in borrowing a few shares to begin on.
Usually he would win, pay off the loan
and go on playing on his own capital.
If he left the place with stocks in his
pocket the next morning they would
be deposited, as usual, in Mrs. An-
derson's trunk.

But the pool players didn't bring An-
derson any law business, and the wolf
was continually snarling about his
door. However, the wolves in such
communities are usually coyotes, com-
paratively harmless, for any man will
give or lend any other man if he has
anything he doesn't need at the mo-
ment. Nevertheless Anderson's condi-
tion was not attractive, and except
when he was playing pool he was very
dispirited.

One day there was a big strike up
on Clear Creek. A mining company had
opened a vein that paid many hun-
dreds of dollars to the ton. Peter An-
derson when he went home that night
told his wife about the strike, remark-
ing, "Oh, how I wish I had some of
the stock of the company!"

"I think you have, dear," said Mrs.
Anderson, and she went up to her
trunk and brought down an armful of
mining share certificates. The two
sorted them, tossing them when exam-
ined on the floor in their eager hunt
for the one they coveted. Presently
they came to a ten share certificate
which alone would keep them for
awhile. Then a fifty share turned up,
then another ten, then a hundred, five
hundred—indeed, all denominations. It
was a good while before they got
through the accumulated pile. When
they did they figured up shares in the
lucky company sufficient to give them
a fortune of half a million dollars.

When the excitement of the find had
died down a bit Anderson asked his
wife where she had got all the certifi-
cates. Then she told him that she
had robbed him of them, thinking that
some of them might some day come in
handy.

It is not customary for one who has
been robbed to cover the robber's face
with kisses, but Anderson did.
Anderson strolled downtown the next
day, sold a few shares of his stock and
went about paying small debts. That
was the last of his playing pool for
mining stocks, for he found plenty to
do. The day came when he was sent
to represent his state in the United
States senate.

THEATRE AUDIENCES.

A Sermon For Those Who Arrive Late
and Depart Early.

It is one of our most hallowed na-
tional customs not to go into a theater
until the curtain has risen. If by some
stupid blunder we have arrived punc-
tually we smoke a cigarette in the
lobby.

So the cunning playwright takes care
not to start his story until at least five
minutes later. He occupies these five
minutes with a colorless scene of some
kind just to keep the groundlings
amused. In some cases he will begin
each act in the same way. It depends
on how fashionable his audience is and
how thirsty. For a converse reason he
must finish his play five minutes be-
fore the final curtain falls.

Another of our national customs is
to leave the theater the moment Ed-
win has embraced Angelina, although
the author may have reserved a quaint
comedy touch or a dramatic surprise
for the actual end.

It is no use altering the hour of per-
formance. Begin at midnight if you
like; we shall not come until five min-
utes after. Leave off at 10; we shall
go out five minutes before. It is in the
blood. The idea that an audience owes
any consideration to authors or actors
is entirely foreign to us. The very
suggestion of it is almost an imperti-
nence.—Louis N. Parker in New York
Times.

IN AN ANDEAN CAPITAL.

They Have Queer Ideas About Bath-
ing Places in Colombia.

Ibagu, capital of the Colombian
province of Tolima, claims 2,300 souls,
but the count takes much for granted.
It is a square cornered town of almost
wholly attached one story buildings,
its wide streets atrociously cobbled and
its few sidewalks worn perilously slip-
pery and barely wide enough for two
feet at once.

A stream of crystal clear water gur-
gles down every street through cobbled
gutters, lulling the travel weary to
sleep and furnishing a convenient
means of washing photographic films.
We drank less often, however, after
we had strolled up to the end of the
mountain and found three none too
handsome ladies bathing in the reser-
voir.

It is a peaceful, roomy place where
every one has unlimited space on the
grassy, gentle slope to put up his little
chalky, straw roofed cottage, yet all
too the street line as if fearful of
missing anything that might unexpect-
edly pass. Foreigners seem to be a
great novelty, and I could find no sat-
isfactory reason why so many Iba-
guenos were blind unless they had
overindulged themselves in the nation-
al game of staring.—Harry A. Franck
in Century Magazine.

Red Foxes Mate For Life.

Since the days of Aesop's fables tales
of foxes and their doings have had
their place in literature as well as in
the folk lore of the countryside. Many
of their amazing wiles to outwit pur-
suers or to capture their prey give evi-
dence of extraordinary mental powers.
Their bill of fare includes many items,
such as mice, birds, reptiles, insects,
many kinds of fruits and on rare occa-
sions a chicken.

Red foxes apparently pair for life
and occupy dens dug by themselves in
a secluded knoll or among rocks. These
dens, which sometimes are occupied
for years in succession, always have
two or more entrances opening in op-
posite directions, so that an enemy en-
tering on one side may be eluded read-
ily. The young, numbering up to eight
or nine, are tenderly cared for by both
parents.—National Geographic Maga-
zine.

High Cost of Living Problem.

Every legislative body would do
well to consider ways and means of
increasing agricultural production and
of utilizing farm products which now
go to waste as a step toward solving
the high cost of living. Science alone
can solve the problem, and no time
should be lost in setting science at the
task. Some of the best brains in the
country are studying agricultural eco-
nomies. More should be employed in
the same manner at once. We must
find some way to increase the yield
of food products, not only per acre, but
per man, and we must try to utilize
material which now goes to waste.—
Chicago Journal.

Courses and Dishes.

Three courses seem to have been the
customary menu in medieval times for
a state banquet, less ceremonial feasts
comprising only two and no private
dinner more than one. But each course
might comprise from eight to a dozen
different dishes. Thus at the wedding
banquet of Henry V. there were only
three courses, yet over thirty different
dishes are mentioned in the records,
irrespective of fruits and wines.—Lon-
don Chronicle.

Reverse Methods.

"An heiress has to take measures op-
posed to anybody else's when she
wants to save her money."

"In what way?"

"The last thing she should do is to
husband her resources."—Baltimore
American.

Real Nice.

Bobble—That Mrs. Smith said some-
thing nice about you. Mrs. Brown
(purring)—What was it, Bobble? Bob-
ble—She said you didn't show your
age.—London Telegraph.

He Gets In Early.

"Do you sit up for your husband?"
"No; I am an early riser and am al-
ways up in time to greet him."—De-
troit Free Press.

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TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 20, 1917

The back yard gardeners have secured complete stocks of all fertilizers except elbow grease.

Just what will happen if everyone substitutes the sporting section of the Sunday paper for the Sunday school quarterly?

When the new Congresswoman reveals her intellectual quality by her first speech, all Washington will rush to the galleries to see if she is stylishly dressed.

On getting a package of garden seeds from Washington, one almost feels as if his Congressman had come around and asked his opinions on all pending measures.

From the rate at which her merchant marine is being destroyed, it looks as if England would be thoroughly starved out and very hungry about the year 1918.

SHALL WE ALL FLY

A news dispatch from St. Petersburg, Fla., reports that a Portland, Maine, woman aged 67 has just gone up 1500 feet in an aeroplane. From some of the winter resorts the news comes that many of the women guests are going up with aviators almost daily. Is the time drawing near when we shall look on an air trip as no more of an event than a ride in an automobile?

For some of us cautious people, that day is some distance off. If you are rolling along in your automobile at 20 miles an hour and the motor breaks down, you merely have a disagreeable hour while some one runs to the nearest telephone and gets the nearest garage. If the same thing happens in your aeroplane, you are quite fortunate if you merely get to the hospital instead of the cemetery.

No motor that man can ever invent will be perfectly secure against stopping in mid air. Then it comes down to the question whether a machine can be so equipped and handled that it can descend safely on a still engine. One admires the courage of our friend of 67 who enjoyed that quarter of a mile trip, but many of us would rather saw wood.

SCHOOL GARDENING

The school garden movement was not promoted so much for what few potatoes and beans the youngsters could raise on their little plots. It was more to train the children in industrious habits, and to interest them in processes of nature. But vegetables are regarded with wholesome respect now. The National Educational Association plans to push school gardens harder this summer, as a resource in food production.

Teachers are to secure permission to use vacant lots and back yards. If the schools everywhere would promote this movement, an increase could be made in the food supply. Speculators who are contriving to beat the last dollar out of the poor man, would reflect on all these little stocks stored away in a million cellars.

The school gardens will be planted with boisterous enthusiasm. It always gives a youngster a thrill to do something like his father. He will feel like a grown man while he is digging his furrows and dropping in his seed. There will come a day when the weeds have grown very tall. The teacher is rusticated at rural retreats. A boy's will is the wind's will, and vacation days are full of pressing engagements. The swimming hole has to be visited several times a day, and there is no end of birds nests to be inspected and back yard ball games to be played. Then there is the inappropriate fact that the garden was not laid out in the shade. If this vital consideration had not been overlooked it would have been much more practical for Tommy to weed his plot.

Still the children's gardens have really raised a substantial amount of produce. Children are happier if they have some regular tasks. But their gardens will amount to a great deal more if some competent person is given the job of regularly supervising them. Father can well afford to pay something for real vegetables.

There is no time limit to the visit of a neutral warship to a neutral port. The rule that armed vessels must depart as soon as possible, usually within 24 hours, after making a call at a neutral harbor, applies only to belligerents. Even if American merchantmen when provided with armed guards could be regarded as naval auxiliaries, this would be no reason why they should be barred from entry to neutral waters. The United States being neutral, there would be no propriety in the visit of an American battleship to Rotterdam or Copenhagen; neither would Holland or Denmark infringe upon any rule of neutral conduct by extending hospitalities to an American armed merchantman. The case of a British vessel, which was excluded from Rotterdam recently until the guns she carried had been thrown overboard, stood on a different footing. The vessel was armed and was of belligerent nationality. Philadelphia Record.

BICYCLE RIDING

Newspaper reports have had it that the bicycle is to become popular again this year. Perhaps so, although the hills up which you have to push are just as high as ever, the roads just as hot and sunny.

The young men of 20 years ago who owned bicycles have now in a great measure bought automobiles. Their sons, if of the same athletic type have probably bought motorcycles. The boys never expend more leg muscle than is necessary to accomplish their ends. While the motorcycle racks the old lady's nerves and keeps the whole country side clamorous the youngsters enjoy the pleasurable racket.

One well remembers the pages of bicycle advertising the magazines once carried. They set forth how weak and invalid indoor workers could recover health on the fascinating wheel. It made country life possible, as the office man and the workers could live in the suburbs and wheel in to work. Nothing was said about dust, rain, or winter weather. Men of very slender physical ability would take their 50 mile or even century runs. They returned thoroughly exhausted but enjoyed it. Usually they sold their wheels after a few years of it.

It was phenomenal also what the girls could do. They weren't found sitting around piazzas long when their brothers and sweethearts were 20 miles away. The most amazing distance feats were accomplished by slight feminine creatures who previously had handled nothing more athletic than an embroidery needle.

The bicycle is tremendously useful today for working people, and many a business man finds it the easiest way to get around to his customers if these are located in a limited area. Every school house has its row of juvenile sizes. Many grown-ups would find it still an exceeding health giving recreation if indulged in moderation. But present day sentiment favors the cushions of an automobile, and it wants the wider radius given by the gasoline motor.

Oh, For A Man In The Senate

We confess to a feeling of supreme disgust for the lack of courage in the Senate which has permitted even the nominal retention of Senator Stone as chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee. We had hoped that there was at least one man in that body with sufficient red blood in his veins to protest against such a national humiliation. It is not too late yet for some of them to go on record in righteous denunciation of this condonation of a crime against the country. If no Democrat has the manhood to do so, we hope some Republican will speak out and speak out boldly.

If the Senate has pardoned him, the American people have not and will not, so far as trusting him with the direction of important public affairs. This small politician from Missouri is in the place of all others where he ought not to be. The only persons who are gratified by his retention are our open enemies abroad and the spies and plotters and eavesdroppers in this country who are seeking to put us to shame, or to paralyze the national arm. Real Americans have Senator Stone on their black books, and soon or late they will have an opportunity to show what they think of him. And their verdict will be very different from that of the Senate's. — Baltimore Sun.

Governor In Line For Preparedness

Governor Harrington and Adjutant General Warfield went to Philadelphia last Saturday morning to participate with the executives and military heads of the other Middle Atlantic States in a discussion of proper steps for preparedness and defense in the event of war.

The conference was called by Governor Edge, of New Jersey, who participated with the executives of New York, Delaware and Pennsylvania. Saturday's meeting is in line with the proposal of the Maryland League for National Defense that Governor Harrington call a conference of the governors of all the Atlantic seaboard and Gulf states for a general conference.

\$200,000 Worth Of Seeds Distributed

Since the home gardening movement began throughout the country as a means to meet the increased cost of food, the Department of Agriculture has been swamped with hundreds of thousands of requests for free seeds. Officials of the Department say that unfortunately they have no seeds to distribute. The free seeds provided by Congress are distributed as members of Congress themselves direct, and this year's supply of about \$200,000 worth was long ago exhausted.

State Of Ohio, City Of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. (Seal) Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surface of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation. (Advertisement)

Impending Domestic Disaster

There is the gravest danger of an incalculable domestic misfortune befalling the United States. At a time when our foreign relations are extremely critical we are threatened with a domestic revolution. The only possibility of averting it is to warn all married men in the United States not to act on the highly explosive advice given to them by an expert in domestic science.

This advice is fraught with such grave peril to the American home that we are unable to resist the suspicion that Count von Bernstorff inspired it, and the \$2,000,000 he left behind him was to be the compensation for wrecking American homes. We implore all husbands not to take it; to let it alone; to defeat the felonious plot by their discreet behavior.

The expert in domestic science said in the columns of an esteemed, but too trusting, contemporary, that the reason there was so much waste in American kitchens was that the men so seldom went into the kitchen. If they would frequent the kitchen and see what was going on, and ask why it was going on, the waste would cease, and the h. c. of l. would be transformed into the l. c. of l.

Imagine a man going into the kitchen of the house where he is permitted to sleep and to eat a part of his meals, and inquiring why this is thus, and why this is so; imagine him poking in the garbage bucket to find that \$700,000,000 of waste which Secretary Houston says is there; imagine him telling his wife to use a small piece of butter, and to trim the meat closer to the bone, and to pare the potatoes thinner, and to use the coffee till it is worn out instead of throwing it out when it is only slightly used; does any reflecting and intelligent person doubt what would happen to that rash, intrusive fool, and to what he had been accustomed to regard as his happy home?

Alice Brown wrote one of the best short stories in the language about a woman whose husband was so careful to avert waste that when she needed to put two eggs into the cake she broke them simultaneously so that he should hear only one crash, for when he was not snooping around the kitchen he was sitting in the living room listening to the sounds that came out of it. The wife took "A Day Off" from veracity and obedience to her husband and had an elegant but exciting day bookwinking him. But that was several years ago. Since then women have assumed a belligerent attitude. They can smash windows in a great cause and mutilate works of art for the uplift of humanity and the rights of their sex. The man who should ask how many eggs his wife was putting into the cake would probably have the bowl of unbaked cake emptied over his head; or even more dreadful things might happen to him. If there is to be peace within the boundaries of this country the men will not poke around in the kitchen to prevent the wastefulness of their wives. — Philadelphia Record.

Notice To Contractors

Bids will be received by the Board of Education of Somerset County up to April 10th, 1917, for adding two wings to the Washington High School building in Princess Anne. Copies of specifications and plans can be obtained from the undersigned upon payment of \$5.00 to guarantee their return. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for \$150.00. The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids. W. H. DASIELL, Sec'y.

Attorney's Sale

JOHN L. G. LEE, Solicitor
611 Calvert Building, Baltimore, Md.
MILLES & MYERS, Solicitors
Princess Anne, Md.
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE
At Upper Fairmount
in Somerset County
BY VIRTUE of a mortgage from the Fairmount Department Store, Inc., dated September 24, 1915, and recorded in the land records of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Liber W. J. S. No. 71, folio 173, and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the District of Maryland, in the matter of the bankruptcy of the Fairmount Department Store, Inc., incorporated (deceased) having been acquired in said mortgage, the undersigned, attorney named in said mortgage, will sell at Public Auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, in said Somerset County, on Tuesday, April 10, 1917, at 12 o'clock M., all that valuable tract or parcel of land lying in said Somerset County, described as follows: Beginning for the same at a corner of a fence post on the north side of the county road in the village of Fairmount, at the southeast corner of the lot of ground conveyed by E. T. Chetson and wife to George A. Cox, by deed dated June 27th, 1885, and recorded among the aforesaid land records, in Liber H. F. L. No. 3, folio 107, etc., which place of beginning is also at the southwest corner of the land conveyed by Francis A. Hall and wife to William Merrill, which tract is located on the north side of said road, and extends to a 25 1/2 feet west from the southwest corner of the aforesaid lot conveyed to George A. Cox; thence running north five degrees west by and with the fence, twenty-eight rods to a ditch; thence by said ditch, and along the north outline of said land, north seventy-eight degrees east eight rods; thence by a straight line to the place of beginning, containing One and Nine-tenths Acres, being all of the lot of ground conveyed by Zachariah T. Chetson and wife to George A. Cox, by deed dated June 27th, 1885, and recorded among the aforesaid land records, in Liber H. F. L. No. 3, folio 107, etc. This property is located in said Upper Fairmount and is improved by a large and handsome DWELLING HOUSE with up-to-date improvements, and a deposit of \$50,000, is advantageously located and most desirable. TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months, or all cash at the option of the purchaser. Deferred payments to bear interest at six per cent, with approved security, and a deposit of \$50,000, will be required of the purchaser on day of sale. JOHN L. G. LEE, Attorney named in Mortgage. A. SIDNEY BOWLAND, Auctioneer. The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year.

A "Fifty-Fifty" Road Proposition

Bombarded on all sides with advice as to the type of road he should build, it is little wonder that the taxpayer's mind is confused on this important subject. He hopes to invest his money to the highest advantage, but is confronted with so many different theories that he can place little reliance upon any of them. For example, promoters of concrete roads tell him that this type is 100 per cent. efficient, will last indefinitely and that it will require practically no outlay for repairs. Then the promoter of the bituminous road appears and declares that this is all bunk—that concrete roads crack, heave and disintegrate—and that the only thing to do is to build a good stone road bound with asphalt. The concrete man will come back with the assertion that bituminous roads mean excessive cost for maintenance.

If the taxpayer will disregard all these statements and examine sundry types of roads already built he will profit by it. He will discover that the various statements made by promoters of competing roads are partly true and partly false, and his final conclusion will be that the only safe bet is to make it a fifty-fifty proposition, which merely means that he will so combine the two materials as to get the best service from each.

In other words, it is true that concrete in many situations is an enduring material, but it is also true that it has a tendency to crack, buckle and disintegrate when carried to a road wearing surface. Therefore, the way to control it is to use it as a road base, protecting it from both traffic wear and destructive changes in temperature and moisture by giving it an enduring and water-shedding wearing surface of asphalt macadam. It will then stay in place and give long years of satisfactory service just as it is doing on millions of square yards of city streets.

And in the case of asphalt or bituminous roads if the stone foundations are too weak to stand modern heavy traffic, there will result, as claimed by the concrete road promoter, high maintenance cost.

In brief, asphalt macadam should have the weight-carrying or sustaining concrete base, while the concrete in turn needs the protection afforded by the elastic asphalt wearing surface. Our great cities long ago discovered the economic value of combining these two excellent road materials with the result that splendid boulevards have been laid at less cost than many farming communities are paying for roads carrying a very small percentage of the boulevard traffic.

Don't Let Your Cough Hang On

A cough that racks and weakens is dangerous, it undermines your health and thrives on neglect. Relieve it at once with Dr. King's New Discovery. This soothing balsam remedy heals the throat, loosens the phlegm, its antiseptic properties kill the germ and the cold is quickly broken up. Children and grown-ups alike. Dr. King's New Discovery is pleasant to take as well as effective. Have a bottle handy in your medicine chest for gripe, croup and all bronchial affections. At druggists, 50c. (Advertisement)

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE
PERSONAL PROPERTY

By virtue of an order of the Honorable John C. Rose, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, in bankruptcy, passed on the 18th day of March, 1917, in the matter of the Fairmount Department Store, Inc., bankrupt, the undersigned, trustee for the estate of the said bankrupt, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the storehouse recently occupied by said bankrupt, in the village of Upper Fairmount, Somerset County, Maryland, on

Wednesday, April 4th, 1917,

beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., the personal property of said bankrupt, consisting of a stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, Furniture, Paints and Oils, Rugs, Glassware, Queensware, Tinware, Druggists, Preserved Bees, and all other articles kept in a well-equipped country store, all of which will be offered as a whole and in bulk; store and office fixtures and trade fixtures, consisting in part of Tables, Notion Case, Plate Glass Case, Show Case, Counter Case, Automatic Scales, Stores, Cash Register, McCook's Case, Desk, Miller's Safe, Galvanized Oil Tanks, Gasoline Tank, Soda Fountain and also One Overland Automobile, One Honee, Two Wagons, One Buggy, and public hall furniture consisting of Two Planes, Three Stoves, Lamps and 115 Chairs. The storehouse will be open on the day of sale from 9 a. m. to the hour of sale so as to afford an opportunity to prospective purchasers to inspect the property to be sold.

An inventory of the property will be exhibited on the day of sale and can be seen in the meantime at the office of the trustee in Princess Anne, Md. TERMS OF SALE:—Cash. H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Trustee.

Notice to the creditors of above named bankrupt:—Take notice that the above described property will be sold at the time and in the manner set forth above. Given at Salisbury, Maryland, this 20th day of March, 1917. A. W. WOODCOCK, Referee.

Sheriff's Sale

OF
Real Estate

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, at the suit of the Peoples Bank of Somerset County, use of Harry T. Phoenix, et al, vs. the defendants, the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of James M. Jones, I have levied upon, seized and taken in execution all the right, title and interest of said James M. Jones in and to all that lot or parcel of land in St. Peter's district, on the east side of the county road leading from St. Peter's P. O. Church to Locust Point, adjoining the land of George Jones and Sidney Waller, containing one acre, more or less, the said lot formerly being part of the said Sidney Waller's Locust Ridge Farm and being the same land conveyed to said James M. Jones by the said Sidney Waller by deed dated the fifth day of January, 1901.

AND I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT on Tuesday, March 27, 1917, at about the hour of 2 p. m. I will sell the above described lot or parcel of land at public auction, at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said writ, costs and charges.

JOHN E. FRUIT,

Sheriff.



THE HOUSE OF FASHION

If You Have a Spring Coat or Suit in Mind

Our extensive assortment of Garments leaves nothing to be desired. Every stylish model as well as the most desirable and exclusive materials are included in the showing.

SUITS COATS

\$12.50	\$ 5.00
15.00	7.50
17.50	10.00
20.00	12.50
22.50	15.00
Up to \$35.00	Up to \$25.00

MAIL ORDER SERVICE

The service of our Mail Order Department is yours to command. All information, sample requests, etc., given careful and prompt attention without expense or obligation to you. Should cash accompany order and upon examination merchandise should not prove satisfactory in every way we will cheerfully refund money in full.

Among the Higher Price Garments in our Coat and Suit Department we have an extensive line of

PRINTZESS AND LAVOGUE MODELS

\$25 to \$45

The excellent fashion features of these Garments will be instantly recognized.

T. F. HARGIS

DEPARTMENT STORE

POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF SOMERSET

at Princess Anne, in the State of Maryland at the close of business March 5th, 1917.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$212,146 19
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	238 69
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	103,258 00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	10,000 00
Mortgages and Judgments of record	208,788 18
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	112 18
Checks and other cash items	15 80
Due from approved Reserve Agents	107,553 24
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$ 8,223 00
Gold Coin	205 00
Silver Coin	1,025 00
Nickels and Cents	551 39
Total	\$348,040 41

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	\$50,000 00
Surplus Fund	100,000 00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and Taxes paid	12,998 02
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	15,175 21
Reserve for interest	2,500 00
Deposits (demand)	\$241,790 46
Cashier's Checks outstanding	819 90
Deposits (time)	242,500 86
Savings and Special	525,071 82
Total	\$348,040 41

State of Maryland, County of Somerset, SS.

I, William B. Spiva, Cashier of the above named Institution do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WILLIAM B. SPIVA, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1917.

AMUEL H. SUDLER, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Directors

W. O. LANKFORD, Directors

S. FRANK DASHIELL, Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PEOPLES BANK

OF SOMERSET COUNTY

at Princess Anne, in the State of Maryland at the close of business March 5th, 1917.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$211,886 68
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	52 12
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	9,618 75
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	12,000 00
Mortgages and Judgments of record	208,788 18
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	3,539 10
Checks and other cash items	20,252 79
Due from approved Reserve Agents	20,252 79
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$11,024 00
Gold Coin	205 00
Silver Coin	1,025 00
Nickels and Cents	408 68
Total	\$315,900 00

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	\$25,000 00
Surplus Fund	25,000 00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and Taxes paid	2,254 33
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	6,765 34
Deposits (demand)	\$124,592 24
Subject to check	132,488 18
Savings and Special	256,880 82
Total	\$315,900 00

State of Maryland, County of Somerset, SS.

I, Omar J. Crosswell, Cashier of the above named Institution do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

OMAR J. CROSWELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of March, 1917.

MARK L. COSTEN, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:

ROBT. F. DUER, Directors

L. CRESTON BEAUCHAMP, Directors

HENRY J. WATERS, Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

DEALS ISLAND BANK

at Deals Island, in the State of Maryland at the close of business March 5th, 1917.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$32,098 92
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	6 89
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	3,450 00
Mortgages and Judgments of record	8,147 15
Checks and other cash items	125 72
Due from approved Reserve Agents	8,345 74
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$5,224 00
Gold Coin	2,007 50
Silver Coin	820 15
Nickels and Cents	213 74
Total	\$60,125 81

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	\$5,000 00
Surplus Fund	2,000 00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and Taxes paid	296 33
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	78 73
Deposits (demand)	\$28,549 77
Cashier's Checks outstanding	42 75
Deposits (time)	23,790 22
Savings and Special	23,790 22
Total	\$60,125 81

State of Maryland, County of Somerset, SS.

I, Arthur Andrews, Cashier of the above named Institution do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ARTHUR ANDREWS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1917.

AMUEL H. SUDLER, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:

WM. B. SPIVA, Directors

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Directors

S. FRANK DASHIELL, Directors

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order of Publication

John H. Scarborough and Esther Scarborough vs. Sarah Houston, Charlie Houston, Bertha Houston, Dennis and Caleb Dennis, Hester Dennis and Edward Dennis, Ole Coleman and William Cottman, Samuel Scarborough and Mollie Scarborough, Annie Sterling and Malchoir Sterling, Edward Scarborough, Addison Scarborough, Fred Scarborough, and Lillian Scarborough, Lillian Gale and Frank Gale, children and heirs-at-law of Leah J. Scarborough, deceased.

No. 3147, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate near Marion, in Berkeley's district, Somerset County, Maryland, of which the late Leah J. Scarborough died seized and possessed, for the purpose of partition and division among the heirs entitled to the proceeds thereof.

The bill in substance states that Leah J. Scarborough died about seven or eight years ago, seized and possessed of a lot of land situated in Berkeley's district, Somerset County, near Marion, on the north side of the public road leading from Marion to Hall's Corner, containing one acre, more or less, which was conveyed unto the said Leah Scarborough by deed from Lewis Scarborough, made the 26th day of June, 1882, and recorded in Liber B. F. L. No. 5, folio 70-1, and being so seized and possessed she died a widow and intestate, leaving the following children and heirs-at-law surviving her, viz: Sarah Houston, who intermarried with John Houston, and by which said marriage there are two known children, viz: Charles Houston, who is of age, single and resides in Annapolis, Md., and Bertha Houston, who intermarried with Caleb Dennis, both of whom are of age and reside at Sherwood, Talbot County, Md.; and the said John Houston is dead, and it is not known whether the said Sarah Houston is dead or alive as she has not been heard from for about twenty years, but when last heard from she was a non-resident, residing

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 20, 1917

Published by the Marylander and Herald Co., at the office of the printer, in the city of Baltimore, Md.

Subscription price, \$1.00 per annum in advance.

For Sale—Good 9-year-old, Mare, S. H. DEVLIN.

For Sale—Fair of good young Mules, LOUIS ZUGER, Eden, Md., Rt. 1.

Place your order for Early Seed Potatoes now. W. P. TODD.

For Sale—Two Holstein Bull Calves, about 5 months old. F. WEIDEMAN, Westover, Maryland.

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any bills except those contracted by myself. MRS. MAGGIE J. SHARRATT.

For Sale—1913 Baby Buick, cheap to quick buyer. Bargain. Write or phone. JAMES B. WHEATLEY, Snow Hill, Md.

For Sale—Klondike and Gandy Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand. G. C. GIBBONS, Princess Anne, Route 4.

Lost—Gimble Broom Pin—between J. T. Taylor's residence and "Millwood." Reward if returned to Mrs. E. A. Jones.

For Sale—Big Joe Strawberry Plants at \$1.50 per thousand; Klondikes, \$1.15 per thousand. C. M. ADAMS, Route 1.

SEEDING IS BELIEVED—Beat car load of Horses and Mules ever in this county, at Ellegood's stable. ROBT. S. JONES.

For Sale—100,000 Klondike Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand. J. S. NOLAN, Princess Anne, Md., Route 4.

For Sale—Klondike, Gandy, Missionary and Pride of Somerset strawberry plants. W. H. HANDY, Westover, Md.

For Sale—Car load of Horses and Mules; 5 to 7 years old, weight 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, at Ellegood's stable. ROBERT S. JONES.

For Sale—55 barrels of home grown Irish Cobble seed potatoes, and 10 barrels of Maine grown. JAMES S. CLOOG, Pocomoke City, Md.

For Sale—A good young driving and work mare, will weigh 925 pounds; also a buggy and harness in good condition. B. F. HARRINGTON, Route 2.

For Sale—Strawberry plants—Matthews Early \$3 per 1,000; Big Joe \$1.50; Klondike, Gandy and Wolverton \$1.25. O. H. MILLER, Princess Anne, Route 4. Farmers' phone.

For Sale—Klondike and Gandy Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand; Big Joe, \$1.50 per thousand. J. S. DENNIS, Rt. 1, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers' Telephone.

For Sale—Beef scrap, bone meal charcoal, alfalfa meal, scratch feed, tankage hay, corn and feed of all kinds. Hard coal, all sizes, and soft coal. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

For Sale—The Store and Residence on Main street, adjoining the Washington Hotel, now occupied by Miss Susan E. Collins. Apply to FRANK COLLINS, Executor of Mrs. Emeline Collins.

For Sale—Strawberry Plants—Matthews Early, \$3; Big Joe, \$1.50; Klondike, Wolverton, Wine, Gandy, \$1.25 each per thousand.

L. PAUL MARRINER, P. Anne Rt. 4.

Livery Stable and Bus for sale cheap. The only one in town. Terms to suit. Possession at once. Or will change in to a garage. For particulars apply to J. A. Ellegood, Princess Anne, Md.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT—broken or any condition. We pay up to \$5 a set, according to value. Mail at once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory, will return teeth. DOMESTIC SUPPLY CO., Birmingham, N. Y.

SEED POTATOES—Just received, a car load Maine Grown Cobblers; can also supply Maine Grown. If any wanted ask for prices. PENINSULA PRODUCE EXCHANGE OF MARYLAND, Pocomoke City, Md.

WANTED—Several small farms in Somerset and Worcester counties for poultry raising, also general and grain farms in any size by Frank Leno & Sons, representatives of the A. Strout Farm Agency, Princess Anne, Md.

GARWOOD'S FRESH STRAWBERRIES—From your own garden, July to November, if you plant my overbearing plants; \$1.00 per hundred. No garden complete without them. S. D. GARWOOD, Rt. 3, Princess Anne, Md.

For Sale—Strawberry plants, 500-600 Gandy and Klondike, \$1.25; Big Joe, \$1.50 per thousand; Matthews Early, Wolverton, Wine and Mascott at right prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. B. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers' telephone.

For Sale—White Navy Beans, \$8.50 per bushel (Seed Houses now asking \$7.50 & \$8.00). This is a very profitable crop to raise, as they are sure to command high prices again this year, and until the war is over. Only have 12 bushels that are not engaged. If interested order at once. CHAS. C. GELDER, Princess Anne, Md.

WE ARE GOING TO SELL one set of Pitless Scales, 6,000 pounds capacity, second hand, in good condition, at \$40.00; also new \$75; one 120-gallon Automatic Tank, second hand, in first-class condition, at \$20. This tank would cost \$40 new and will save its cost at \$20 in one year to merchant selling gasoline or coal oil. We have no further use for these and the prices will sell them. HATMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

INTEREST IN OUR FARMER TRADE compels us to suggest: Labor conditions and prices of farm products will justify heavy buying of farm implements and machinery this year. Conditions will not justify any delay in purchasing your requirements, as we cannot depend on filling in orders this year. We have purchased and are getting in our usual stock, but cannot give any encouragement to the eleventh-hour buyer. It looks like they will go short. Would like to show you through our stock and quote on your requirements. HATMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Mr. J. T. Taylor, Jr., spent a few days last week in Richmond, Va.

Register of Wills, Lafayette Ruark, was a business visitor to Pocomoke City last week.

Messrs. Vernon White and Mark L. Coates spent last Thursday evening with friends in Crisfield.

Mr. W. E. Swanger and family left Monday of last week for Manville Plains, N. J., to reside. Mr. Swanger recently left the town, just north of Princess Anne, in Md. (George B. Hayes).

Mr. W. S. Posey, of Princess Anne, spent part of last week with relatives in Marion.

Mr. Charles R. Loea, of Kinston, was a visitor in Princess Anne on Saturday of the past week.

Mr. Richard Dale, of New York, is visiting his mother, Mrs. S. A. Dale, on South Main street.

Mr. Milton L. Tull in this week's issue offers a 38-acre farm for sale, situated near Kingston, this county.

Mrs. Margaret Sickels, of Philadelphia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John B. Roberts, on Beechwood street.

Messrs. Harding P. Tull, J. F. Green and E. O. Townsend, of Marion, were visitors in Princess Anne last week.

By advertisement in another column, S. E. Gordy, of Salisbury, offers a lot of farming implements at private sale.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Spive left last Friday afternoon for a short trip to Baltimore, returning home Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Karl Lohmeyer and son, Robert, of Baltimore, are visiting at the home of Mr. S. Frank Dashiell, on South Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Dixon and son, James, of Chertown, Va., spent the week-end at the home of Mr. Dixon's father, Mr. John W. Dixon.

There will be an oyster supper at Cedar Grove school, generally known as Backbone, Thursday evening, March 22nd. Ice cream will also be sold.

Mrs. Richard Howard, of Snow Hill, was the guest of Mrs. Thomas H. Bock last week. Before her return home she will visit relatives and friends in Crisfield.

Mr. and Mrs. William S. Quinn, of Crisfield, were visitors in Princess Anne on Friday. Friday night Mr. Quinn was one of the characters in the minstrel show at the Auditorium.

Mr. Honias Augustus Tull, a student of Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa., is spending his ten-day Spring vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Tull, at Tull's Corner.

There will be a series of revival meetings at the Marion Baptist church beginning on Monday night, March 28th. The evangelist will be the Rev. H. A. Griesemer, D. D., of Baltimore.

Mrs. W. H. Dashiell left last Friday for Baltimore. Her daughter, Miss Emily Irving Dashiell, joined her at Salisbury and accompanied her on the trip. They returned home Sunday afternoon.

Quite a number of strangers from western states have been in our county this week with a view of purchasing homes here, and our local real estate agents, as a consequence, have been on the move.

The sale of the furniture, carpets, rugs and other household effects of Mrs. Frank T. Smith will be continued on Saturday, March 24th, at 1:30 o'clock p. m. The most valuable of the goods are still to be sold.

Mr. Earle A. Haymen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Littleton Haymen, of near Princess Anne, was married last Wednesday to Miss Ella A. Shultz, of Pittsburgh, Pa. The wedding took place at the home of the bride in that city.

The Ladies' Aid Society of John Wesley M. E. Church, of Mt. Vernon, will hold an Apron and Tie Social in their hall Tuesday, March 20th; if unfavorable, March 21st. Refreshments will be served free to those who participate in the evening's entertainment.

Mr. Francis Brittingham, who has been with Troop A at Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas, spent last Tuesday at the home of his mother, Mrs. H. L. Brittingham, on South Main street. He left Tuesday night for Washington, D. C., where he is engaged in construction engineering.

Prof. Thomas B. Symons has been appointed as Director of County Farm Agents to take the place of G. H. Alford who recently resigned as Director of the Demonstration Work. Prof. Symons will take over the direction of this work in addition to his regular work at the State College.

Dr. Irs A. B. Allen returned from the Maryland University Hospital, Baltimore, last Tuesday, where he accompanied Mr. Washington Beauchamp, of Marion, to be operated on. The Doctor reported that Mr. Beauchamp was getting along nicely after the operation on Monday.

Mr. M. L. Kirwan, formerly of the Wenona Packing Co., Wenona, Md., will be associated in the future with the Wilson & Kirwan Co., of Baltimore, which firm will carry on the business of commission merchants in that city. He will still remain in the firm of the Deal's Island establishment.

Last Thursday Dr. and Mrs. Roy A. Buhrman, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Waller, Mr. and Mrs. Earle B. Polk, Dr. H. A. Barnes, Messrs. F. D. Layfield, Wm. Wilson, Philip Smith, Ray Posey and Walter McAllen left Princess Anne for Baltimore by automobile. The above gentlemen are members of the Princess Anne Gun Club and they participated in the Maryland and Delaware shoot in that city on Saturday.

Miss Carrie Tunnel, who has been very ill during the past week, is much better.

Mr. J. Edwin Tawes, of Crisfield, spent Saturday night and Sunday with friends in Princess Anne.

Messrs. Meyer and Samuel Saltz, of Crisfield, were business visitors in and around Princess Anne several days the past week.

Judge H. L. D. Stanford spent last week in Salisbury where he presided at the March term of the Circuit Court for Wicomico county. The grand jury in session during the week found 24 bills of indictments for various offenses.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mrs. Martha King, Mr. C. W. Thurston.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Joseph Shockley, 34, and Dorothy Willey, 18, both of Somerset county.

Choley Ennis, 21, of Rehoboth, and Myra Butler, 20, of Westover. Guy W. Commander, 22, of Elizabeth City, N. C., and Myrtle Barnes, 22, of King's Creek, Md. Charles C. Davis, 25, and Iris May Swift, 17, both of Somerset county.

Stephen L. Adams, 70, of Somerset county, and Edna Johnson, 80, of Crisfield. Oswald Selby, 25, and Sadie Kellam, 22, both of Accomac county.

Va. Lewis R. Bailey, 22, and Beattie J. Corbin, 19, both of Hallwood, Va. Claude C. Simmons, 40, of Salisbury, and Annie E. Anderson, 22, of Crisfield. Harold J. Tawes, 32, of Crisfield, and Mildred Cullen, 20, of Lawtonia. Elwood F. Johnson, 22, of Rhodes Point, and Mabel E. Porter, 20, of Princess Anne. Leonard James Waters, 21, and Edna I. Spence, 19, both of Mt. Vernon.

Despondency Due To Constipation

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect.

(Advertisement.)

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at Long Brothers store, on Friday morning, March 23rd, and at CRISFIELD at W. Jerome Sterling & Co.'s store on Friday morning, March 23rd 1917, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County taxes.

JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

NOTICE

The Annual Meeting of the members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Somerset and Worcester Counties will be held at their office in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY, The 28th day of March, 1917, at 11 o'clock a. m.

for the purpose of electing twelve directors to serve for the ensuing year.

HENRY J. WATERS, Secretary.

PHILIP M. SMITH

Funeral Director

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

Farm for Sale

38 Acres

All cleared land, improved by 8-room Dwelling, and outbuildings all in good condition. Located one-half mile from Kingston, on State road. Ideal poultry or truck farm. For price and terms apply to M. L. TULL, Comptroller's Office, Annapolis, Md.

Dr. R. O. Higgins

Dentist

Formerly of Washington, D. C.

Rooms 201 and 210 Salisbury B. L. & B. Association Building

Salisbury, Maryland

FOR SALE

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Missionary, Gandy Prize, Brandywine, Chimax, Ozark at \$1.15 per 1,000; Big Joe and Joe Johnson at \$1.35 per thousand; Chesapeake and World's Wonders at \$1.75 per thousand; Klondike at \$1.10 per thousand. Lucetta Blackberry Plants at \$2, and Austin at \$2.50 per thousand.

JOHN H. WILLIAMS, Fruitland, Md.

Box 74

GLASSES

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, March 26th, 1917.

Satisfaction is assured.

CHARLES W. PURNELL

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FREDERICK J. FLURER

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The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

Addition To High School Assured

The Board of Education of Somerset county has at last decided to erect an addition to Washington High School and to have the same completed by next term. The first step in the matter was taken when advertisements were placed in the local papers giving notice to contractors and asking for bids.

The plans and specifications have been submitted to the Board and approved and calls for improvements to cost in the neighborhood of \$5,000. The addition will consist of two brick wings to be placed on each side of the present structure and will form four large class rooms altogether. An entirely new heating plant will be installed, while the building will be wired for electricity and connected with the town system. Electricity will be used in Chemistry and Physics experiments, as well as for lighting purposes.

A complete laboratory equipment will be furnished and to such an extent as to place the local high school along side of any other in the State, as far as equipment is concerned.

All this has been promised and the only thing to do is to push it until we get it. The school has been overcrowded for quite a while and now that there is a ray of hope for an addition, or perhaps greater than a mere ray, we naturally feel very much elated. We also wish to thank the Board for promising us better heating facilities, electrical conveniences and a laboratory. These have been badly needed for some time, but only recently has the Board brought them to their immediate attention.—Black and Maroon, published by Washington High School.

For Your Child's Cough

Here's a pleasant cough syrup that every child likes to take, Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. If your child has a deep hacking cough that worries you give him Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, the soothing pine balsams relieve the cough, loosen the phlegm and heal the irritated tissues. Get a bottle today at your druggist and start treatment at once. 25c. 3

(Advertisement.)

FOR SALE

Having discontinued farming, I have for sale one McCormick Binder, as good as new; a Wagon heavy enough for two or four horses. In elegant condition; also one Clipper Fan, in first-class order. Must be seen to be appreciated.

Apply to S. E. GORDY, Salisbury, Maryland, phone 70, or J. J. GIVANS, on Farm, phone 111.

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REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY

Shop on Beechwood Street (Formerly Reid's Store)

Farmers Phone PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

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An Automobile?

SEE MY AUTOS AND EXAMINE

The Ford, Dodge and Buick

Supplies of All Kinds

My Parts for Repairing Ford Cars are Made by Ford People

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ATTRACTIONS

FOR THIS WEEK AT

THE AUDITORIUM

Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT

Marie Doro in The Lash

Five Reels

THURSDAY NIGHT

Cleo Ridgely and Wallace Reid in The Yellow Power

Five Reels

SATURDAY NIGHT

Vivian Martin in Her Father's Sin

Five Reels

ADMISSION

Price 10 cents for all.

Doors open 7:30; Pictures Start Promptly at 7:45; Second Picture at 9:00

Do You Want a Good Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

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Druggist Princess Anne

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Spring Suits AND Coats

Dress Goods, Shoes

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Silks for Dress

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FREE DEMONSTRATION PLAN

LARG

THE WHITE HOUSE

Many Presidents Left It Without a Pang of Regret.

GLAD TO ESCAPE ITS CARES.

Jefferson, With Tears in His Eyes, Vowed His Joy in Returning to His Clover Fields—Johnson Also Departed With Feelings of Deep Relief.

The varied circumstances under which presidents of the United States left Washington following the ending of their terms of office is interesting for no two followed exactly the same course. Each president's manner of farewell depended upon his temperament or upon his success in office. Washington and John Adams and Jefferson all said farewell with gladness in their hearts, for each of these was well along in life at the time, and each was glad to lay down the formalities of public office.

John Quincy Adams, like his father before him, did not wait to witness the inauguration of his successor. Thomas Jefferson, after two terms in the White House, said, with tears in his eyes, that he was glad beyond expression to return to the "clover fields of his farm at Monticello."

Andrew Jackson left the White House without regret. Not that he was tired of serving his country, but that age was creeping upon him and the mental and physical strain of public life was beginning to tell upon his general health.

President Van Buren left the White House on foot, becoming thus a sudden once more an ordinary citizen, the transition taking place with as much apparent indifference as was his coming to the White House. An Albany newspaper of the time relates that "on Monday, March 3, a large number of the Democracy called upon Mr. Van Buren and were received by him in the celebrated east room, where he bade them farewell. He walked down the avenue today (March 4) as unconcerned as the most humble spectator in the crowd."

President Tyler, before leaving the White House, engaged quarters at a Washington hotel and, after welcoming his successor, President Polk, drove to his temporary home with Mrs. Tyler. President Johnson, beset by enemies whose attacks had continued to harass him all during his term of office, left the White House with feelings of deep relief. Reporters of that day tell us how, on the 3d or 4th of March, 1869, the day before General Grant came to the White House, "at 12 o'clock President Johnson's private reception room was thrown open to an immense throng of visitors. The president was in the room and shook hands with all the visitors, many of whom seemed much affected, being personal friends."

When President Hayes took his departure from the White House he remained for a short time in Washington as the guest of Senator Sherman, secretary of the treasury, and of Mr. Stanton. The evening before President Harrison's leaving his daughter, Mrs. McKee, held a farewell reception.

The majority of the presidents have accompanied their successors to the capitol to be sworn in, departing afterward in their own private carriages. Many of them later revisited the White House, but the most striking of these revisits were those of President Grant and Benjamin Harrison. It was more than twelve years after his second term that Grant paid his visit to the White House. It was during President Arthur's term. He arrived there unannounced and was wandering about the building renewing old acquaintances, when he was taken in hand by Thomas Pendel, the head doorman, who had occupied the same position during the Grant administration.

While President McKinley was the tenant of the White House he was one day approached by one of the ushers, who said: "Mr. President, ex-President Harrison is in the east room just to look around and says not to disturb you." Mr. McKinley at the time was holding a cabinet meeting, which he instantly adjourned and went to the reception room to welcome General Harrison and his wife. They spent a pleasant hour with the president and Mrs. McKinley in their private apartments.

—San Francisco Chronicle.

Our National Hymn.
Why not, in all civil service and professional tests, make the ability to repeat the "Star Spangled Banner" from memory required? Not one person in a hundred can repeat this hymn from the beginning to the end. The same way with "America." Knowing these grand anthems speaks well for the patriotic instincts of a people, while the ignorance of them shows a marked defect in our citizenship. No one should teach school, practice law, fill a public office or preach the gospel who cannot repeat the "Star Spangled Banner" all through.—Ohio State Journal.

Sabbath Day Point.
Sabbath Day point, on Lake George, is supposed to have been given the name from the fact that General Abercrombie embarked from this point on Sunday, July 8, 1759, for his disastrous attack of Fort Ticonderoga. It is said to have borne the name previous to this, however, even as early as 1750, according to Rogers Journal. Putnam and Rogers in 1794 replaced a superior piece of French and Indian on July 5, also Sunday.—"Lake George."

When any power too hard to be placed in the hands of man, have been put in the hands of God.

THE OUTSIDE WOMAN.

When that husky brute, man, goes into the big woods for the good time of the year no longer does he leave a bundle of furs and lace at home or the shore, with nothing to assuage her grief at parting with her lord but a stack of the latest fiction, a fond kiss and, perhaps, a hypocritical "Wish you could go with me." No, indeed! Now she goes with him, and he is finding out that he is very glad she does.

Whether either he or she is glad, however, depends, in a measure—in fact, rather largely—upon her clothing. She must be warm in cold weather, not too warm in hot weather, not be bedraggled to helplessness when it rains, nor managed every few minutes in rough going by stepping on her skirt or getting caught on a stub. If she is to be a real companion to a man she must not hold him back by adding to her natural handicap, lack of strength, the unnecessary and exasperating unsuitable costume.—Outing.

Delightful.
A certain young person had attained her twenty-fifth year so many times that her ingenuity was about to crack under the strain of getting away with it. In other words, she would soon be an old maid if something wasn't done.

But what?
In her perplexity she consulted the seventh daughter of a seventh daughter. "I feel," declared the young person tragically, "as if I were drowning."

The seventh daughter of a seventh daughter was not lacking to herself. "Precisely," she replied, "drowning is described by all who have given it serious trial as a delightful sensation, provided you don't struggle against it."

Whereupon the young person saw a great light and went home and lived happily ever after.—New York Post.

Walking and Health.
As a foundation for health there is nothing better than four miles a day in the open air, taking the weather as it comes. Your family, your work and your life insurance company will all appreciate the benefits derived, and your face will show the difference in a few months.—Collier's Weekly.

And if you cannot make it four miles a day better than nothing is two miles or a mile or even a half a mile if it is done briskly with chin up, shoulders back and to the accompaniment of deep breathing.—Hartford Post.

Why She Went Home.
Wife—Tom, dear, this first plum pudding. Hub (dubiously)—It looks rather nice. Wife—Do you know, I was wondering while making it why we call it plum pudding when there isn't a plum in it. Hub (having eaten a little)—I fancy, my dear, the word should be spelled "plumb," which you will find by the dictionary, means "a little mass or weight of lead."—Boston Transcript.

Defined.
A number of scholars were asked to explain the meaning of the term "righteous indignation," and one little chap wrote, "Being angry without cursing."

No Paying.
Bill—And her father would not pay the way for her wedding? Jill—Sure! He refused to furnish the rocks.—Yonkers Statesman.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Prevent Illness.
The laws of health have, every one, a penalty attached, and ignorance is never accepted by nature as an excuse.
Prevent illness. Build up the natural defensive resources of the body. Use the automatic scavenger system with which you are supplied, but do not make the mistake of thinking that you can neglect it at pleasure and then escape by whipping it up with irritating drugs. Drink freely of clear water. Eat to satisfaction rather than repletion and let the diet be of good balance. Never let the drudgery of daily routine obscure the end for which you live. A rush of work is not legitimate excuse for progressive suicide.
As Pythagoras has wisely said, "Have thou moderation in all things, keep thyself from wild joy and from wallowing sorrow, strive to hold thy soul in harmony and concord, like the strings of a well tuned harp."

Betting on a Sure Thing.

Mrs. Dorcas—The women are determined on dress reform and sooner or later will devise a costume that is just right. Dorcas—I'll bet you it won't stay in style more than a couple of months.—Life.

Wasted Land.

The department of agriculture finds that only 200 rods of untrimmed hedge waste an acre of land, whereas for the same expenditure of land one can run 473 rods of barbed wire fence.

Ready to Help.

Pedestrian—Do you go to school, my little man? Urchin—Sure! What is it you want to know?—Boston Transcript.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy A Favorite for Colds

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

(Advertisement)

SETTLING ACCOUNTS.

People Are Now Paying Up at Shorter Intervals Than Formerly.

Business men are agreed that a very noticeable change has come about in the past five years in the matter of paying accounts. While that length of time ago yearly settlements were the rule, settlements at much shorter periods are now getting to be the fashion. Just what has brought this about is hard to say. Possibly there are a number of things which have worked together to bring about this good result. Of course, years ago, before this country began raising stock, there was but about one time in each year when a farmer had any money. Consequently no one else had any except at that time. Now, with creameries paying off every two weeks and with live stock marketed any time during the year, money flows far more evenly.

Then, too, banks are coming to be far more generally used than before, which accounts for an even flow of money. The farmer borrows money to tide him over till he sells something rather than stand off his creditors as long as he formerly did.

A number of younger men have gone into various businesses of late years, most of them without sufficient capital to enable them to carry accounts long. They were therefore compelled to make frequent collections, and that might be said to have started the habit of paying up all around.

Automobiles, which are alternately blamed and credited for almost everything, may be said to have had something to do with the matter of credits. Automobile accessories run into money very fast, and garages, being of comparatively modern creation, started out at once to keep book accounts down. The motorist, therefore, was educated at the start to pay up his garage bill frequently. This helped along other lines of business as well.

Many lines of business make monthly collections the rule, and it is admitted by every one to be the best plan all around.—Gease (La.) Press-Journal.

THE THRIFT CAMPAIGN.

Are You Doing Your Share to Make It a Big Success?

The greatest thrift movement in the history of this country now appears to be making considerable headway. The American Savings Bank association is giving much time and energy to this thrift campaign and offering special encouragement to the new depositor of small sums. Women, children and young wage earners are being particularly sought as depositors by banks all over the country. Parents are urged to start small bank accounts for their children, to teach them thrift, since the habit of saving does more than build up a bank account; it builds character and credit, and the child of today may be glad ten or fifteen years hence to have the reputation of being thrifty and substantial.

The man without money—at least a few hundred dollars—is not likely to be regarded as of great consequence by his fellows. Money is not everything, nor even the thing to be most desired. Good health and good character are more to be desired than great riches. But money bears a close relation to almost everything worth while. It is therefore important to train children in ways of thrift, and nothing gives a child more of a sense of importance than a bank account in his own name.

Such an account is good for the woman in the home too. Many wives feel helplessly and even resentfully dependent on their husbands. A savings bank account in her own name not only cures many a woman of extravagance and unbusinesslike methods of conducting her household, but gives her a feeling of independence and self respect that makes the whole atmosphere of her home happier.—Exchange.

Paper Napkins For Dinner.

Custom has much to do with it. It is called "good form." I dined at the home of a very wealthy man, worth many millions (not made in "war babies"), where the best form always rules. The napkins were of Japanese paper. They were very large and fine, but the innovation surprised me until on subsequent inquiry at one of the best Manhattan shops I learned that use of the paper napkin is quite proper and likely to become universal—only for dinner.—Julius Chambers in Brooklyn Eagle.

HEARD IN PRINCESS ANNE

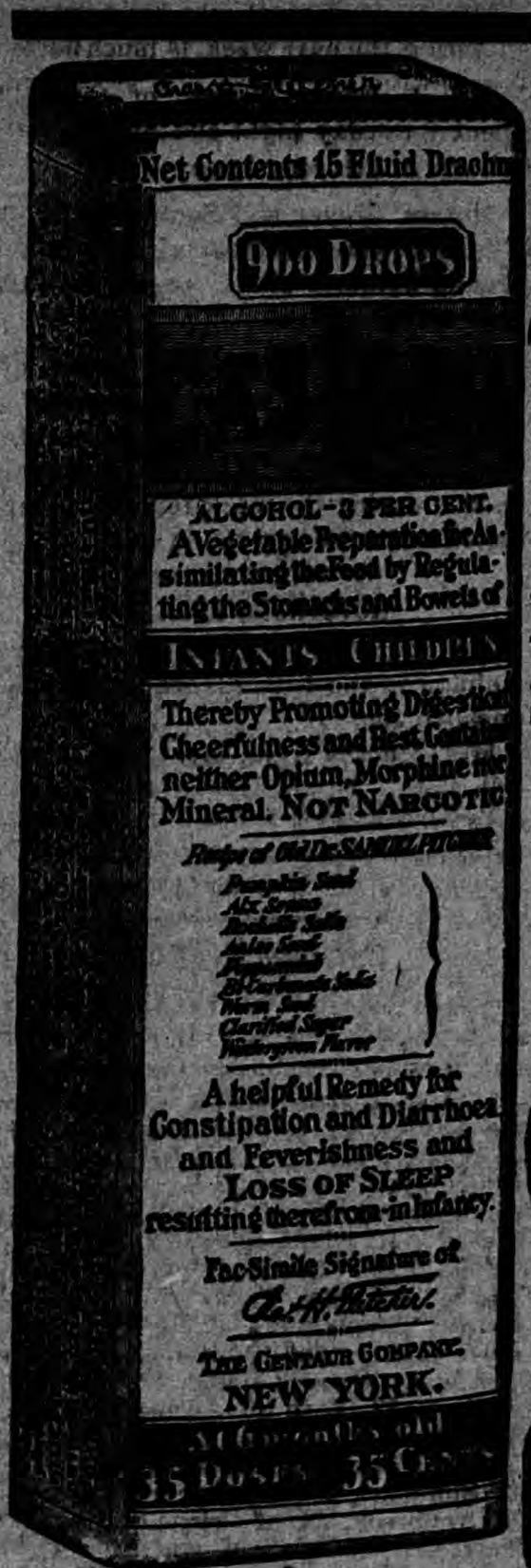
How Bad Backs Have Been Made Strong—Kidney Pills Corrected

All over Princess Anne you hear it. Doan's Kidney Pills are keeping up the good work. Princess Anne people are made sound again. You can believe the testimony of your own townpeople. They tell it for the benefit of you who are suffering. If your back aches, if you feel lame, sore and miserable, if the kidneys act too frequently, or passages are painful, scanty and of color, use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that has helped so many of your friends and neighbors. Follow this Princess Anne citizen's advice and give Doan's a chance to do the same for you.

Ernest M. Hayman, merchant, 402 Main street, Princess Anne, Md., says: "About three years ago, I was in a bad way from disordered condition of my kidneys. Backache also caused me considerable annoyance. When I passed the kidney secretions they burned and scalded and were highly colored. I was obliged to pass the kidney secretions several times during the night and I was very miserable. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me by my druggist, T. J. Smith & Co. After using one box I was cured of the trouble. Since then I have always said a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I have had a chance."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Long had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

(Advertisement)



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Train Schedule in effect Jan. 2d, 1917									
SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	440	450	455	460	465	470	475	480	485
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00	1:00	5:00	9:00	12:05	3:00	7:00	10:45	1:45
Philadelphia	11:14	3:35	7:35	9:55	12:10	3:20	7:00	10:42	1:42
Wilmington	12:01	4:22	8:22	10:42	12:57	4:07	7:47	11:29	2:29
Baltimore	10:10 p.m.	4:10	8:10	10:30	12:45	3:55	7:35	11:17	2:17
Delmar	3:07	7:07	11:07	1:27	3:42	7:42	11:42	2:02	4:02
Salisbury	3:20	7:20	11:20	1:40	3:55	7:55	11:55	2:15	4:15
PRINCESS ANNE	3:28	7:28	11:28	1:48	4:03	8:03	12:03	2:23	4:23
Cape Charles	3:55	7:55	11:55	2:15	4:30	8:30	12:30	2:50	4:50
Old Point	8:15	12:15	4:15	8:35	12:35	4:35	8:55	12:55	4:55
Norfolk	9:20	1:20	5:20	9:40	1:40	5:40	9:50	1:50	5:50
On Sundays Train 455 arrives at Cape Charles 4:40, Old Point 6:40 and Norfolk 7:45 p.m.									
NORTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	450	460	465	470	475	480	485	490	495
Norfolk	6:00	10:00	2:00	6:20	10:20	2:20	6:40	10:40	2:40
Old Point	6:15	10:15	2:15	6:35	10:35	2:35	6:55	10:55	2:55
Cape Charles	6:40	10:40	2:40	7:00	11:00	3:00	7:20	11:20	3:20
Salisbury	7:00	11:00	3:00	7:20	11:20	3:20	7:40	11:40	3:40
Delmar	7:15	11:15	3:15	7:35	11:35	3:35	7:55	11:55	3:55
Wilmington	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00
Philadelphia	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00
Baltimore	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00
New York	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00	Ar. 11:00
No Sunday trains on this Branch Road									
No. 440, 455, 460, 465 daily. No. 471, 481, 485, 490, 495, daily except Sunday.									
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Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION

(Schedule effective Monday, May 27, 1916.)

EAST BOUND.

Ar. Baltimore	12:00
Ar. Salisbury	12:05
Ar. Ocean City	12:10
Ar. Baltimore	12:15

WEST BOUND.

Ar. Baltimore	12:10
Ar. Salisbury	12:15
Ar. Ocean City	12:20
Ar. Baltimore	12:25

(Daily except Sunday.)

T. MURDOCH, Gen. Pass. Agent
WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

I. E. JONES, Div. Pass. Agt.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN T. DASHIELL, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Seventh Day of May, 1917,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 5th day of October, 1916.

WILLIAM D. DASHIELL, CHARLES M. DASHIELL, Administrators of John T. Dashiell, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

11-7

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

MARGARET ALICE CARROLL, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twelfth Day of March, 1917,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 5th day of September, 1916.

E. CLAY TIMANUS and IDA B. WALLER, Administrators of Margaret Alice Carroll, dec'd.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

9-12

The Baltimore News

An Independent Newspaper

Published Every Afternoon Including Sunday

A Newspaper for the Home For the Family Circle

Covers thoroughly the news of the City, State and Country. Complete Market Reports of same day reach you by mail early next morning. Buy it from your local newsdealer or order it by mail.

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Baltimore - Maryland

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The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1906, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departments—financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled. The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

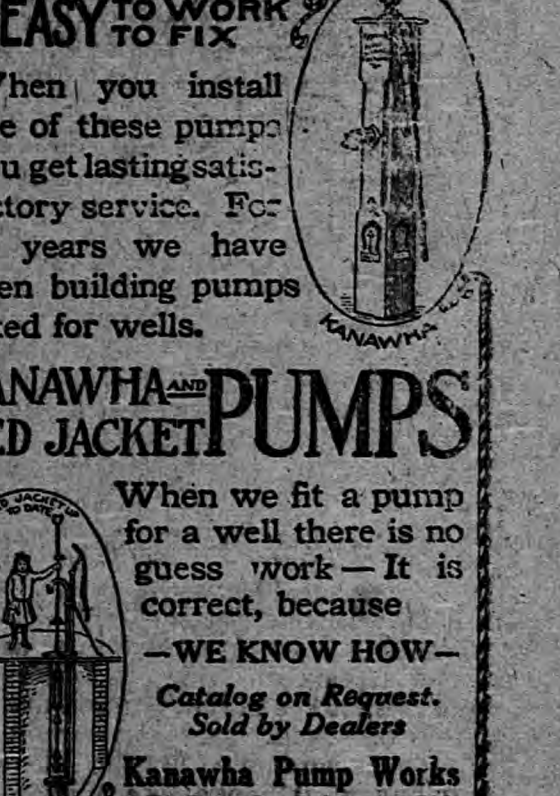
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If you are buying Flour try a bag
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COSTS MORE—WORTH IT

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THE PRESIDENT'S FLAG.

It New Indicates When Mr. Wilson Is at the White House.
For the last quarter of a century at least the American flag has been raised above the White House when the president was there, and if the president went out for three or four hours the flag was pulled down, so that it would look as though the White House was only protected by the flag when the president was in residence.
The Woman's Relief Corps and the Grand Army of the Republic have protested against this for many years, but it seemed without making any impression. President Wilson, however, decided that the flag of the United States should fly over the White House from sunrise to sunset every day in the year. It seems to be necessary, however, that there be some emblem to indicate that the president is in the city.

President Wilson solved this problem by deciding that the president's flag should be raised over the White House whenever he was in residence and taken down whenever he was outside of the White House grounds.

The flag of the president of the United States is the president's naval flag, but it is little known to the public. As it flies above the White House, it represents the great seal of the United States—namely, an eagle displayed in proper colors, with the olive branch in one talon, the arrows in the other, and above its head a glory in which appear thirteen stars. This is displayed on a ground of red, the flag itself being blue. The seal is enclosed in one large five pointed white star, encircled by a row of forty-eight stars representing the states in the Union. It floats over the porte-cochere of the White House, and is in a straight line with the staff of the United States flag, which flies from the peak of the White House proper.—Washington National Tribune.

FLASH AND ROAR OF GUNS.

No Device to Muffle Them Has Proved a Practical Success.

Both the French and the German armies have been trying for years to discover how to make a gun that shall be not merely noiseless, but shall emit no flash. For, as Nicolas Flamet says in La Nature, after dark two observers by watching the time can with accurate chronometers having luminous dials discover precisely the position of an enemy battery, or three observers, regardless of time, can do the same by grouping their observations. And this merely by the flash of the guns.

German inventors succeeded by adding a minute quantity of alkaline salts to their powder in diminishing the flash, but they found that in proportion as they suppressed the flash they increased the smoke. Other substances added to the powder for this purpose have been vaseline, alkaline soaps, oxalates and resins of soda, barium and aluminum. None was successful.

The French tackled the problem as a mechanical rather than a chemical one. A gun is really only an explosion motor, and it seemed that there ought to be a way of muffling its sounds and its flash as those of other such motors are muffled. It was not until 1906, when Maxim invented his silencer, that the problem seemed on the way to solution. Many other silencers, most of which quench much of the light as well as the sound, have been invented since then, but none is a practical success in warfare, either from the point of view of sound or of light.

Figure Skating.

To learn figure skating one must devote himself to figure skating. There is a special figure skate, curved on the bottom so as to make curves and circles entirely possible. It is round toed and on this forward curl are deep corrugations for toe spins.

"One of the principal features of figure skating," said an expert, "is the curve. To be able to control the circles means that one has gained the power to maintain the body in graceful attitudes. Every one should start large figures first."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



Rheumatism

Is My Weather Prophet.

I can tell stormy weather days off by the twinges in my shoulders and knees. But here's an old friend that soon drives out the pain and aches.

Sloan's Liniment is so easy to apply, no rubbing at all, it sinks right in and fixes the pain. Cleanser than many plasters and ointments. Try it for gout, lumbago, neuralgia, bruises and sprains.

At your druggist, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

Sloan's
Liniment
KILLS PAIN

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Farmers have had a long period of money making from pork. The loss from disease has been comparatively light for two years, and while this is the case the profits are satisfactory, as market prices are high.

Science has come to the aid of stock owners in protecting hogs from cholera. This already tells in the greater immunity of swine from disease. Another fact, which counts favorably is that farmers are more generally providing their hogs with good pasturage. Pigs are field animals much more decidedly than was formerly known. They need clean water, clean range and leguminous pasture. With these essentials and the ordinary grain rations, they will grow into money faster than almost any other farm product.

Hogs are adapted to the needs of small farmers. While they must have pasture in order to thrive, a field of five acres is sufficient for 100 growing hogs. This number will clear \$1-



STOGS ARE ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF SMALL FARMERS.

000 or more in eight months, giving little trouble and turning into cash with less labor than is connected with the management of other kinds of live stock.

One of the first requisites, in order to make hog raising profitable, is the possession of the best early maturing pure bred pork type. Having this, I recommend a good alfalfa or red clover pasture, ample shade during hot weather and an abundance of pure water, running if possible, accessible to the swine at all times. An apple orchard composed of matured trees, adjoining the alfalfa or clover pasture, is an excellent addition, as the trees afford necessary shade during hot weather, and the swine will consume all windfall fruit, and thereby convert large losses of fruit into some profit as hog feed. Rape and carrots are economical and valuable feeds.

Sweet skim milk, with a small quantity of either wheat middlings or ground oats added, given to the swine morning and evening when on pasture is beneficial and will net a large gain so fed to swine. Pigs farrowed in March properly cared for will be ready for market at six to eight months, and this is the most profitable age to market them. Of course suitable buildings must be provided for the successful raising of winter pork. An inexpensive building so constructed as to be reasonably warm during the coldest winter weather, free from drafts and leaky roofs, but well ventilated, with a good supply of clean, dry straw for bedding, is sufficient. Hoghouses should also be kept clean and thoroughly disinfected to keep them healthful.

Cornmeal mixed up quite thick with sweet skim milk I consider a good final finishing hog feed. If the young pigs have been properly fed and grown for five or six months, from four to six weeks' feeding on cornmeal and skim milk, all they will clean up three times a day, after they have become accustomed to the change of feed, ought to make first class market pork at a high profit to the producer.

With grain at the present high level owners can push the use of carrots and field peas, thus saving corn. A small patch of Dwarf Essex rape should adjoin the clover pasture so that the hogs could alternate between the two. They should be kept off the rape when it is wet. Light rations of ground corn and tankage in addition to the other feed named will produce rapid gains. Early litters will be ready to market at the approach of winter, but it is best for farmers to be prepared to house and feed for a few weeks extra if prices are not satisfactory.

In looking out for the health of swine owners should have a dipping tank and give the animals a dousing every month or so. Coal tar dips are cheap and effective. Worms can be destroyed by giving five grains of santolin and five grains of calomel in a gallon of thick slop. Ordinarily one such dose will do. Feed light for a day before giving this treatment.

Fish Scrap For Hens.

In feeding hens 10 per cent of fish scrap can be safely used in the ration, as this amount will not taint the eggs or give an unfavorable taste to the meat when dressed. Sour milk is a splendid feed for laying hens, being a source of protein food so necessary in egg production. As well it keeps the hens healthy, because it induces good digestion of the other rations, keeps the birds in good condition and practically free from disease. Eighty cents per 100 pounds is not too much to pay for the skim milk.

Tender Foliage.

The foliage of the stone fruits, such as peaches, plums and cherries, is much more tender and susceptible to spray injury than either apples or pears. A spray that is perfectly safe on apples will kill plums sometimes. An excess of lime should always be present in solutions used on stone fruits.

DAIRY AND CREAMERY

GOOD DAIRY RATINGS.

Cows Should Be Fed in Accordance With Their Milk Production.

Professor C. H. Eckles of the Missouri station is a wise counselor on matters pertaining to dairying. He has made a close study of the question of compounding dairy rations, and his advice is well worth heeding. In a recent press bulletin he points out that good and economical dairy rations are based upon corn stlage and some legume hay, such as clover, alfalfa or cowpea. If these are plentiful the feeding problem is much simplified. A good grain ration to go with these is corn, four parts; bran, one part, and cottonseed or linseed, one part.

Corn, even at the present high price, is the cheapest source of digestible food.



The cow herewith pictured, Irene's Cherry 3532, has earned the title of world's champion senior two-year-old Jersey. She went on test at two years and eleven months of age and in 35 days produced 1357.7 pounds of milk, containing 149.37 pounds of fat. This exceeds the record which was made by Lad's Lady Riotress Irene, the former champion.

Cottonseed meal, distillers' grains, brewers' grains and linseed meal are the cheapest sources of protein. A mixture of corn and cottonseed meal alone would not be a good ration, as it is too heavy—that is, it forms a sticky mass in the stomach, which the digestive juices cannot penetrate easily. Bran, dried beet pulp or brewers' grains are the best feeds we have to lighten a ration. For this reason one of these is nearly always included in the ration fed heavy milking cows requiring liberal grain feeding.

The most difficult question to decide this winter is how liberally one can afford to feed dairy cows. As a general rule, feeding a cow to near her capacity is the most economical. If the farmer goes to the expense of maintaining the cow it is not economy to fail to make use of her productive capacity. A good rule for practical feeding is to give the cow as much roughage, silage and legume hay as she will eat clean, then feed in addition one pound of grain to each three pounds of milk for a Jersey and one pound of grain for each four pounds of milk from a Holstein.

A dairy cow should be in good condition at time of calving. The amount of milk she gives when fresh usually shows her capacity. She should then be fed enough to support this milk production. A cow that does not have the inheritance to give more than twenty pounds of milk daily cannot be made to give forty by liberal grain feeding. However, the cow that starts giving forty pounds will not continue to do so long unless sufficient feed is given to furnish the raw material for this much product.

It is not economy to feed all cows the same amount of grain. They should be fed in accordance with their production. A heavy grain ration given a light milking cow fattens her, but does not increase her milk beyond her ordinary limit.

Silage For Dairy Bulls.

There has been some disagreement among dairymen relative to the effect of feeding silage to bulls in service. It is generally agreed, however, that feeding large quantities of silage does have a detrimental effect in making the bull sluggish and lowering his worth as a breeder. We advise therefore that not more than ten to fifteen pounds be fed per day.—Hoard's Dairymen.

Temperature of Milk For Calves.

Under natural conditions milk consumed by the young calf has a temperature of approximately 100 degrees. It has been found by experience that a slight variation from this temperature may cause indigestion. Especially is this true with calves under two months of age. The chief point is uniformity in the temperature of the milk at all times.

DAIRY WISDOM.

Too much cannot be said about the way in which cows should be treated in the stable. Be generous and kind to the helpers. They will repay you as soon as they become cows. When unpregnated cows sell for \$120 at public sale the wisdom of saving the helper calf becomes self evident.

If possible water should be supplied to cows in the stable. The increase in yield from a herd of cows would quickly repay the expense of a covered barnyard, where the herd can rest and take some exercise through the day.

TESTING THE SEED CORN

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING THE SAWDUST BOX.

THE READING OF THE TEST

By This Method It Is Possible To Discard Grains That Do Not Sprout Satisfactorily.

College Park, March 22.—W. B. Kemp, Agronomy Extension Specialist, has just recently issued an article to be used by the County Demonstration Agents in connection with the local Boys' Agricultural Clubs in the State, in which he gives one of the most satisfactory ways of testing seed corn. Mr. Kemp says: "When fifteen good ears will probably produce all of the seed required for your acre you can readily see how important it is that the grain on every ear will not only grow, but will produce vigorous plants. If seed has been carefully selected in the field in the fall and has been stored in a dry well-aired place, the next step toward securing a uniform stand of corn is to test each ear for germination. To do this, take grains that represent all parts of each ear to be tested and place them under such conditions of ventilation, moisture, and warmth that sprouts on the strong ones will grow, in about a week, to a couple of inches in length. Then by a study of the grains from each ear it is possible to discard the ears whose grains do not sprout in a satisfactory manner."

Preparing the 'Sawdust Box.' "One of the most satisfactory ways to test your corn for germination is by use of the 'sawdust box.' To prepare it you should have the following:

- "1. A wooden box 18 inches long, 18 inches broad and 4 to 6 inches deep. (A box of any other dimension, if it provides enough room, will be satisfactory, but the size of all cloths must vary with size of box.)
- "2. Enough sawdust to fill the box.
- "3. One piece of heavy muslin 26 inches long and 20 inches broad.
- "4. One piece of muslin 18 inches long and 18 inches broad.
- "5. Four tacks.
- "6. About fifty pieces of card board one inch square and same number of shingle-nails or pins.
- "Mark off the muslin mentioned in 2, into two-inch squares by drawing lines with a soft lead pencil two inches apart each way across the cloth; leaving an unmarked border three inches wide along all four edges. Number these squares from 1 to 49.
- "Next mark the pieces of card board mentioned under 6, from 1 to 49 and stick a nail or pin through the center of each piece.

Making the Test.

- "A. Boil the sawdust for half an hour, drain and let cool.
- "B. When sawdust is sufficiently cool to handle put enough into the box so that it will pack level and tight to within two inches of top of box. (A brick makes a very good implement for this packing.)
- "C. If cloths are new scrub in warm water to remove dressing.
- "D. Soak the cloths.
- "E. Stretch the damp cloth, which is marked into squares, over the packed sawdust in box and tack at corners.
- "F. Place ears to be tested in row with butts toward you on table or boards.
- "G. Stick nails bearing marked square of cardboard into the butt of the cob of each ear.
- "H. Remove six grains from ear 1 and place these with germs up and with all tips pointing in same direction on the damp muslin in square 1.

(Remove these grains with a pen-knife by inserting blade between row, not between grains in a row. Remove one grain 2 inches from butt of ear. Turn ear one-third over and remove second grain from center of ear. Again turn ear one-third over and remove grain two inches from tip. Remove grains 4, 5, and 6, from side of ear opposite places from which grains 1, 2, and 3, were removed.

"I. Similarly remove grains from each of 49 ears and place in proper squares of the sawdust box.

"J. Being careful not to displace any of the grains stretch second piece of muslin, mentioned under 4, over the box and let it rest on the grains.

"K. Place burlap over muslin with edges extending over sides of box.

"L. Fill burlap to top of box with damp sawdust, pack tight, and fold edges of burlap back over sawdust.

"M. Keep box in a place which can be kept at living-room temperature.

"(Place a low prop under one edge of box so that tips of grains will be pointing downward, then all sprouts will grow in the same direction.)

Reading the Test.

"After a week to ten days has passed, open the germinator by rolling back and placing aside the burlap full of sawdust. Next fold back the first muslin being careful not to displace any of the grains. You are now ready to read the test. If any grain in a square has not sprouted, discard the ear from which this grain was taken. If sprouts on the grains from an ear are not regular in growth discard that ear also. If all sprouts from grains of an ear are short it does not always mean that they are weak; it may be that these grains are merely slow in sprouting."

Wake Up! SHIP US YOUR Butter Fat



We are offering you an opportunity of making DAIRYING PAY.

This week's prices are:—
39c per pound for Butter
Fat in cream testing
30% or higher and fancy in
quality.

41c per pound for Butter
Fat in cream of lower
tests and grades.

In addition to these unusually high prices we pay transportation charges on cream testing 35% EXTRA FANCY IN QUALITY.

We are the largest butter manufacturers in the east and not only pay the highest market prices for Butter Fat, but in order to assist our patrons in making it profitable to ship us their cream we—

Lend them cans on 30 days' trial.

Lend them a Babcock Tester for 30 days and teach them how to use it, FREE OF CHARGE.

Write us for particulars.

GOLDEN & COMPANY

Commission Merchants and Butter Manufacturers, Washington, D. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Circuit Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JULIA DENNY,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-third Day of July, 1917,

or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 16th day of February, 1917.

KENNETH C. DENNY,

Administrator of Julia Denny, deceased.
Notary Public.
Notary Public.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Circuit Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

ADELINA HENRY BYRD,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-fifth Day of August, 1917,

or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 16th day of February, 1917.

ZADOCK P. HENRY, M. D.,

Executor of Adeline Henry Byrd, deceased.
True Copy. Test:
LAFAYETTE SWANK,
Notary Public.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Upper Fairmount

March 16—Miss Elizabeth Sudler returned from Philadelphia on Tuesday.

Mrs. H. W. Gorman, of High Point, North Carolina, is a guest at the home of Mr. W. T. Sudler.

Miss Sallie Lockerman visited Salisbury last week and was the guest of Mrs. J. McFadden Dick.

Miss Mary Muir, after spending several weeks with her friend, Miss Alice Stemmors, at Salisbury, has returned home.

Mr. U. L. Mitchell, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Elizabeth, visited his sister, Mrs. Harry Cluff, near Pocomoke City, last week.

Misses Miriam and Minnie Bennett left yesterday for Stamford, Conn., where they have accepted positions at Dr. Givens' Sanatorium.

Dr. John S. Bowers, president of the Maryland Conference, will preach in Salem Methodist Protestant Church on Sunday morning, March 25th, at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Levin B. Hall died suddenly on Wednesday night at his residence here. His funeral took place Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock and his remains were buried in the family burying ground.

The schooner "Liane Lee" commanded by Capt. William Sterling, landed at Madox's Island wharf on Tuesday with a cargo of 87 tons of rough fertilizer for the farmers of this place, who expect to plant potatoes next week.

Mrs. Albert Sudler went to Detroit, Michigan, last week to attend the funeral of her brother, Mr. Amos Musselman. After the funeral Mrs. Sudler accompanied her son, Dr. Mervin T. Sudler, to his home in Lawrence, Kansas, where she will be a guest for several weeks.

Chapin

March 17—Mr. Clyde Tyler left Monday for Philadelphia.

Miss Hilda Dryden, after spending some time in Philadelphia, returned home Monday.

Mr. George Tyler and son, Walton, after spending some time at Willis' Wharf, Va., have returned home.

Mr. Fletcher Dryden, after spending several days here with his grandmother, Mrs. I. T. Parks, has returned to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Sallie H. Bedsworth returned home Sunday morning from Baltimore, where she has been visiting friends and relatives for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Pusey and daughter, Ruth, of near Princess Anne, were guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Bosman, Sunday.

A very delightful birthday surprise party was given to Miss Elsie Smith Monday evening by her many friends. Those present were: Misses Lillian Wallace, Emma Tankersley, Nedra and Agnes Bosman, Lois Campbell, Maude Wilson, Helen Porter, Addie, Golda and Gladys Lawson, Ethel Noble and Messrs. Milton Horner, Elwood and Reginald Wilson, George Noble, James and Isaac Hall, Lankford Phoebe, Martin and Denwood Willing, and Maurice Lawrence, and Mrs. Harry Walker, of Baltimore. Games and music made a very pleasant evening. At 10.30 the merry party were invited into the dining-room, which was beautifully decorated with potted flowers, where they were served with ice cream, cake and candies. Later the merry party left, all reporting a very pleasant evening and wishing Miss Smith many more happy birthdays. She was the recipient of many pretty and useful gifts and wishes to thank her friends for such a delightful surprise.

RED WING.

Mount Vernon

March 17—Dr. H. A. Barnes is spending the week-end in Baltimore.

Mrs. Arthur Collins is visiting her parents at Chance.

Mr. W. T. Borbon spent a few days in Baltimore this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Marshall spent the week-end in Delmar.

Messrs. Harvey Simpkins and Sheldon Hopkins spent last Sunday in Salisbury.

Mr. Scott Mason, of Baltimore, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Mason.

Mr. and Mrs. Neils Rubein, of Minnesota, are visiting the former's brother at this place.

Mrs. Frank Simms spent the past week with her son, Mr. Williams Simms, of Salisbury.

Mrs. John Pruitt has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Vaughn Moore, of Mardela Springs.

Mrs. Emma Webster is spending the month with her son, Mr. Ray Webster, at Wilmington, Delaware.

Misses Meta Horner and Marie Davis spent Saturday and Sunday with their respective parents in Crisfield.

Capt. John Horner, who has traded between Baltimore and Norfolk for the past six months, spent last week with his mother, Mrs. Matt Moore.

Mr. George R. Marsh, Sr., who has been confined to his room for the past two months with an injured foot, is able to be out again with the aid of crutches.

Parson's Soft Job.

"There is a prevalent idea among the criminal classes that the clergy have nothing whatever to do." The authority for this statement is the archdeacon of London, who has three large prisons in his archdeaconry. An old woman once said to a jail chaplain: "I wish you could find a job for my old man. He is not up to much, and cannot do anything, but he wants a soft job like yours!"—London Globe.

Clear Away The Waste

Bowel regularity is the secret of good health, bright eyes, clear complexion, and Dr. King's New Life Pills are a mild and gentle laxative that regulates the bowels and relieves the congested intestines by removing the accumulated wastes without griping. Take a pill before sitting and that heavy head, that dull spring fever feeling disappears. Get Dr. King's New Life Pills at your druggist, etc.

(Advertisement.)

R. R. STRIKE POSTPONED—OUTLOOK BRIGHTER

Both Gompers and Lane Think Chances Of Avoiding A Railroad Walkout Are Good

The question of a nation-wide railroad strike was still undecided yesterday (Monday) morning.

At the conferences in New York the members of the railroad managers' committee were still in consultation with Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior; William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor; Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad; and Sam G. Lea, of the American Federation of Labor, who comprise President Wilson's Committee of National Defense appointed to mediate between the opposing factions.

Secretary Lane seemed to be hopeful of a settlement. He pointed out that the 38-hour truce would allow time for a decision on the Adamson eight-hour law by the United States Supreme Court. While he would not commit himself to any prediction, yet he gave the impression that the two sides will get together and agree on some sort of an amicable settlement. "The whole situation has changed for the better," said Secretary Lane. "I can say the outlook is distinctly hopeful."

Perryhawkin

March 17—Miss Doris Dryden spent part of this week with relatives at Princess Anne.

Miss Essie Marriner and Mr. Leroy Marriner spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of their aunt, Mrs. W. T. Howard, at Pitts Creek, Worcester county.

Mr. Woodland Culver and daughter, Mabel, returned home Sunday after spending several days at the home of Mrs. Emma Howard at Pitts Creek, Worcester county.

Don't forget that Wednesday evening, March 21st, is the time the Ladies' Aid of Perryhawkin Christian Church will hold their fruit basket sale and ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Alder. Proceeds for the benefit of the Church.

The Literary Society met in the school house at Perryhawkin Thursday evening. The society was called to order by the vice-president, Mr. J. H. Alder. The program was as follows: Recitation, Miss Grace Alder; recitation, Lois Dryden; reading, Harold Long. After which the question, "Resolved, That the President Should Arm All American Ships," was debated on the affirmative by Mr. B. C. Dryden, on the negative by Mr. B. T. Dykes. The judges decided in favor of the negative.

The Pneumonia Season

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumonia often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it.

(Advertisement.)

True Graciousness.

Real graciousness is a virtue exacted, not a virtue assumed. We have to go back to St. Paul's epistles to be reminded that charity, which is really love, unselfishness and which "vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up," is at the root of all courtesy and graciousness. It needs constant practice. It has to be willed often in look, or word, or act when the inclination is against it, but if practiced faithfully it blossoms in the life.

Colonel Humphreys Indicted

Col. Marion A. Humphreys, who was indicted by the grand jury in Wicomico county last week, charged with mutilating ballots while assisting the election officials in counting votes in Camden district, that county, last November in the Congressional election, wired some of his friends from Florida last Thursday stating that he would immediately leave for Salisbury. He says he will present himself to the court, which is in session for the March term, and demand an immediate trial on the charges preferred against him by State's Attorney Curtis W. Long, on whose testimony a true bill was returned against Mr. Humphreys.

Harry Thaw Adjudged Insane

Harry K. Thaw was last Tuesday adjudged a lunatic by the Common Pleas Court of Philadelphia and under the law cannot be taken to New York on requisition to stand trial on charges of assaulting Frederick Gump, Jr., a high school student of Kansas City, Mo. Thaw will be kept in St. Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia, pending his removal to a Pennsylvania asylum. The court's action was based on the report presented last Tuesday by a lunacy commission which took the testimony of Thaw and his mother.

A Bilious Attack

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

(Advertisement.)

Wilson's Appeal To The Railroad Men

President Wilson late last Friday sent a personal appeal to the representatives of the two sides in the railroad controversy urging that they do everything possible to co-operate with the mediation committee which was sent to New York to endeavor, on behalf of the Government, to avert the strike. The President's appeal follows:

"I deem it my duty and right to appeal to you in this time of national peril to open again the questions at issue between the railroads and their operatives with a view to accommodation or settlement."

"With my approval, a committee of the Council of National Defense is about to seek a conference with you with that end in view."

"A general interruption of the railway traffic of the country at this time would entail a danger to the nation against which I have the right to enter my most solemn and earnest protest."

"It is now the duty of every patriotic man to bring matters of this sort to immediate accommodation. The safety of the country against manifest perils affecting its own peace and the peace of the whole world makes accommodation absolutely imperative and seems to me to render any other choice or action inconceivable."

Care Of The Sitting Hen

The sitting hen, which is used most generally for incubation purposes on the farm, should receive a certain amount of care and attention during the process of hatching eggs. To a great extent the care given a sitting hen plays an important part in the number and condition of the chicks when hatched. With this end in view, the specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture make the following suggestions:

If several hens are sitting in the same room, see that they are kept on the nests, allowing them to come off only once a day to receive feed and water, the feed to consist of corn, wheat, or both. If there are any that do not desire to come off themselves, they should be taken off. Hens usually return to their nests before there is any danger of the eggs chilling, but if they do not go back in half an hour in ordinary weather, they should be put on the nest. Where a large number of sitters are kept in one room it is advisable to let them off in groups of from 4 to 6 at a time. The eggs and nests should be examined and cleaned, removing all broken eggs and washing those that are soiled; in the latter case the soiled nesting material should be removed and clean straw added. Nests containing broken eggs that the hen is allowed to sit on soon become infested with mites and lice, which cause the hens to become uneasy and leave the nest, often causing the loss of valuable sittings of eggs. In mite-infested nests, the hen, if fastened in, will often be found standing over rather than sitting on the eggs. Many eggs that are laid in the late winter and early spring are infertile. For this reason it is advisable to set several hens at the same time. After the eggs have been under the hens from 5 to 7 days, the time depending somewhat on the color and thickness of the shells—white shelled eggs being easier to test than those having brown shells—they should be tested, the infertile eggs and dead germs removed, and the fertile eggs put back under the hen. In this way it is often possible to put all the eggs that several hens originally started to sit on under fewer hens and reset the others. For example, 30 eggs are set under 3 hens at the same time, 10 under each. At the end of 7 days we find on testing the eggs from all the hens that 10 are infertile, which leaves us 20 eggs to reset, which we do by putting them under 2 hens, and have the remaining hen sit over again as she has sat only 7 days. In this way considerable time can be saved in one's hatching operations.

Location Of Hoghouse Windows.

A subscriber writes to the Orange Judd Farmer for information concerning the height from the floor of a hoghouse that windows should be placed to get the most sunshine to the back line of the pens on March 1. Following is the reply:

The windows should be placed so that the pens will get the maximum

THE TRACTOR IN WINTER.

When Not In Use It Should Be Stored Inside and Overhauled.

The tractor is probably the most expensive as well as the most carefully made farm machine used on the average farm and as such should receive correspondingly careful treatment, says the American Agriculturist. The number stored under the blue sky during the winter months indicates that many of them do not receive this kind of treatment.

When not in use the tractor should be stored inside and before being put away for the winter given a thorough overhauling. Bearings should be tightened, carbon removed from the cylinders, the valves ground and any excessively worn parts replaced with new ones. All old dirt and grease should be wiped off, the oil drained out of the crank case and the grease washed out of the gear cases. New oil and grease should then be put in these places. Every bolt on the tractor should be gone over and tightened up, and any little thing that has been neglected in the rush of the busy season should be attended to. Both the gasoline and the water tanks should be drained and left empty. Any part that is likely to rust should be given a coating of heavy grease. The tractor should be so treated that it will not be injured by the weather when idle and be in excellent running order when needed the next spring.

Much of this work can be done at odd moments during the winter months if a warm workshop is provided; otherwise it can be done when the weather is somewhat mild. The time taken to do this will save many valuable moments during the rush of spring work and will mean much longer life for the tractor if attended to each year.

Carbonic Acid In The Soil.

Carbonic acid exerts a powerful influence on the production of crops by acidifying the soil water and increasing its capability of dissolving potential plant food in the soil, rendering it more readily available to the plant roots, says Thomas C. Wallace. To assist this process we can add carbonaceous material, as stable manure, straw and green crops turned under in the soil to decompose and give up the carbonic acid resulting from their decay. All the carbonic acid occurring from such decay will not be definitely combined with water, as much of it is evolved as gas and escapes into the atmosphere to be utilized directly by the plant leaves in their breathing. If the soil is kept continually saturated with water the carbonic acid will accumulate, and no gas will be liberated. Some loose soils give off carbonic acid very readily, while others absorb it more readily, depending in each case largely upon the composition of the soil, which may comprise more or less bases in a condition to combine with and fix the carbonic acid gas arising from decomposition of matter in the soil.

Amount Of Sunlight At 10 O'clock And 2 O'clock On The Day Of Farrowing.

For March 1 farrowing and latitude 46 degrees north the top of the front windows should be five feet eight inches from the floor line and the top of the upper windows should be eleven feet three inches from the same line. This is suitable for a hoghouse twenty-four feet wide with eight foot pens on each side and an eight foot driveway through the center.

Remove Dead Wood.

Dead or decaying wood of any fruit plant should be removed as soon as it is noticed, it matters not what the season may be. Such wood harbors disease and insect pests that will spread to healthy parts of the tree and to neighboring trees.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

There are too few colts raised on our farms nowadays. Every farmer, by working mares, can raise all the horses he needs on the place and have them with little expense and some extra care.

Milk strainers should be made of several thicknesses of flannel. These should be boiled each time after washing, when not replaced with new flannel.

In winter the only way to keep bedding reasonably comfortable for the hog is to keep it dry. If allowed to absorb moisture it freezes, the heat of the hog's body thawing it again, all of which makes unsatisfactory conditions—extreme changes of temperature, dampness, pneumonia. There is but one way to keep it dry—clean the pen and put in fresh bedding once a week.

While straw has been proved quite digestible by horses, its use as a feed depends for its value on the makeup of a balanced ration. The digestibility of a feed is no doubt of great importance, but the feed must supply a living proportion of digestible protein to furnish energy.

SAVING MONEY

In a Way That Is Worth While

You are offered the opportunity of a membership in our

American 100-Payment Savings Club

The Club that pays you back all your money during life, with a guarantee that your people will receive the full amount you agree to save in the event of death before all your payments are made.

No Charge For This Guaranteed Protection

Any person between the ages of 5 and 49 in good health may secure this doubled protection.

Come to the Bank to-day and let us tell you how to save money and have this protection

PEOPLES BANK

of SOMERSET COUNTY

We Pay 3 per cent. on Savings Deposits
Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent
K. N. & K. Travelers' Checks

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

4

The actual value of an automobile is determined by the service it will render. A high-priced car which has been thoroughly overhauled, will give better service than any cheap new car.

On the floor of our new used-car display room is the largest assortment of fine used-cars in the south. All of these cars are reliable and have been carefully inspected before being offered for sale.

We have used cars from \$200 up and renewed cars which have been entirely rebuilt and repainted, from \$600 up.

Write us a post card today and let us know about how much money you want to spend, we will then send you either our Used-Car Bulletin or our booklet on Renewed Cars. Mail the post card today.

To Merchants and Undertakers: We have many special high-grade chassis which could be built into delivery wagons, light trucks, etc., and will give better service than any new truck which you could buy at the same price. Prices \$200 up.

STANDARD MOTOR COMPANY
Cadillac Building
1011 NORTH EUTAW STREET BALTIMORE

GORDON TULL, Solicitor

Order Nisi

Holloway et al., vs. George T. Richardson et al.
No. 3141, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity. January Term, 1917.
To wit the 24th day of February, 1917.

Ordered, that the sale of property mentioned in these proceedings wherein Holloway et al. were plaintiffs and George T. Richardson et al. defendants, the same being No. 3141 on the Chancery Docket in the Circuit Court for Somerset County, made and reported by Gordon Tull, trustee to sell the real estate of Wilmour J. Richardson, late of Somerset county, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the tenth day of April next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in Somerset county, and also in Worcester county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of March, instant.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$2750.
W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.
True Copy. Test: 2-6

Order Nisi

Robert F. Duer, attorney, ex parte, under power contained in a mortgage from David H. Lamy and wife to Herschel V. Maddox.
In the Circuit Court for Somerset County. No. 3146, Chancery.

Ordered, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Robert F. Duer, attorney, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of March, instant; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of March, instant.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$2750.
W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.
True Copy. Test: 2-6

JOB PRINTING—We do it.

Give us your next order

MOTHER GRAY'S POWDERS

BENEFIT MANY CHILDREN

Thousands of mothers have found Mother Gray's Sweet Powders an excellent remedy for children complaining of headache, colds, feverishness, stomach troubles and bowel irregularities from which children suffer during these days. These powders are easy and pleasant to take and excellent results are accomplished by their use. Used by mothers for 30 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere, 25 cents.



Save for some good thing

Have a Record This Year

Mr. Farmer, this year you should have a record of all sales and purchases, loans and interest payments.

It isn't necessary that you keep a set of intricate books to do this—

JUST OPEN A CHECK ACCOUNT AT THIS BANK

Make all deposits here, pay all bills by check, and WE'LL DO THE BOOKKEEPING FOR YOU.

We furnish all check-books, deposit-books and slips without charge.

BANK OF SOMERSET

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

There are thousands of children who are bright but frail—not sick but underdeveloped—they play with their food—they catch colds easily and do not thrive—they only need the pure, rich liquid-food in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

to start them growing and keep them going. Children relish SCOTT'S and it carries rare nutritive qualities to their blood streams and gives them flesh-food, bone-food and strength-food. Nothing harmful in SCOTT'S.

Scott & Borne, Bloomfield, N. J.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

MARYLAND AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1892
SOMERSET HERALD, 1898

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, MARCH 27, 1917

Vol. XIX No. 35

A MILITARY TRAINING COMMISSION NAMED

Governor Harrington Orders Immediate Survey And Census Of Maryland—Will Increase Machinery To Bring About Preparedness

Governor Harrington increased the machinery to bring about a condition of military preparedness in Maryland last Tuesday by another series of moves. Most important of these was the appointment of an additional commission to report on the practicability of providing military education and creating a universal military reserve. This latter body was authorized by the last General Assembly, but not until recently did the Governor see the necessity of putting another unpaid board to work.

Following a series of conferences Governor Harrington also decided on the immediate taking of a military survey and census throughout the State. Adjutant General Warfield and Attorney General Ritchie spent Tuesday morning drawing up formal blanks for the survey, which will be completed in between two weeks and 30 days from the time work is begun.

While these steps are in view of military preparedness in the future, the Governor and his advisers have also completed their plans to bring about a real condition of readiness as soon as the first official war move is made.

The new executive commission, named by the Governor, is headed by General Henry M. Warfield. The other members are General Charles D. Galtier, Major S. Johnson Poe, Lloyd Odendahl, Layton F. Smith, Major G. W. Hyde, William L. Marbury, Hugh K. Jewett and Lieutenant King, of the Polytechnic Institute.

The new commission will take advantage of the present situation in the State to obtain details for their recommendations.

The State survey of all males is regarded by local military officials as the first step to bring Maryland's quota of soldiers up to the required federal mark in the event of war. This survey will provide for enrollment of all males between the ages of 16 and 45 years of age without regard to physical incapacitation or right of exemption. Those who are entitled to exemption must file notice of such right within 15 days after the survey is made or such privilege is lost. There will be no physical test in connection with the survey until after the full strength of volunteers has been disposed of in the event of war. Then it will be necessary for the sheriffs of the various counties and of Baltimore city to summon those enrolled and the latter will draw lots as to which shall stand for military service. The federal government will then make its physical examinations.

It is the present plan of State officials to plan a tentative home guard from those men who are enrolled and who are above the age of 30 years, as it is deemed that men of younger years will first be desired for the regular military service.

Somerset Boys At W. M. College

The Irving Webster Debating League of Western Maryland College held its second annual contest on Friday evening, March 16th. The question was, "Resolved, That the United States should adopt a system of compulsory military training." The affirmative was advanced by Irving Literary Society, represented by Elmer M. Pusey, of Princess Anne, leader; Milton M. Somers, of Crisfield, and D. A. Yount, of Westminster. The negative was defended by Webster Literary Society, represented by John A. Trader, of Crisfield, leader; David L. Quinn, of Crisfield, and R. C. Phillips, of Inwood, N. Y. The affirmative won. The judges were Rev. C. W. Walek, Mr. Ivan L. Hoff and Mr. H. E. Gorsuch, all of Westminster.

From the very beginning of the debate the fight was spirited and forceful arguments brought forth. While the judges were making their decision a sextette of male voices delightfully entertained the student-body and their many friends from the town.

It will be noticed that four of the six boys who took part in the debate are Somerset boys. Both Pusey and Somers are to represent Irving Literary Society in the Oratorical Contest at commencement time, and "Trader" is one of the two to represent Webster Literary Society.

Mr. Muir Appointed Special Clerk

Last Tuesday the Board of County Commissioners appointed Mr. Harry E. Muir, of Fairmont, a special clerk to the board to assist in reviewing the new assessment of the county.

The assessment of real estate in more than half the districts of the county has been completed and Supervisor Todd expects the whole work to be finished in about a month. Last Thursday and Friday the commissioners, as a board of review and revision, were busily engaged on the assessment for Princess Anne and Mt. Vernon districts.

MILITIA WILL GUARD BRIDGES

Governor Harrington last Wednesday called to arms the militia companies at Belair and Elkton. They were ordered Thursday at Havre de Grace, where they will be assigned to special duty of guarding the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridges which span the Susquehanna river.

While Governor Harrington is not aware of any plot to destroy these structures, he realizes that half a dozen bombs, skillfully placed and exploded, would destroy the two structures, and with their destruction all traffic between the North and South would be paralyzed, not for a few weeks or a month or more, but for a whole year, since that time at least would be required for replacing the bridges. In the meantime there would be an almost complete severance of the North and South. The movements of troops and supplies with rapidity and certainty would be well nigh impossible. To Baltimore the loss of the bridges would be irreparable, as the city would be almost completely isolated for a year from the North.

How long the two militia companies will be stationed at the bridges can only be guessed. They will certainly be kept on duty until the war clouds shall have rolled by, though it is possible they may be relieved by other companies, either from the towns or from Baltimore.

FARMERS' DAY MAY 30TH

President Patterson Of State College Making Elaborate Plans

President Patterson, of the Maryland State College, has announced that Farmers' Day this year would be held May 30th (Decoration Day). This date has proved so popular with the farmers of the State in the last three years that it was decided to make it permanent.

Of particular interest to farmers will be the announcement by President Patterson of special rates obtained by him with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for those who visit the college that day. The round trip fare from any point in the State to College Park on Decoration Day will be the average one-way cost. That holds good for all points where the fare is not more than \$3 one way. For those above that amount a maximum round trip fare of \$3 is set.

President Patterson is working hard to make the affair a greater success than ever before. A bureau of information is being established at the college for the purpose of having a central place from which information may be given out. H. C. Byrd is in charge of the work, and any inquiries concerning the college or any of its departments addressed to him will be answered immediately.

It is the intention to build up the bureau to such an extent that it will in great measure take the place of the State Bureau of Immigration, abolished by the last Legislature. Within another year the bureau will be in a position to furnish information to those within or without the State concerning all matters relating to the college, the departments controlled by the State Board of Agriculture, and, probably, about the resources of any section of the State.

William C. Fontaine Dead

Last Friday morning Mr. William C. Fontaine suffered a stroke of paralysis from which he died at 9 o'clock Saturday night, without regaining consciousness.

Mr. Fontaine was 81 years old last July and had spent all his life in Somerset county. In politics he was a Democrat and during the second term of President Cleveland he was postmaster at Princess Anne.

He was a life-long Presbyterian and had been an elder in Manokin Presbyterian Church continuously since 1876. In 1867 he married Miss Imogene Polk, and by her death was left a widower in 1905. Since that time he has made his home with his two daughters, Miss Nannie C. Fontaine and Mrs. George B. Fitzgerald, and his grandson, George B. Fitzgerald, on Prince William street.

Mr. Fontaine is survived by six children—all of whom were at his bedside at the final hour—Mrs. George H. Meyers, Miss Nannie C. Fontaine and Mrs. George B. Fitzgerald, of Princess Anne, and Messrs. Berkeley D., Ephraim P. and William C. Fontaine, of Philadelphia, Pa. He is also survived by five grandchildren, G. Hammond Meyers and George B. Fitzgerald, of this town, and William G., Robert M. and Lucille J. Fontaine, the children of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Fontaine, of Philadelphia, Pa. Funeral services were held in Manokin Presbyterian Church this (Tuesday) morning at 10:30 o'clock, conducted by the Rev. W. L. Freund, of Princeton, N. J., pastor of the church, and the interment was in the church cemetery beside that of his wife.

CHANGES IN REAL ESTATE

Number of Deeds Recorded At The Office of Clerk of Court

Carl G. Fisch from George Z. McDorman and wife, 80 acres in St. Peter's district; consideration \$1800.

Harley D. Yates from Jay B. Finch, 50 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$3200.

Charles R. Loss from Harley D. Yates and wife, 50 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$3200. James B. Tawes and others from Tawes, Gibson Packing Company, land in Crisfield; consideration \$7440.

Walter L. Gibson from Wm. T. Sterling and wife, land in Crisfield; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

Lewis W. Pusey and B. Ray Pusey from Bella S. Thompson, 160 acres in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$14,400.

Sarah Schmieding from Frank D. Layfield and wife, land in Westover district; consideration \$7000.

Nicholas Sterling from Woodland Milbourne and wife, 1 acre in Asbury district; consideration \$125.

Edward W. Sterling from Benjamin T. Maddox and wife, land in Crisfield; consideration \$350 and other considerations.

Wm. S. Powell from Wesley Horsey and others, 12 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$300 and other considerations.

Lawrence B. Butler and others from Sidney C. Butler, land in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

James Taylor and wife from Charles Foster Matthews and wife, 8 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$600.

Edward J. Bounds from M. Fillmore Bounds and others, land in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$500 and other considerations.

Robert Jones and wife from Ernest J. Pusey and others, 2 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$75.

Arthur E. Magill and wife from Edward H. Bounds and wife, 1 acre in Mt. Vernon district; consideration \$100 and other considerations.

William L. LaFollette from George W. Brown and others, 112 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$920.

William L. LaFollette from Lewis N. Whitcraft and wife, 609 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$600.

William L. LaFollette from George U. McAllen and wife, land in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$7000.

Congressman Buys Somerset Farms

Congressman William L. LaFollette, of the State of Washington, spent several days last week in Princess Anne inspecting the three farms, aggregating 1,000 acres, which he recently purchased, located about five miles from this town.

The largest tract contained 650 acres, in West Princess Anne district, owned by Lewis N. Whitcraft. The second contains 250 acres, owned by George U. McAllen, and the third about 100 acres, owned by G. W. Brown and J. S. P. White. The latter two farms are located in East Princess Anne district.

Congressman LaFollette does not intend to reside in Somerset county, but his idea is to develop the land he has purchased. He is a Republican member of the House of Representatives from his State and a cousin of United States Senator Robert LaFollette, of Wisconsin.

Attendance Officer Visits Crisfield

County School Attendance Officer, Mrs. Addie E. Bond, went to Crisfield last Tuesday and called upon scholars who are violating the compulsory school attendance law. Mrs. Bond found the situation in Crisfield the same as in many other places she has visited, the fault of non-attendance of scholars was with the parents. Mrs. Bond explained the law requiring school attendance and will return to Crisfield this week to see if the law is being fully complied with, and those who have not will be prosecuted.

Mrs. Bond is untiring in her efforts in having the attendance law enforced and we opine the attendance at the public schools of the county will show an increased average when the reports are made up.

Spring Is Here

Spring began at 11:30 o'clock last Tuesday night. Last year she came on March 21st. This year she came a day earlier, due (so the Weather Bureau says) to leap year.

This fact is noteworthy, because the early arrival of the first day of spring is one of the few things that has not been attributed to the war.

Contrary to the general belief, spring does not scatter blossoms in her path any more than St. Patrick drove snakes out of Ireland.

THE WALBANK ESTATE SETTLED

Court Orders Property To Be Distributed—\$266,000 Involved

Judges Pattison, Jones and Stanford have filed in the Circuit Court for Somerset county an opinion in which they decided that the estate of the late Kenneth S. Walbank, except the portion previously set off to Mrs. Walbank, must be distributed immediately by Joshua W. Miles and Robert T. Walbank, the testamentary trustees, who by the will were to hold the estate in trust until death or remarriage of the widow, who is still living. Kenneth S. Walbank died in 1914, leaving a personal estate of \$266,000 and a valuable farm in Somerset county.

His will settled an annuity of \$5,000 on Mrs. Walbank and gave various legacies to different relatives of the testator, including \$25,000 to each of his three sisters—Fannie A. Bulman, Ina Walbank and Edith Walbank. The remainder of the property was then given in equal thirds to three Chicago institutions—the Charity Hospital, Home for the Friendless and Home for Incurables. The widow having declined to accept the provisions made by her husband and renounced the will, took her legal share, which was \$85,000 in personality and a life estate in the Somerset county farm.

Construing the will, the court reaches the conclusion that Mrs. Walbank's renunciation operated in law to terminate the trusts which the testator established primarily for her benefit, and that the corporations which are the ultimate beneficiaries in the remainder, having already suffered by the widow's withdrawal from the trustees of a third of the fund, should be put into possession as soon as practicable of what is left. A decree was filed by the court giving effect to the opinion, and directing the trustees to make immediate distribution.

Mr. Wm. B. Spiva, cashier of the Bank of Somerset, is appointed special auditor to state an account, whereby he is directed, after paying off the costs of the suit and special allowances for annuities and pecuniary legacies, to divide the balance of the fund into three equal parts, one-third to the Chicago Home for the Friendless, one-third to the Chicago Home for Incurables, and the remaining third among the next of kin of the testator, as in intestacy, because the gift to the Chicago Charity Hospital is held to have lapsed by reason of the legal inability of that institution to accept its legacy.

The annuity given to the testator's sister, Mrs. Fannie A. Bulman, who died in January, 1916, is held by the court not to have lapsed at her death and subsequent installments are to be paid to her administrator, W. Thomas Kemp.

Mr. Messick Hurt In Auto Accident

While returning to Pocomoke in his Chalmers car from Philadelphia, Mr. E. James Tull, of that city, met with an accident on Wednesday afternoon which wrecked the machine and hurled Mr. William J. Messick, formerly of Princess Anne but now of Pocomoke, through the windshield, cutting him considerably about the face. Although not seriously hurt, Mr. Messick went to a hospital in Baltimore for treatment, he thinking it best that he be given surgical treatment lest a fragment of broken glass might have embedded itself in his face.

In the car with Mr. Tull, who was driving, were Mr. Messick, Mrs. Gertrude Atkinson, Mrs. Ella Atkinson and Miss Winnie Ennis. Mr. Messick was the only one of the party injured.

About three miles the other side of Easton the Tull car struck a portion of the stone road which was particularly slippery because of the mud from a dirt cross road being dragged upon it by passing vehicles. The machine skidded, crashing into a stone culvert. The radiator and mudguards were smashed and one wheel was torn off. Mr. Messick, who was on the driving seat with Mr. Tull, was hurled through the windshield when the impact came. Mr. Tull was probably saved from a similar fate by the fact of his sitting behind the steering wheel.

Shoreland Club Entertained

The Shoreland Club was entertained last Thursday afternoon by Miss Ellen D. McMaster, at her home on south Main street. Those present were: Mesdames J. D. Wallop, J. T. Taylor, Jr., John Page, Robert F. Maddox, T. J. Smith, W. H. Dashiell, Robert F. Duer, Roy A. Buhrman, Earle B. Polk, Charles Fitzgerald, H. F. Lankford, R. S. Thompson and Mesdames Amanda Lankford, Mildred Beauchamp and Irene Taylor. Miss Emma McAlarney, representing the National American Suffrage Association, of New York, was also present as a guest of the club and made a very interesting address on Woman's Suffrage.

WILSON YIELDS TO NATION'S DEMAND FOR WAR

Head Of Nation Declares Grave Matters Of National Policy Demand Action—Long Struggle For Peace With Germany Seems Over

THE PRESIDENT'S CALL TO CONGRESS

Whereas public interests require that the Congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock noon on the second day of April, 1917, to receive a communication concerning grave questions of national policy, which should be taken immediately under consideration.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the Capitol, in the city of Washington, on the second day of April, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States of America the twenty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-first.

WOODROW WILSON.

ADAMSON LAW DECLARED VALID

Eight-Hour Basic Day In Computing Wage Scale On Railroads

In an epochal decision holding Congress to be clothed with any and all power necessary to keep open the channels of interstate commerce, the Supreme Court Monday of last week, dividing 5 to 4, sustained the Adamson law as constitutional and enforceable in every feature. The immediate effect of the decision will be to fix a permanent eight-hour basic day in computing wage scales on interstate railroads, for which a nation-wide strike twice has been threatened, and to give, effective from January 1, this year, increases in wages to trainmen of about 25 per cent., at a cost to the railroads estimated at from \$40,000,000 to \$50,000,000 a year.

The court, through Chief Justice White, declared both carriers and their employees, engaged in a business charged with a public interest, subject to the right of Congress to compulsorily arbitrate a dispute affecting the operating of that business.

"Whatever would be the right of an employee engaged in private business to demand such wages as he desires, to leave the employment if he does not get them and by concert of action to agree with others to leave on the same conditions," said the opinion, "such rights are necessarily subject to limitation when employment is accepted in a business charged with a public interest, and as to which the power to regulate commerce by Congress applied, and the resulting right to fix in case of disagreement and dispute a standard of wages as we have seen necessarily obtained."

The next problem before the railroads is to adjust the working hours of the train crews so as to meet the requirements of the Adamson law and the agreement reached at the New York conference, which are practically identical. The Adamson law was retroactive in that its provisions became effective from January 1. Therefore all train hands are now paid on the basis of an eight-hour day, though most of them will have to continue working under the old schedule until the railroad officials can make the necessary changes.

A New Plan For Saving

The Peoples Bank of Somerset County has opened a new feature of saving at their institution in Princess Anne. It is known as the "One Hundred Payment Savings Club," and quite a number have taken advantage of this method of saving.

A man, woman or child can open an account where they pay one dollar per week for one hundred weeks, at the end of which time they receive the sum of one hundred dollars, which will be paid to them at the end of the one hundred week period. The striking feature of this new savings club is the fact that every account is insured for the benefit of the customer, and if after paying one or more weeks the customer dies, his estate will receive the full one hundred dollars just as if he had paid for the one hundred weeks.

This makes a very interesting feature, as it provides against the death of the depositor and in case of death would furnish his family with one hundred dollars in cash. There is no doubt that as soon as this plan is generally known among the people there will be a big rush to take advantage of this new feature of savings.

The barrel skirt is the greatest triumph yet achieved in the persistent efforts of women to uglify themselves.

President Wilson, recognizing that Germany practically is making war on the United States on the seas, last Wednesday called Congress to assemble in extraordinary session on April 2 to deal with the situation.

The purpose of the session, now called two weeks earlier than the date first set, as announced in the President's proclamation, is to receive a communication from the chief executive concerning grave matters of national policy which should be taken immediately under consideration.

The President in his address to Congress will detail how Germany has been making war on the United States by the ruthless destruction of American lives and ships on the high seas in contravention of all the laws of nations and humanity.

Congress then is expected to pass a resolution declaring that a state of war has existed between the United States and Germany for some time.

Such a resolution in itself will not be a declaration of war in a technical sense, although practically it will amount to the same thing.

As a consequence the United States will take further steps to protect its interests on the high seas and elsewhere against the warlike acts of Germany and whether an actual state of war will come to exist in its full extent will depend on the future acts of the Imperial German government.

Since Sunday, the 18th instant, when three American ships were sunk off the British Isles in quick succession, with loss of American lives—bringing the total number of Americans lost through German submarine operations to more than 200—the President and all his advisers have recognized that a state of war existed. From all parts of the country have come calls for the immediate summoning of Congress in extra session.

Although the President by the provisions of the Constitution must leave it to Congress to make the practical declaration of war such advice as have come to the White House from members of Congress, governors of States, public officials and many hundreds of citizens have contained statements of support of such a policy in its fullest sense.

The President's course marks the end of his unprecedented efforts—efforts which have been alike strongly commended and bitterly condemned—to keep this country at peace even with Germany in order that it might "perform the greater service" of restoring reason to war-mad Europe.

In reaching his conclusion to lay before in Congress the grave problem of determining upon this government's national policy toward Germany, the President brought to an end a struggle for peace—not only with his advisers, but with himself—perhaps the most dramatic in history. Holding out against all arguments for positive warlike action until the last, the President was loathe to take a course which he believed might be construed as "forcing the issue."

Fervish activity marked the day in all branches of the government connected in any way with the plans for the national defense. The Navy Department continued making awards for submarine chasers, while the War Department proceeded to perfect plans for everything that will be needed for the army of defense.

The department on Wednesday was in possession of the recommendations of commanding officers of all of the regiments in the regular establishments that 60 men from each unit who are sufficiently qualified to act as junior officers in the volunteer regiments which will be formed under the initial call for 500,000 volunteers expected to be issued by the President so soon as Congress shall have declared war.

Marion Boys Arrested

After a number of stores in and around Marion Station had been burglarized, citizens of that town secured the services of Detective Martin, of Baltimore city, whose activities soon resulted in the arrest of four Marion boys—Adams, Townsend, Hill and Robertson. It is said that Hill, Robertson and Adams confessed, but they claimed that Townsend was the real culprit, as they stood guard while he did the work.

At a preliminary hearing before Justice Levin H. Hall in Crisfield last Tuesday the three boys who turned State's witnesses were released on \$800 bond each, to await the action of the grand jury at the April term of Court. Townsend was held in the sum of \$2,000, and being unable to secure the bond, was brought to Princess Anne and lodged in jail.

A Woman Detective's Story

By SADIE OLCOTT

I am a woman detective. I was once sent to decoy a desperado who was making collections ostensibly for the church. He was Aaron Burt—he passed under other names—and at the time was working in the town of Edgerton. I went there, learned that he was at a certain hotel, and he was pointed out to me in the reading room.

I entered the room and, going up to him, said: "The Rev. Mr. Burt, I believe."

"I am," he said, rising and looking at me anxiously.

"I have understood that you have great success in raising money for churches, and I would like to know if you would be willing to help me pay off a mortgage on our church at Avondale."

Avondale was a town not far from Edgerton, and I had heard that one of its churches was under mortgage, which the congregation desired to pay off. But I intended this only as a means of making Mr. Burt's acquaintance.

I described to him the situation at Avondale, stating that the people there were well to do, but needed some persuasive speaker to wake them up. I added that he would be paid for his labor, proposing that he receive the contribution himself and deduct one-third of it for himself. This I knew would please him, for there would be no difficulty in his deducting his third or, rather, of appropriating the whole contribution. He manifested a willingness to undertake the work, but protested against receiving so much compensation as a third of the amount collected. On no account would he consent to deduct more than 10 per cent. He was ready to go to Avondale as soon as I said the word. I told him that I would see the pastor and the deacon and as soon as I could get their consent would let him know.

I pretended to go to Avondale, but really returned to the sheriff, who had employed me, to arrange with him as to when and where he should send the force intended to make the arrest. It was agreed between us that he was to send one picked man to Edgerton, who was to pass himself as a commercial traveler. This man's name was Larned, and I was made acquainted with him, and we conferred together. I told him to bring the largest sample trunk he could find.

Returning to Edgerton, I told Mr. Burt that everything had been arranged at Avondale, but the evening selected for his appeal for funds had been fixed for the following Sunday, four days hence. He was not pleased at this, preferring that the work should be done at once. The truth is he did not care to remain in the same locality for so long a period. I determined, however, to hold him if possible till I could spring my trap.

I laid myself out to please him, spending a good deal of time with him. I knew that he was not interested in matters of religion and did not talk on religious subjects. I preferred to choose other topics, in which he would be more at home, my intention being when I had gained his confidence to give him to understand that I knew his true character, that I was one of the same kind as himself and desired to assist him in plundering that I might share the plunder.

When I thought the time ripe I revealed the character I wished him to take me for by confessing that I expected a share in the collection I was to bring about. I saw him start, but he did not take the hint openly, and it was some time before he consented to drop the parson and talk like the villain he was. Then I told him that together we might reap a rich harvest. He caught at the idea and grew enthusiastic over it.

Having won his confidence, I kept holding up the rich hauls we would make, I joining congregations and arranging for addresses, to be followed by collections. He would disappear, leaving me to repent having put confidence in a rascal.

When all was ready for my scheme Larned appeared at the hotel, and a sample trunk of enormous size was carried to his room. It was empty, but only Larned and I knew that. I told Mr. Burt that I was bent on taking money from the commercial traveler and that I was already engaged in learning where he kept it. The next day I informed my pal that Larned had gone out and left \$500 between the mattresses of his bed, suggesting that Burt go into his room and get it while I watched. The door was supposed to be locked, and I borrowed a skeleton key from Burt with which to unlock it, though Larned had purposely left it unlocked.

I took a position in the hall and after pretending to have watched for some time called Burt and told him the coast was clear, and he went into the room for the money. He had scarcely done so when I ran in and told him that the drummer was coming up to his room.

"Get in the trunk," I said. "It is your only chance."

I raised the lid, and he got inside. I clapped the lid down on him and locked him in. Larned was waiting in another room, and as soon as I had secured the prize I called him.

Before Burt was let out he was told that he was covered and if he resisted he would be shot. He was armed, but the odds were so greatly against him that he surrendered.

I received \$200 for my share in the arrest.

FORESTS OF AUSTRALIA.

They Are Unlike Those to Be Seen in Any Other Country.

One readily understands why the Australian loves his trees. The groves of giant eucalyptus form pictures never forgotten, and the scent of the wattle brings a homesick feeling like the smell of sage to the westerner.

The flora is not only beautiful, it is unique, and has no counterpart in other lands. Of the 10,000 species of plants most of them are purely Australian and are unknown even in New Zealand. The general impression one gets of Australian forests is their total unlikeness to anything seen elsewhere. The great forests of timber trees are not damp and shaded and all of one species, but are well lighted and filled with other forests of shorter trees. In places the woods consist of large widely spaced trees surrounded only by bunch grass, and even in areas where water is not to be found on the surface for hundreds of square miles true forests of low trees are present.

Forms which may be recognized as tulip, lily, honeysuckle and fern take on a surprising aspect. They are not garden flowers, but trees, and the landscape of which they form a part reminds one of the hypothetical representations in books of science of a landscape of mesozoic times, a period antedating now by millions of years.

The trees are indeed those of a bygone age. In America and Europe shadowy forms of fossil leaves of strange plants are gathered from the rock and studied with interest; in Australia many of these ancient trees are living. The impression that one is looking at a landscape which has forever disappeared from other parts of the world is so vivid that the elms and maples and oaks in some of the city streets strike a jarring note. The transition from Jurassic to modern times is painfully abrupt.—National Geographic Magazine.

A FINANCIAL QUANDARY.

Uncle Joe Cannon's First Tussle With Domestic Economy.

Representative Cooper of Ohio invited Uncle Joe Cannon to go to his home town, Youngstown, and make a speech. Uncle Joe said he couldn't go, he wasn't in speaking trim, but that he had rather go to Youngstown than anywhere he knew. And as he said it Uncle Joe's eyes got sorter dreamy, and he surprised the congressman by wandering off into the following story:

"Cooper, I got my wife out of Youngstown. Seems like yesterday when we stepped before that justice of the peace and were married. I was just starting out to practice law in Illinois, and besides our railroad fare back home I just had \$100 in the world. I handed that \$100 to my little new wife and told her to go to the nearest store and buy what we actually needed while I stepped around to the courthouse."

"In about an hour when I went to join her I saw her coming to meet me much perturbed. She had spent \$6 over the \$100 at the store and had come for me to straighten things out. Right then and there I was up against my first big responsibility. I wanted my wife to have those goods that she had selected, but I couldn't have produced another dollar to have saved my life. So I went in the store and told the young clerk who had waited on her just how it was. And he believed in me and shipped us the goods."

"Do you know who that young clerk was, Cooper? It was Marshall Field."

And Uncle Joe walked off, with a mist in his eyes.—Washington Herald.

Grass as It Grows.

It may be a matter of surprise that tender young grass can ever force its way up through hard ground. The principle is the same as that of opening a tin of condensed milk. The sharp point of the tin opener is first inserted in the tin and when an entrance has been forced the blade can follow. So it is with the grass. Each blade has a fine point, which, by the mysterious power of growing life, forces its way between the particles of soil, however tightly they may be packed together, and thus a passage is made for the blade to follow.

Alaska's Tanana Fields.

The Tanana coal field, Alaska, will be tributary to the government railroad now under construction from Seward to Fairbanks. Though the coal in this field is lignite and hence of low grade, yet it has great value as a source of fuel and power for Fairbanks and other Yukon placer camps. The field is about sixty miles south of Fairbanks. It is estimated by the United States geological survey that the Tanana field contains some 10,000,000,000 tons of lignite.—Argonaut.

What a Dynamo Is.

A dynamo or generator is simply a machine for delivering electricity. It may be driven by gas engine, steam engine, windmill or other convenient means. Just as a pump driven by an engine causes water to flow, so a dynamo delivers electricity. The magnet of an automobile is a form of dynamo.—Farm and Fireside.

Japanese Silk.

Japanese silk is generally regarded by experts as naturally inferior to Chinese, yet the export of steam flature silk from Japan has been increasing in recent years by leaps and bounds, while that from China has been at best no more than holding its own.

Gift Frames.

To clean a gift picture frame wash the surface with a sponge lightly saturated with hot spirits of wine or oil of turpentine. There must be no wiping but the moisture must be left to dry.

The Rivals

By RICHARD MARKLEY

"I say, Mart, you and me been friends ever since we were little shavers, and now you're goin' to do somepin to break it all up."

"What am I goin' to do, Jim?"

"You know well enough. You're steppin' in between me and Sairy Grant."

"You mean you're steppin' in between me and Sairy?"

Jim pulled a photograph of the bones of contention—it might be called the bones of contention—out of his pocket and held it up for Mart to see. Mart pulled a copy of the same out of his pocket and held it up for Jim to see. Each looked at the other surprised.

"Did she give you that?"

"Yes, Did she give you yours?"

"Yes."

"I tell you what we do, Mart. Supposin' we put the pictures away somewhere till she makes up her mind, and then the feller she takes has 'em both?"

"That's a good idee. Where'll we put 'em?"

"There's a holler tree over yonder. Reckon we can find a place there where they won't get wet."

They went to the hollow tree and found a cavity where the photographs would neither be seen nor damaged. Each man had a jackknife in his pocket, and, opening a blade, he pinned his photograph to the inside of the cavity. Then they departed.

Sairy Grant, the object of this rivalry was no beauty, but she had a talent for that which will work wonders in love. She understood the value of rivalry. Neither Jim nor Mart had the slightest desire to make love to her till she created it in them by first showing favor to one, then to the other. As soon as Jim appeared to be desirous of these favors Mart began to put a value on them, and vice versa. It was then that the rivals began to look upon her as a beauty. She was skinny and sallow and freckled, but she had a good eye, which she knew well how to use, and these young men built up on this foundation an imaginary structure of loveliness.

Soon after the deposit of the pictures the harvest season came on, and the rivals found work where they could, both at some distance from the abode of Sairy Grant. Consequently neither saw her again till autumn.

Meanwhile Sairy was pining for the excitement of keeping two men on the anxious seat and waited impatiently for their return. About the time the harvest had been gathered she concocted a scheme for her further amusement. She wrote each of her lovers a letter expressing pleasure that the harvest season was ended and hoping to see him again. She invited each one to come and see her on a certain date, which was the same for each lover, her object being to continue the game of the previous spring. Since they were working in different sections of the country there was little or no probability of their comparing notes, and Sairy was looking forward to their meeting each other in her presence. Furthermore, she indicated to each that she had finally made up her mind that he was the man of her choice.

Mart and Jim returned on the same day. Each believed that he was the favored one in Sairy's affections and that he was the rightful owner of both the photographs. Such being the case he would go to the hollow tree and get them. Mart intended to tell Sairy the story about their having been put away to await her decision. Jim had not determined exactly what he would do in the premises except that he would destroy the likeness Sairy had given to his rival.

As luck would have it, the young men, went to the hollow tree at the same time. Jim was about to put his hand into the cavity when he heard:

"Hello, there!"

Looking around, he saw Mart approaching.

"I've won," said Jim.

"No, you haven't; I've won," Mart retorted angrily.

Mart made a dash for Jim, and there was a brief struggle between them for possession of the pictures, with the result that each secured one of the copies. Each cast a glance at the beloved features, but the glance was prolonged into a stare. Then they looked up at each other.

"I reckon you've won, Jim," said Mart.

"I don't know as I want to deprive you of the—"

"We've been friends so long that I can't bear to stand in your way."

"I say, Mart, is that the girl we've been quarrellin' about?"

"These are certainly the photographs we left here."

"Why, she's snub nosed."

"And scrawny; look at the shoulder bones."

"I relinquish her to you."

"I wouldn't deprive you of her for the world."

"What made you think you had got the advantage of me?"

Two letters came out of two pockets. They were copies of each other.

"Have you a match?" asked Mart.

Jim produced a match, the letters were crumpled, the photographs were placed on them and the whole set into a beautiful blaze, while the friends shook hands over the funeral pyre of their past love.

"I say, Jim," said Mart, "what made us two chumps think she was good lookin'?"

"Imagination, I reckon," was the laconic response.

Kindergarten Training.
The increasing growth of kindergartens in this country has recently been remarked by the United States commissioner of education, who said: "Within the last six or seven years there has been more progress in the establishment of kindergartens in cities, towns and industrial villages of this country than in any previous period of equal length. This is especially true of kindergartens supported by public school funds. This progress has been largely due to the activities of the National Kindergarten association."

The kindergarten course secures to the child an extra year of education, and as the boys and girls of this country average only a little over five years in school the value of this additional training cannot be overestimated.

Worms Build a Great Dike.
The famous Mont St. Michel, off the north coast of France, is rapidly ceasing to be an island. The reason, as told to the Academie des Sciences in Paris by Messrs. Houllbert and Galaine, is that myriads of urmelids, those little sea worms which incase themselves in stony shells and are so often found upon the shells of oysters, are building a dike across the entrance to the bay, and behind this dike the sand is piling up with every tide. It is estimated that this dike is now nearly two miles wide and from fifteen to eighteen feet deep.

His Tart Retort.
It is on record that the Prince of Orange, filled with rage because he had been beaten at Fleurus, Leuze, Steinkerke and Nerwinde, said, alluding to the marshal of Luxembourg: "Can it be that I shall never beat that hunchback?"

"How does he know that I am a hunchback?" said the French marshal.

"He never saw my back; I always saw his!"

Bacon and the Baconians.
Bacon's greatness will save him from the Baconians, and his grasp of the principles of conduct and the organ roll of his noble style put him safely with the masters, but one reads him in evening dress, with the feeling that he is dining with an ambassador.—Hamilton W. Mable in Outlook.

Willing, but Cautious.
"Yes, my daughter eloped."
"I suppose you will forgive the young couple?"
"Not until they have located a place to board."

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Convulsions.

Convulsions in little children are not an unusual occurrence. They are caused by many different ailments, such as difficult teething, indigestion, constipation, fever and some of the common infectious diseases to which little folks are subject. Sometimes the teeth are gritted hard and the muscles twitch and the head is thrown back or the eyes roll up. The pulse is very rapid and irregular, the breathing is difficult, and the skin is cold and often wet with perspiration. When this occurs a doctor should be sent for at once, as this condition is too dangerous to rely wholly on home remedies, but while waiting for the physician to arrive the child can almost always be greatly benefited by being given a hot mustard bath made by dissolving a tablespoonful of mustard in four gallons of water. But be very sure that the water is not hot enough to burn.

Training Children.

A common fault among children is that of self excuse. If reproved for idleness, untidiness or other childish failings the excuse is often ready. This is a bad habit, which if not checked is apt to degenerate into untruthfulness and the lie becomes as easy as the excuse.

Truly Remarkable.

"That's a wonderful child you have." "Yes, indeed. What impresses you as being most remarkable about him?" "The fact that he'll show off when you want him to."—Detroit Free Press.

Fixed to no spot is happiness. 'Tis nowhere to be found or everywhere.—Pope.

Impertinence.

Mr. Todgers—Why have you sent Maria, the servant girl, away so suddenly? You told me yesterday that she was the best girl you ever had. Mrs. Todgers—She's an impertinent hussy. I wanted to borrow her rubbers, and she said she was afraid I couldn't get them on.—Exchange.

IF YOU HAD A NECK AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW, AND HAD SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY RELIEVE IT. 25c. and 50c. Hospital Size, 60c. AND HAD

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Shake Off That Grip

When Spring comes, with its changeable weather and your exposure, it is best to clear away all the symptoms left after an attack of grip. That evil disease leaves you weakened, and when its victim attempts to "do his bit" he exposes himself to the risk of a second attack, for which he is less prepared, and which may have graver consequences.

There's Danger in Delay

April and May are pneumonia months. In this time a weakened system is a constant source of danger, for the pneumonia and grip infections are in the air, and after a long winter the body is so clogged with waste it cannot resist them. Fortify the health, remove the catarrh, and improve the digestion.

For Quick Relief PERUNA

This reliable tonic is recommended to remove the waste from the body, counteract the catarrhal poisons and allay the inflammation that is catarrh, restore the regular appetite and tone up the entire system to resist disease. A well man is safe.

As a tonic after grip it has won many commendations, while its effectiveness in catarrhal conditions is unquestioned. Take no chances—Take Peruna.

Peruna Tablets are always ready to take. You may carry a box with you and ward off colds and chills. The liquid medicine in your home is a great safeguard. Protect your family.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio

See Our Stock of FARM IMPLEMENTS AND SAVE 25%

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

We are retailing HORSE COLLARS cheaper than others can buy them at wholesale. We have over 400 in stock ALL KINDS

CAR LOAD OF COLUMBIA WAGONS

CAR LOAD OF PENINSULA WAGONS

THREE CAR LOADS BUGGIES and SURREYS

TWO CAR LOADS RUNABOUTS

I have the goods and know competition in this line

HARNESS of all kinds at less price than other dealers can buy them. Seeing is believing.

Everything in HARDWARE. Remember it is cheaper here than you can buy from catalogue houses.

Our line of STOVES is complete. Give us a call before buying.

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Hardware, Buggies and Wagons

PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

FLOUR, MEAL and MILL FEEDS
Bring your grain to our mill for exchange and get

THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN

If you are buying Flour try a bag of "PAMCO." It will please you

We manufacture Flour, Meal and all kinds of Feed

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Buy Your School and Office Supplies at
The Big Stationery Store MEYER & THALHEIMER

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To Insure Prompt Delivery place your order for Lime at once
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Do Not Delay

With That Survey

Delays are often Costly

I am at your service

EARLE B. POLK SURVEYOR

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CORRECT Cool-burning HOVER

Created Nov. 14, 1863

1075 Costs Less to Buy—
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41 INCH CANOPY
You can pay more—out can't
get more. Capable 50 to 1,500
chicks. Self-feeding and regu-
lating. Use and work right.
42 INCH CANOPY
Portable and everlasting. Coal
only once in twenty-four hours.
Costs but 5¢ a day to run.

Don't take an imitation.
This is the only HOVER.
Write for circular.
CORRECT HATCHER CO.,
Department 22
Lancaster, Pa., U. S. A.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

This is to give notice
that the subscriber has obtained from the
Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of ad-
ministration on the estate of
WILMORE J. RICHARDSON,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons
having claims against said deceased, are hereby
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers there-
of to the subscriber on or before the
First Day of May, 1917.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all
benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said
estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 23rd day of October,
1916.

GEORGE T. RICHARDSON,
Administrator of Wilmore J. Richardson, deceased.
True Copy. Test:
LAFAYETTE RUARK,
Register of Wills.

A Vicious Pest

Rat Destroyer
It is safe to use. Deadly to
rats but harmless to
humans, dogs, cats, and
birds. It is the only rat
destroyer that is safe to
use. It is the only rat
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THE LOST KEY

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

John Brown, sexton of Trinity church, was about to go to bed, when, looking at a hook on which the keys of the church were wont to hang, he noticed that the bunch did not look so large as usual. Going to the hook, he took down the keys and found the one to the vestry door missing.

The sexton asked his wife if she had taken the key, and she said she had not. Had it been stolen?

But what object any one could have to steal the vestry door key was a mystery. There was nothing of value to a thief in either the vestry or the church. The plate was not kept there. Hymn and prayer books there were in plenty and cushions to the seats, but these were scarcely attractive to a robber.

So reasoning, the sexton went to bed and to sleep, thinking that some one had taken the key for an ordinary purpose and forgotten to put it back in its place. The clock on the church tower was striking 12 when Mrs. Brown awakened her husband.

"There's a light in the church, John," she said.

Brown bestirred himself and, looking out through a window, true enough, saw a dim light, not in the church, but in the vestry. Thinking that, after all, there might be thieves at work, he dressed himself and started for the church. While dressing and on his way he thought what he should do on his arrival and concluded to be guided by circumstances.

On reaching the vestry he stood on tiptoe beside a window and was thus enabled to look inside. The light within was so dim that he could not see very well, but he managed to make out a man and a woman. They were sitting together, and the man was talking earnestly to the woman, who seemed ill at ease.

While John was looking at them he heard a step not far from him, and some one entered the vestry door. As soon as the person was in the vestry John saw that he was a man in the vestments of the Episcopal church. He approached the couple, and John saw that they were talking together, though the two men were talking alternately to the woman, who said nothing. From the manner of all of them it appeared to Brown that they were using persuasion upon the woman. She seemed very young, about twenty years of age. Finally the man who had been sitting with her, rising, took her hand and gently pulled her out of her chair.

With evident reluctance she stood beside him, and the man in canonicals began to read from a prayer book.

"This is a marriage," said John to himself, "quite likely a clandestine one. Any way I don't like it that the rector should be beaten out of his fees in this way. I'll happen in and investigate."

So John went to the vestry door and knocked. Not hearing an immediate reply, he opened the door and entered. All three of the persons within stared at him as an intruder, the clergyman turning to do so.

"I'm looking," said John, "for the rector of the church. 'There's a man dyin' and wants him at once.'"

"I'm the rector," said the clergyman. "As soon as I have married this couple I'll go with you."

"I thought Dr. Brook was the rector here," said John.

"I am Dr. Brook," said the clergyman.

"You Dr. Brook! Not a bit of it. I've heard Dr. Brook preach many a time. I know him well."

"What's that?" said the woman, starting. "Isn't that Dr. Brook?"

"No, miss. Dr. Brook is an older and a larger man than this gentleman."

"Oh, Henry," she exclaimed reproachfully, turning to the man beside her, "you have deceived me!"

"Who are you, and why do you come here at this time of night?" said Henry to the sexton angrily.

"Well, seein' as there's no use in makin' any further pretense, I'm the sexton of this church, and I come here to find out what was goin' on in the vestry. I missed the key and suspected somethin' was wrong. Just now my wife saw a light here, so I tumbled out o' bed, and here I am."

At this the woman turned to the man she called Henry and, white with anger, said:

"You villain! You contemptible dog! This explains your story of your parents' objection to your marrying me. This is why you must marry me clandestinely, is it? Don't ever let me see your cowardly face again!"

The man tried to calm her; but, paying no attention to him, she stalked out of the vestry and disappeared in the darkness. Henry made a lunge at the sexton, but the old man was spry enough to get out of the way, and Henry rushed from the vestry, followed by the man in canonicals.

Brown found the missing key in the vestry door, and, locking up, he went home and to bed.

The next morning when he was at work in the church the lady of the evening before entered. The first John knew of her presence he felt her arms about his neck. When the embrace was over she told him her story, which differed but little from such cases. She was a girl without fortune, and the man she was to have married was a rich man's son. The man in canonicals was a fake clergyman. She admitted that John had saved her from a terrible fate, but she was unable to reward him.

However, when the congregation of the church heard of John's good work they made up a handsome purse for him.

New York and Paris.

While I am well rooted in my French and Latin soil, I have traveled far through the world, and one may believe me when I say that I have found no city that more resembles Paris in its ways and the characteristics of its inhabitants than New York. Even London, admirable as it is, is more apart. This is not to say that New York is not profoundly original, but that between it and Paris there are parallel originalities. The gaiety of the streets; already certain aspects of picturesque antiquity; the atmosphere of welcoming; the vivacious spirit, cordial hospitality and disinterested enthusiasm for talent, merit or novelty; a certain quickness to adopt and to discard ideas, art movements and people; a restlessness at times too feverish; a love of pleasure, elegance and luxury; a tendency to respond instantly and as one man to any great and international event—all this is what makes of Paris and New York, each in its own particular way, with its little faults and grand qualities, the two most sympathetic, the most "electric" cities of the civilized world.—Jules Bois in Century.

Immigrants and the Birth Rate.

The figures given out by the census bureau showing what is described as an astonishingly higher birth rate among foreign born Americans than among native Americans are perhaps not so astonishing after all.

It is common knowledge that the families of foreign born parents are larger than purely American families. It is safe to say that they have been for many years, though the figures now published are the first ever made by the national government, but persons who are distinctly American in their feeling, habits, prejudices, customs and thinking continue to govern America and lead the American people.

That the more rapid increase of the elements brought into the population by recent immigration will have a tendency to un-Americanize America is an assumption that lacks support in national experience. Our experience is that America makes Americans of Europeans.—St. Louis Republic.

The Great Secret.

The regulation of our time is more important than the effort to get money. When we know how to regulate our time enough money will always come. Earning a living is only a matter of learning how to spend one's time. And singular as this may seem, it is not the time spent in earning a living that counts so much as the time spent when we are not earning it. It is what you do when you don't have to do anything that tells in the long run.

When, therefore, you are not busy trying to make both ends meet spend your time in associating with millionaires and people who have nothing to do but spend enormous incomes. You'll be a millionaire yourself before you know it. If you want to catch a disease always expose yourself to it.—Life.

Justice White a Great Walker.

Chief Justice White could give the noted Edward Payson Weston a good match. Mr. White brims over with good nature, says Ellsha Hanson in Cartoons Magazine, and he is a welcome visitor on any street which he picks for his rambles about Washington. He probably knows more women and children in the poorer sections, between the capitol and the exclusive northwest of the city, than any other Washingtonian. Frequently he is seen trudging along in the midst of a lot of urchins, none of whom shows the slightest regard for the great dignity of his office, but who bask equally under the radiance of his beaming smiles.

Caught Him.

A small boy whose record for deportment at school had always stood at a hundred came home one day recently with his standing reduced to ninety-eight.

"What have you been doing, my son?" asked his doting mother.

"Been doing?" replied the young hopeful. "Been doing just as I have been doing all along, only the teacher caught me this time."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Times Change.

"I see that Fifi Flubdub, the actress, is so temperamental that she swoons at the odor of tuberoses. So her management has to watch her constantly."

"Um! Time brings great changes. I knew her once. She was raised in a block next to a gas house."—Exchange.

The Optimistic View.

The Rising Young Artist—All that I have accomplished in art I owe to the struggle for the necessities of life. The Cartoonist—That's the way to look at it—if the cost of living goes high enough you'll be greater than Michelangelo.—Art Young in Masses.

Her Taste.

"The actress you were talking about is crazy over free notices."

"I should say so. Even when she goes to lunch the first thing she orders is a puff."—Baltimore American.

Don't Do It Till They Are Receipted.

How to cut your grocery, meat and coal bills in half:

Use an ordinary pair of scissors.—Louisville Herald.

One Reason.

She—I wonder why men lie so. He—Because their wives are so blamed inquisitive.—Boston Transcript.

Men will wrangle for religion, write for it, fight for it, die for it—anything but live for it.—Colton.

MAN AND HIS WEIGHT.

Foods That Are Enemies of Persons Inclined to Be Stout.

If you are inclined to be fleshy here are the foods you should avoid, according to an article in the American Magazine. The author says:

"Overeating is not necessarily gluttony, or anything approaching it. A small meal made up of certain foods will furnish more fuel—and more fat—to the body than one twice as large and less discreetly chosen. Foods vary vastly in fuel value; for instance, one pound of olive oil will stand sponsor for more surplus flesh than forty-five pounds of the lettuce on which you are likely to eat it.

"The stout person must learn that he has both friends and enemies at the table. His enemies are sugar, bread, cereal, desserts, butter, cream, olive oil, bacon, cocoa and rich sauces. Among his best friends are lean meats, unsweetened fruits and green foods. Yet, alas, most plump people seem stricken with an ardent love for their enemies. This may be good Scripture, but it is mighty poor dietetics.

"Between forty and fifty a man who allows his weight to remain high is running more danger of an early demise than he would run if he contracted typhoid fever. What is more, if he were stricken with that disease his chance of recovery would be 10 per cent less than normal. A man who is thinner than the average, on the other hand, has less danger of dying in this decade than a man who tips the scales at the normal figure.

"When a man is in his twenties a deficiency of twenty pounds in weight makes him 12 per cent more liable to fall before the scythe of the implacable reaper. A slight surplus of flesh seems to assist one in escaping diseases that cause death in this period—principally tuberculosis and typhoid fever.

"A man in his fifties who is twenty pounds over normal weight has a 15 per cent mortality handicap to face. Should he be forty pounds over weight his chances of dying are increased 45 per cent thereby."

POWER OF A WIFE.

Her Attitude May Make or Break Her Husband's Business.

Charles M. Schwab considers that the attitude of a man's wife has a vast deal to do with his success in business. In "Succeeding With What You Have," the little book he has published, the famous steel master pays the following tribute to Mrs. Schwab:

"I can never express the wonderful help Mrs. Schwab has been to me from the very start. One time a group of men offered me a large sum, \$60,000,000, I believe, for half of Bethlehem. I told my wife about it that evening. 'This is a big sum,' I said. 'Half of what I have is yours. What shall we do? If we sell, your share, invested at 5 per cent, will bring you an income of over \$100,000 a month for the rest of your life.'

"We wouldn't sell for five times that," my wife said. 'What would I do with the money? And what would you do without your work?'

"I have seen more men fail in business through the attitude taken by their wives in their younger days than from all the vices put together. A nagging wife or one who is not in sympathy with a man's work, who expects impossible things of him and is incapable of taking a general intelligent interest in his work, is one of the worst handicaps he could have. If a man works with his mind clogged by domestic troubles he is of no use to himself, his employer or the world at large."

Dr. Wiley's Tip.

Says Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the famous scientist and food expert:

"I could double the wages of every laboring man without adding 1 cent to his stipend if today I could go into his home and he and his wife would listen to what I have to say as to what they should buy and eat. If we could come back to simple life no one would complain about food prices. Wheat and milk are all that is necessary for children. The meat problem is not much of a problem in my family. My boys eat whole wheat or brown bread with butter and milk."

A Word to Girls.

The late Inez Milholland Boissevain, the beautiful suffragist, never wearied of impressing on young girls the duty of being as beautiful as possible, for she knew what an instrument for good beauty rightly used can be.

One of Mrs. Boissevain's favorite dictums was:

"A girl can't help her looks, but her looks can help her."

Why Catch Them at All?

An Indianapolis man recently saw for the first time a "flock" of flying fish in the Pacific ocean.

"I am perplexed as to the proper thing to do in the case of flying fish," he writes. "Should one catch them with a hook and line, shoot them or use a bird net?"—Indianapolis News.

Moon Shadows Perilous.

"If you should chance to be strolling on the surface of the moon do not step into a shadow or you will disappear from sight, you will be unable to make a cry for help and, furthermore, you will be frozen stiff within three seconds," says a teacher of astronomy.

Reassuring.

The Departing Guest—I hope my two weeks' stay here with you hasn't proved a big additional expense to you. Mrs. Inworn—Oh, no! George and I have what we call a "catastrophe fund" that we've saved for just such emergencies.—New York Times.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD
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T. H. A. WALKER
Editor and Business Manager
All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1917

As eggs come down in price, there is a growing feeling that one gets awfully tired of them anyway.

People who can't get their names in the paper any other way can always sign a patent medicine testimonial.

College girls at Oberlin are shining shoes to pay expenses. No difficulty is reported in persuading the boys to keep their boots blacked.

With President Wilson's eldest daughter reported engaged, how lonely the White House will seem without the boys sitting around on the porch evenings.

It is not true that people go to the well health resorts merely to show their new clothes, as they spend part of the time seeing what other people wear.

The farmer who is now driving down the road 30 miles an hour in his new car is the same one who used to Whoo whenever Dobbin did a mile in 10 minutes.

The people who run vegetable gardens will always be postponing work until evening when it will be cool, and when evening comes they will postpone it until morning when they will be fresh and ready for work.

It is considered that people who live extravagantly should pay high taxes, as they show that they have plenty of money; and that people who live frugally should pay high taxes, as their economy must have allowed them to save a lot with which to pay.

MONEY MADNESS

Our social and industrial troubles need not be a surprise to anyone. Our preachers and editors and sensible men generally have long been predicting them. When the labor organizations and railroad heads threaten to plunge the country into chaos, there are more underlying causes than a mere dispute over hours of labor and the value of a wage. The Almighty Dollar has long been called the God of the Americans. It is of course a partly unjust characterization. Our people are generous, benevolent and sympathetic. Public charity has advanced further here than anywhere else in the world. But love of money was never so developed as among our people, and we are getting the fruits of it.

Most of us are affected by the hustle of the age. We see our neighbors driving automobiles, living in handsome houses, buying costly furniture, taking expensive outings. We all want the same thing, and we grab for it anywhere we see it. The spirit of ruthlessness seemed to descend on the commercial world during the expansion following the Civil war. Bribery became common. In order to secure valuable franchise rights, clever lawyers were employed to defy the spirit of the laws. High finance wrecked railroads for the benefit of the inside gang.

With this spirit abroad, it is no wonder that working people are affected by it. The arbitrary demand of the railroad brotherhoods, coming at a time when we are on the very verge of war, simply reflects the money getting spirit of the age. It is all of a piece with food speculation, railroad manipulation, stock watering, legislative jobbery. Many of the people who denounce it most bitterly have in the past played essentially the same game themselves.

Meanwhile the country at heart is sound. It is up to every right thinking citizen to do justice and love mercy and condemn in his heart and publicly, the money getting spirit, in so far as it drives kindness out of the heart, and tramples on the rights and opportunities of others.

No Use Kicking, Gentlemen

President Gompers and Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor hasten to file a demurrer to that part of the decision of the Supreme Court in the Adamson case which lays down the principle of compulsory arbitration. The traitors and their friends are quite willing to accept the eight-hour day and increased wages, but to be compelled to abandon the divine right of striking seems to savor to them of the despotism of Russia. And they protest with great indignation.

The traitors got more than they bargained for in the Adamson law, but they and organized labor generally may as well understand that revolutions do not go backward and do not proceed in the interest of any special class. What the principle laid down by the Supreme Court will avert, if the voters of the country put it into practical operation, will be the development of a worse than Russian despotism on the part of labor. Fifty-five millions of people are not going to have the despotism of the strike established in this country. If capital is to be prevented from injuring the public, labor must get into the same boat. Neither side can be permitted to play the outlaw. —Baltimore Sun.

WASTE PAPER CAMPAIGN

Efforts are being made in many places to arouse people to the waste paper nuisance. Some towns have their appearance simply ruined by the waste paper floating about the streets. Residences may be handsome, and home grounds well kept up, but if people will strew litter about the streets, and if no one picks it up, those towns are bound to look like a pig pen.

In many places the idea of setting waste paper receptacles about the streets has been tried. It helps out to a certain extent. But the boys who sweep out stores are often detected putting the sweepings into these cans for street officials to carry off, which does not help make the streets any more cleanly. You can't change public habits simply by providing cans for refuse.

The street officials may be ever so active, but half a day after they make their rounds, if people continue to throw paper bags, cigarette boxes and other litter around the streets, the town will look just as bad.

The street is the common parlor and front door step for all of us. Comparatively few people will throw a mess of paper on their best carpet at home. Yet the same people will empty a bag of fruit, and then throw away the paper. They have a lordly feeling that some menial of the town will come along and pick it up. They can not spare the time to put the paper in their pocket and throw it into the waste box at home.

Just a little campaign of education is all that is necessary. The disorderly habits start in childhood. If the children are trained to pick up every scrap of paper about the school yard, it is a very simple matter to carry it a step further and have them pick up paper on the streets. The moment they get that habit, a bit of loose paper looks repulsive to them, and they will quit adding to it. The appearance of many towns could be revolutionized in this way in a few years.

WASTE OF FOOD

The story of the experience of the Gerard party in traveling from Berlin gives an interesting side-light about food. They tell how, after the scanty food conditions in Germany, the comparatively free use of food in Paris seemed perfect waste. Yet, no doubt, after the party got home, the use of food in this country seemed far more wasteful than in France. And yet our papers are full of food scarcity. But few people take much pains to conserve such parts of the food supply as come under their own control.

The waste of good food in hotels and restaurants, when prices are so high and so many people are suffering, is pitiful. People order lavish table d'hôte dinners, they demand a dozen dishes and only taste a little of each, and all the rest goes to the garbage pail, or is supposed to. Perhaps the cheap restaurants get more than the public realizes. But at least there is a great and lavish rejection of good food.

Of late years the European plan of operating dining rooms has become more general. It tends greatly to reduce the amount of food consumed. Once people realize that they have to pay for what they eat, they confine their orders to what they really want. It is the only sound basis for operating an eating-room business. Most hotel proprietors would be glad to put it in. It is in quite general use now in city hotels and on railroad trains. It is not yet popular in boarding houses and resort hotels, where a course dinner on the wasteful American plan somehow seems more liberal.

In private homes the same spirit prevails to a large extent. We all help ourselves to a mammoth potato when half of it would be all that any one wanted. It is our national temperament, inherited from the day when foods were plentiful and a drag on the market. The public pays for it all, and it makes prices needlessly high.

Lowering Costs Of Potato Production

Fifty years ago an acre of potatoes yielding 110 bushels required fifty-five hours of man labor. Now an acre yielding 220 bushels requires but thirty-eight hours, thanks to the potato planter and digger. One man with a good planter can open the rows, distribute the fertilizer, drop the tubers and cover them over an area of three to five acres each day. Planters are now being used in many communities and a greater area covered. Best methods of cultivation and fertilization assist greatly in reducing the cost per bushel of growing potatoes by increasing the yields.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Railroads Yield

Without waiting for the decision of the Supreme Court the railway companies yielded to the demands of the four brotherhoods, and there will be no strike—for a time.

Secretary Lane, one of the President's mediators, said to the representatives of the railways: "This is a magnificent thing that you have done for your country. It will go down in history as one of the greatest things you ever did." The soulless corporations yielded to the President's appeal to patriotism. It does not appear that the appeal had any effect upon the men, who selected a moment when the country was on the verge of a war as the one most favorable for their purposes.

What next? The four brotherhoods include only about 20 per cent. of the railway employees. The other 80 per cent. know now how they can get anything they wish from the companies. And of course the demands now accepted by the corporations are not final. All the brotherhoods in the trunk line territory, and some of those outside, had secured increases of wages between 1913 and 1916 by threats of tying up the business of the country. There will be more demands at any time.

As Mr. Lane says, the companies have done a magnificent thing for the country. Now, what is the country going to do for them? Anything? It has used its influence, and everything short of force, to secure several increases of wages for the men, and last summer it used the legislative power of Congress to the same end, and the Adamson law has been sustained by the Supreme Court. The law has taken from the owners of the property the right of fixing the charges they can make for their services. How long can the country go on restricting the earning power of the companies in increasing their expenses?

Congress and the Interstate Commerce Commission use their power constantly to keep down the revenues and add to the expenses of the companies. The shipper must have lower rates. The employees, if banded together in formidable brotherhoods, must have more wages. The owners of the properties—there is to be any consideration for them? In the last half of last year the increase of net revenues of the companies, over the previous year, declined from \$26,000,000 in August to minus \$3,000,000 in December. January shows some improvement, but February will not. Sixty million dollars a year has just been added to the expense account.

Congress has got to stop increasing the expenses of the companies, or else it has got to set them free to charge anything they can get for their services. —Philadelphia Record.

All Postmasters Under Civil Service

The scheme of putting all postmasters—first, second and third class—under the Civil Service regulations was proposed in the recent session of the Senate by Senator Poindexter, Republican, of Washington, and was endorsed by the President. It was then made a rider on the Postoffice Appropriation bill by a majority vote of the Senate. The House refused, by a large majority, to agree to it. So the scheme appeared to have died with the expiration of the Sixty-fourth Congress.

No sooner, however, had the inauguration date passed than Postmaster-General Burleson announced he was going to "put into effect" the change contemplated by the Poindexter amendment. He is now arranging the details, which will follow when President Wilson shall have issued an executive order that henceforth these postmasters, like the postmasters of the fourth-class, shall be classified civil servants.

The rules of the Civil Service Commission provide that the three persons who pass the highest in an examination are placed on the eligible list and that one of these persons shall be appointed unless there is objection for other reasons.

Sloan's Liniment For Rheumatism

The torture of rheumatism, the pains and aches that make life unbearable are relieved by Sloan's Liniment, a clean clear liquid that is easy to apply and more effective than musky plasters or ointments because it penetrates quickly without rubbing. For the many pains and aches following exposure, strains, sprains and muscle soreness, Sloan's Liniment is promptly effective. Always have a bottle handy for gout, lumbago, toothache, backache, stiff neck and all external pains. At druggists, 25c. 1

FOR SALE

Having discontinued farming, I have for sale one McCormick Binder, as good as new, a Wagon heavy enough for two or four horses, in excellent condition; also one Clipper Fan, in first-class order. Must be seen to be appreciated.
Apply to S. E. GORDY, Salisbury, Maryland, phone 70, or J. J. GIVANS, on Farm, phone 111.

Notice To Contractors

Bids will be received by the Board of Education of Somerset County up to April 10th, 1917, for adding two wings to the Washington High School building in Princess Anne. Copies of specifications and plans can be obtained from the undersigned upon payment of \$5.00 to guarantee their return. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for \$150.00. The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
By Order,
W. H. DASHIELL, Sec'y.

The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

HINTS AT WILSON'S TRIALS

President's Secretary Tells Of The Executive's Infinite Patience.

Secretary Joseph P. Tumulty, in an address at a dinner given in his honor at Newark, New Jersey, last Tuesday night, spoke of the "infinite patience and skillful hand" with which President Wilson is guiding the destiny of the nation.

"I wonder if you can realize how truly epochal is this period in which we are living," said the President's secretary. "I wish I could discuss with you some phase of the international situation with which the Government at Washington had to deal since the world war began. I wish that all you and all Americans could know, as I have been privileged to know, with what infinite patience and skillful hand the silent and heavy-laden man who but a few years ago served you as Governor has guided the destiny of the Republic."

"No man can realize what he has done and is doing for the United States of America, for the world, for civilization and humanity. It is not a great thing to be secretary to the President, but it is a wonderful thing to be associated with a President like Woodrow Wilson. Some day a great historian will tell the story of what he has endured, of the problems he has met, of the scrupulous care and patience he has taken to preserve the rights of America and to keep free and open the processes of liberty. Children in the schools and young men in the colleges will read in the textbooks of the unsurpassing justice and high ideals of a practical statesman who was raised up to direct the destiny of this nation in its most trying hour. We are too close to the world events of the last few years to appreciate them, to estimate justly the wonderful period in which we are living."

Maryland Prepared

The news that Governor Harrington is engaged in preparing the resources of the State of Maryland for the war which he, in common with every other thinking American, is convinced cannot long be postponed comes as a reassurance. Certainly if we are to have war we have a tremendous amount of making ready to accomplish before we can even begin to be prepared to meet the demands which war will make upon us.

With a militant governor to lead us there is no reason to suppose that the part which Maryland will take in the greatest of all wars will be less valuable or less impressive than her effort in past wars, a record which has emblazoned her name in undiminished splendor upon the history of the United States of America. Where there are deeds of daring to be done, there you will inevitably find the men of Maryland in the front ranks. It was so in the days of Wells and McComas and it will be so today. The state of Cecilus Calvert will resist tyranny to the death, whether the tyrant be English king or German kaiser.

In a certain degree the fact that the entry of the United States into the fight of civilization against frightfulness comes at this late day strikes a balance in our favor. There will be no excuse for us if we repeat the errors of the Entente Allies. The failure of the people of Great Britain to appreciate the magnitude of the menace of Prussianism led to delays that were disastrous and blunders that came near to being fatal. It is reasonable to suppose that this aspect of the situation has not escaped Governor Harrington's envisage of the situation. It is not enough that we are to be prepared. We must be efficiently prepared. —Baltimore Star.

The Pneumonia Season

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumonia often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it.

NOTICE

The Annual Meeting of the members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Somerset and Worcester Counties will be held at their office in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY,
The 28th day of March, 1917,
at 11 o'clock a. m.

for the purpose of electing twelve directors to serve for the ensuing year.

HENRY J. WALKERS,
Secretary.

Attorney's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a mortgage from Andrew Robertson and Clara F. Robertson his wife, to Theodore W. Fuses, dated the 11th day of September, nineteen hundred and thirteen, recorded among the land records of Somerset County in Liber S. E. D., No. 61, folio 102, etc., (default having occurred under the conditions of said mortgage by reason of failure to pay the interest due and the taxes as required by said mortgage) I will sell at public auction in front of the Court House in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, April 17, 1917,

at or about the hour of 1.30 o'clock p. m., all that farm or all of those tracts of land, situate and lying in Dublin Election District, in said Somerset County and State of Maryland, and lying on the south side of the county road leading from Curtis' to Cotten Station, adjoining the lands formerly owned by A. Mulder and Henry Kober and others, containing

150 ACRES,

more or less, and being the same land formerly owned by Theodore W. Fuses and which was by him conveyed unto said Andrew Robertson and Clara F. Robertson, his wife, by deed the 11th day of September, 1913, and recorded among the land records of said county in Liber S. E. D., No. 61, folio 102, etc.

This property is improved by a two-story DWELLING HOUSE and OUTBUILDINGS. The above mentioned lands will be sold subject to a prior mortgage, now a lien on said property, amounting to one thousand dollars with interest from the tenth day of September, 1915, which said mortgage is due Mrs. Emma F. Barnes.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash, as prescribed by the mortgage. Title papers at purchaser's expense.

ROBERT F. DUEB,
Attorney named in mortgage.

THE HOUSE OF FASHION

THE EASTER STORE IS READY

Smart New Wearing Apparel and Pretty Things for the Home Await Your Selection

THESE NEW EASTER SUITS

Almost defy description. Not because they are so elaborate or so expensive, but because they are truly artistic, becoming and demonstrate their beauty the moment you wear them. Then, too, they are very reasonably priced.

\$12.50 to \$35.



SILK AND CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES

In White, Gold, Maize, Pink, Flesh and Blue

\$2.50 to \$7.50

T. F. HARGIS DEPARTMENT STORE

Pocomoke City, Maryland

Trustee's Sale Farm for Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY 38 Acres

By virtue of an order of the Honorable John C. Rose, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, in bankruptcy, passed on the 16th day of March, 1917, in the matter of the Fairmount Department Store, bankrupt, the undersigned, trustee for the estate of the said bankrupt, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in the village of Upper Fairmount, Somerset County, Maryland, on

Wednesday, April 4th, 1917,

beginning at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m., the personal property of said bankrupt, consisting of a stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, Furniture, Paints and Oils, Rope, Glassware, Queensware, Tinware, Drugs, Shingles, Dressed Boards, and all other articles in a well-equipped country store, all of which will be offered as a whole and in bulk; store and office furniture and trade fixtures, consisting in part of Tables, Notion Cases, Plate Glass Cases, Show Cases, Counter Cases, Automatic Scales, Stoves, Chairs, Cash Register, McCaskey's Case, Crockery, Miller's Safe, Galvanized Oil Tanks, Gasoline Tank, Soda Fountain and also One Overland Automobile, One Horse, Two Wagons, One Buggy, and public hall furniture consisting of Two Pianos, Three Stoves, Lamps and 115 Chairs.

The storehouse will be open on the day of sale from 9 a. m. to the hour of sale so as to afford an opportunity to prospective purchasers to inspect the property to be sold.

Terms of sale: The property will be exhibited on the day of sale and can be seen in the meantime at the office of the trustee in Princess Anne, Md.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash.

JOHN L. G. LEE, Solicitor.

611 Calvert Building, Baltimore, Md.

MILES & MYERS, Solicitors.

Princess Anne, Md.

ATTORNEY'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

At Upper Fairmount in Somerset County

BY VIRTUE of a mortgage from the Fairmount Department Store, Inc., dated September 28th, 1916, and duly recorded among the land records of the Circuit Court for Somerset County in Liber W. J. S., No. 11, folio 107, and by virtue of an order of the District Court of the United States for the District of Maryland, passed in the matter of the bankruptcy of the Fairmount Department Store, Incorporated (default having occurred in said mortgage), the undersigned attorney named in said mortgage, will sell at Public Auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, in said Somerset County,

On Tuesday, April 10, 1917,

at 12 o'clock p. m., all that valuable tract or parcel of land lying in said Somerset County, described as follows:

Beginning for the same at a corner of a fence post on the north side of the county road in the village of Fairmount, at the southeast corner of the lot of ground conveyed by Z. T. Chelson and wife to George A. Cox, by deed dated June 27th, 1885, and recorded among the aforesaid land records, in Liber H. F. L. No. 3, folio 107, etc., which place of beginning is also at the southwest corner of the land conveyed by Francis A. Hall and wife to William Merrill; thence westerly on the north side of said road eighty rods to a point 22 1/2 feet west from the south-west corner of the aforesaid lot conveyed to George A. Cox; thence running north five degrees west by and with the fence, twenty-eight rods to a ditch; thence by and with said ditch, and along the north outline of said land, north seventy-eight degrees east eight rods; thence by a straight line to the place of beginning, containing One and Nine-twentieths Acres, being all of the lot of ground conveyed by Zachariah T. Chelson and wife to George A. Cox by deed dated June 27th, 1885, and recorded among the aforesaid land records in Liber H. F. L. No. 3, folio 107, etc. This property is located in said Upper Fairmount and is improved by a large and handsome DWELLING HOUSE with up-to-date improvements and necessary outbuildings; is advantageously located and most desirable.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months, or all cash at the option of the purchaser. Deferred payments to bear interest at six per cent. with approved security, and a deposit of \$200, will be required of the purchaser on the day of sale.

JOHN L. G. LEE,

Attorney named in Mortgage

A. SIDNEY BOWLAND Auctioneer

Order Nisi

Robert F. Dueb, attorney, ex parte, under power contained in a mortgage from David H. Lamy and wife to Herschel V. Maddox

In the Circuit Court for Somerset County. No. 3146, Chancery.

Ordered, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings, made and reported by Robert F. Dueb, attorney, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 28th day of March, instant; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 28th day of March, instant.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$2750.

W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

True Copy. Test.

W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Sheriff's Sale

Rea Estate

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, at the suit of the Peoples Bank of Somerset County, use of Harry T. Phoebe, and to me directed, against the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of James M. Jones, I have levied upon, seized and taken in execution all the right, title and interest of said James M. Jones in and to all that lot or parcel of land in St. Peter's district, on the east side of the county road leading from All Saint's P. E. Church to Locust Point, adjoining lands of George Jones and Sidney Waller, containing one acre, more or less, the said lot formerly being part of the said Sidney Waller's estate, near Marion, on the same land conveyed to said James M. Jones by the said Sidney Waller by deed dated the fifth day of January, 1901.

AND I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT ON

Tuesday, March 27, 1917,

at about the hour of 2 p. m., I will sell the afore described lot or parcel of land at public auction, at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said writ, costs and charges.

JOHN E. PRUITT,

Sheriff.

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order of Publication

John H. Scarborough and Esther Scarborough vs. Sarah Houston, Charlie Houston, Bertha Houston, Dennis and Caleb Dennis, John H. Scarborough and Edward Dennis, Ola Cottman and William Cottman, Samuel Scarborough and Mollie Scarborough, Annie Sterling and Malachi Sterling, Edward Scarborough, Addison Scarborough, Fred Scarborough and Lillian Scarborough, Lillian Gale and Frank Gale, children and heirs-at-law of Leah J. Scarborough, deceased.

No. 3147, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate near Marion, in Brinkley's district, Somerset County, Maryland, of and from the late Leah J. Scarborough, deceased, and to divide among the heirs entitled to the proceeds thereof.

The bill in substance states that Leah J. Scarborough died about seven or eight years ago, seized and possessed of a lot of land located in Brinkley's district, Somerset County, Md., and being the north side of the public road leading from Marion to Hall's Corner, containing two acres, more or less, said land conveyed unto said Leah J. Scarborough by deed from Lewis Scarborough, made the 28th day of June, 1882, and recorded in Liber B. F. L. No. 5, folio 70-1, and being so seized and possessed she died a widow and intestate, leaving the following children and heirs-at-law surviving her, viz: John H. Scarborough, who is of age, and resides in Annapolis, Md., and Bertha Houston, who intermarried with John Houston and by which said marriage there are two known children, viz: Charles Houston, who is of age, and resides in Annapolis, Md., and Dennis Houston, who is of age and resides at Sherwood, Talbot County, Md.; that the said John Houston is dead, and it is not known whether the said Sarah Houston is dead or alive as she has not been heard from for twenty years, but when last heard from she was a non-resident, residing at Atlantic City, N. J.; Hester Scarborough, who intermarried with Edward Dennis, both of full age and residing in Somerset County, Md.; Emma Scarborough, who intermarried with William Whittington, both of whom are dead, but leaving one child, Ola, who intermarried with William Cottman, both of whom are of age and non-residents of Maryland, and Ola resides at Wesma, Va., and William Cottman, residing in Philadelphia, Pa.; Samuel Scarborough, who intermarried with Mollie Scarborough, both of whom are of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.; William Scarborough, who intermarried with Annie Scarborough, and then died after the death of said Leah J., leaving his widow, Annie, who has since intermarried with Malachi Sterling and reside in Somerset County, Md.; Edward Scarborough, of full age, single and residing in Washington, D. C., and is a non-resident of Maryland; Addison Scarborough, of full age, single and absent and unheard of for more than 12 years, and it is not known whether he is living or dead, and when last heard from resided in New York City, N. Y., and was and is a non-resident of this State; Fred Scarborough, who intermarried with Lillian Scarborough, both of full age and reside in Somerset County, Md.

That the said real estate is not susceptible of partition without material loss and injury to the parties entitled to interests therein, as above stated, and that, in order to make division of said interests, it will be necessary for said real estate to be sold and the proceeds thereof divided amongst the parties according to their several interests.

That the said Sarah Houston, Ola Cottman, William Cottman, Edward Scarborough and Addison Scarborough are all non-residents of this State. It is thereupon, this 20th day of February, 1917, ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiffs, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper, published in Somerset county, once in each of four successive weeks before the 28th day of March, 1917, give notice to the said absent defendants, to the unknown heirs thereof, if any there be, in case any of the said defendants are dead, of the object and substance of this bill, warning them to be and appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 16th day of April next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy. Test.

W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

PRINCESS ANNE AND HERALD
TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1917

Published weekly except on Sundays and public holidays, when it is published twice a week. The subscription price is \$2.00 per annum in advance. Single copies 5 cents.

BUSINESS PORTERS

For Sale—Good 9-year-old Mare. S. H. DEVLIN.

For Sale—Pair of good young Mules. LOUIS ZUGER, Eden, Md., Rt. 1.

Place your order for Early Seed Potatoes now. W. P. TODD.

For Sale—Tomato Plants, now ready to plant. H. J. NELSON, Westover, Md.

For Sale—Hayman Sweet Potato Slips, \$1.00 per bushel. JUDAS NELSON, Westover, Md.

For Sale—Choice of two Horses. Price \$50 for either. William Watter, Phone, Revell's Neck Line.

For Rent—50 acres of land on stone road 2 miles from town, good buildings, good land. H. D. Yates, Princess Anne.

Notice—I will not be responsible for any bills except those contracted by myself. MRS. MAGGIE J. SHARRET.

For Sale—1913 Baby Buick, cheap to quick buyer. Bargain. Write or phone. JAMES B. WHALEY, Snow Hill, Md.

For Sale—Big Joe Strawberry Plants at \$1.50 per thousand; Klondyke, \$1.15 per thousand. C. M. ADAMS, Route 1.

Seeing Is Believing—Best car load of Horses and Mules ever in this county, at Ellegood's stable. ROBT. S. JONES.

For Sale—Car load of Horses and Mules; 5 to 7 years old, weight 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, at Ellegood's stable. ROBT. S. JONES.

For Sale—Strawberry plants—Matthews Early \$2 per 1,000; Big Joe \$1.50; Klondyke, Gandy and Wolverton \$1.25. O. H. MILLER, Princess Anne, Route 4. Farmers' phone.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! SEEDS!!!—We have in stock a full line of farm and garden seeds and invite your inspection and comparison of prices. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

For Sale—Klondyke and Gandy Strawberry Plants at \$1.25 per thousand; Big Joe, \$1.50 per thousand. J. S. DENNIS, Rt. 1, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers' Telephone.

For Sale—Beef scrap, bone meal charcoal, alfalfa meal, scratch feed, tankage hay, corn and feeds of all kinds. Hard coal, all sizes, and soft coal. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

For Sale—The Store and Residence on Main street, adjoining the Washington Hotel, now occupied by Miss Susie E. Collins. Apply to FRANK COLLINS, Executor of Mrs. Emeline Collins.

Livery Stable and Bus for sale cheap. The only one in town. Terms to suit. Possession at once. Or will change into a garage. For particulars apply to J. A. Ellegood, Princess Anne, Md.

NEW MILLINERY—Mrs. Jennie E. Jones is just home from the cities with a line of fine Millinery goods. All the latest new styles for Easter for ladies and children. Call and see pretty hats.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT—broken or any condition. We pay up to \$5 a set, according to value. Mail at once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory, will return teeth. DOMESTIC SUPPLY CO., Binghampton, N. Y.

SEED POTATOES—Just received, a car load Maine Grown Cobblers; can also supply Home Grown. If any wanted ask for prices. PENINSULA PRODUCE EXCHANGE OF MARYLAND, Pocomoke City, Md.

WANTED—Several small farms in Somerset and Wicomico counties for poultry raising, also general and grain farms in any size by Frank Lano & Sons, representatives of the E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Princess Anne, Md.

GARWOOD'S FRESH STRAWBERRIES—From your own garden, July to November, if you plant my everbearing plants; \$1.00 per hundred. No garden complete without them. S. D. GARWOOD, Rt. 3, Princess Anne, Md.

For Sale—Strawberry plants. 500-000 Gandy and Klondyke, \$1.25; Big Joe, \$1.50 per thousand; Matthews Early, Wolverton, Wine and Mascott at right prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. B. C. DRYDEN, Princess Anne, Md. Farmers telephone.

STOVE SHOW ROOM—We have recently completed a show room on our first floor for our lines of stoves, which you will find interesting. Our stock consists of eight lines of ranges and cook stoves and five lines of oil stoves. Your inspection of these lines is invited whether you want to purchase or not.

For Sale—White Navy Beans, \$6.50 per bushel (Seed Houses now asking \$7.50 & \$8.00). This is a very profitable crop to raise, as they are sure to command high prices again this year, and until the war is over. Only have 12 bushels that are not engaged. If interested order at once. CHAS. C. GELDER, Princess Anne, Md.

COLLARS THAT SELL—We told you what we had in the line some weeks ago, and many of our customers have been benefited by purchasing this stock, and now we have another shipment due this week that was purchased last May, and our customers not only get the benefit of these prices, but we will show them the best collars ever offered in the town. HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPT.

Dr. A. D. Mansfield, of Baltimore, spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Brown.

Miss Blanche Ford, of Fairmount, spent the week-end with her sister, Miss Kathleen Ford, in Princess Anne.

Miss Mildred Beauchamp, who has been visiting Baltimore and Annapolis, Maryland, and Woodstock, Virginia, returned to her home last Tuesday.

The Kappa Delta Sigma Club of Mt. Vernon met at the home of Miss Maxie Furman Wednesday evening last. A very pleasant evening was spent in fancy work. After the work was over and business transacted, refreshments were served.

Mrs. A. A. Coulbourne, who has charge of the Western Union telegraph office at Princess Anne, returned from a two weeks' vacation last Thursday. During her absence she visited Baltimore, Md., Philadelphia, Pa., and Stamford Conn.

Mr. Levin H. Hall, of Marion, spent a few days last week in Princess Anne.

Miss Marie Bennett, of Fairmount, spent last Tuesday with friends in this town.

Now that women have begun to enlist in the navy perhaps the men may be encouraged to join.

Easter Sunday comes this year on April 8th, almost three weeks earlier than last year. Good Friday comes on April 6th.

Miss Katherine B. Bowers, of Salisbury, spent the week-end in Princess Anne as the guest of Miss Emily I. Dashiell.

Mr. H. Fillmore Lankford spent last Tuesday in Salisbury attending the March term of the Circuit Court for Wicomico County.

Mrs. E. Herrman Cohn, who has been spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Maslin, at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, returned to Princess Anne the first of the week.

Dr. C. E. Collins, Messrs. William A. Sterling, Charles Pruitt, Rupert Somers, Stanley L. Cochran and Nicholas Riggins, all of Crisfield, were visitors to Princess Anne during the past week.

The Town Commissioners have appointed Mr. Charles A. Young bailiff of Princess Anne, to succeed Mr. Wm. T. Waller, who is now in ill health and has been confined to his home for several weeks.

Mr. Robert S. Jones has been appointed by the contractors as superintendent of construction of the new State road between Westover and Pocomoke City. He will commence the work next Monday.

The white schools of Somerset county will close on Friday, May 25th, and the colored schools on Friday, April 27th, making 180 actual school days for the year for white schools, and 140 actual school days for the colored schools, as provided in the school law.

Anybody who enjoys fun will find much to interest them at the Auditorium next Friday night, when Charlie Chaplin in "The Rink," and two other good pictures in the hands of clever people who know how to deliver the goods will be presented at the regular price—10 cents.

A meeting of the attendance officers and supervisors of the Eastern Shore was held in Cambridge yesterday (Monday) and was represented by Mrs. Adie E. Bond, of this county. Mrs. Bond was accompanied by Superintendent W. H. Dashiell and Mrs. Dashiell, who motored to that city.

The March term of the Circuit Court for Worcester County convened yesterday (Monday) morning at Snow Hill. No important cases, except the Pocomoke whiney cases, are on the criminal docket, and it is thought they will not consume much time. About the usual number of civil cases are to be heard.

A number of our farmers have been receiving their supply of strawberry crates and hauling them to their farms and housing them. Growers are much concerned over the labor problem and beginning to wonder how they are going to get the berries gathered if the crop happens to be as large as they are anticipating.

The home talent of Princess Anne are preparing to give a first-class entertainment in the Auditorium during the third week in April. This entertainment will be given for charitable purposes and will include 35 or more of the best performers in the town. The minstrel performance, which will furnish much food for laughter, will be well worth the price of admission.

Miss Lottie Lawson, of Crisfield, and Capt. John H. Tawes, formerly of Baltimore, were married at noon last Tuesday at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Tawes, Walbrook, Baltimore county. The Rev. G. W. Haddaway, of Walbrook Methodist Protestant Church, officiated. Miss Sarah Tawes, the groom's sister; was the bride's attendant. Captain and Mrs. Tawes left for Washington and Brooklyn, N. Y., where they will reside.

Last Thursday evening Miss Emma MacAlarney, of New York, met quite a number of Princess Anne ladies at the Washington Hotel and presented the ideals of the National American Suffrage Association, which organization she represented. Her lecture was a dignified and intelligent presentation of the history of the great crusade that is being conducted by the women of America for what they believe to be a just recognition of their citizenship.

The remains of Captain James Tignor, a former resident of Chance, but for a number of years a resident of Baltimore, were brought to Chance last Wednesday morning for burial. Funeral services were conducted by the Rev. E. W. McDowell, and the interment was in Rock Creek cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. Henry and Woodland Dieharoon, Edgar Tyler, William Jones, George Tyler and William White. Captain Tignor had been in ill health for a year or more. He died on Saturday afternoon, the 17th instant, and is survived by his widow and one son, Kenneth.

Mrs. Fred Culver spent several days last week as the guest of Mrs. R. R. Brittingham, at Pocomoke City.

Mr. Aden Davis, cashier of the Farmers' Bank of Marion, wife and daughter, Misses Emily and Caroline May, motored to Baltimore city last week. Mr. Davis and wife, as well as Miss Caroline May, motored back to Marion last Thursday, but Miss Emily returned to the girls school at Raleigh, N. C., from Baltimore city.

Death of Mrs. Juliet Lankford

Mrs. Juliet Lankford, widow of John Lankford, died at her home, Antioch Avenue, extended, last Saturday night, after an illness of two weeks, aged 75 years.

She is survived by four daughters (Mrs. W. F. Dryden, of New York; Mrs. Charles R. Porter, Misses Gussie Lankford and Burnice Lankford, of Princess Anne) and two sons (Messrs. W. G. Lankford and H. C. Lankford, of Pocomoke City). She is also survived by six grandchildren and one great-grand child.

Her remains were taken to Pocomoke City yesterday (Monday) afternoon where funeral services were held at 3 o'clock in the Protestant Episcopal Church, conducted by the Rev. Williams. The pallbearers were Dr. C. W. Wainwright, Messrs. T. B. Hanley, George W. Brown and James A. Hayman, of Princess Anne, and Messrs. Harry Cluff, E. B. Lankford, F. E. Matthews and James Blaine, of Pocomoke City.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mr. W. D. Burton, Mrs. Julia McCabe (2), Mrs. M. B. Pennell, Mr. Marion Pusey, Vernel Shields, Miss Carolyn E. Smith, Miss Lillie Thomas.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Harry W. Colonna, 23, and Lucille R. Warren, 19, both of Quimby, Va. Paul M. Sterling, 22, and Adeline M. Atkinson, 24, both of Princess Anne. Granville Taylor, 23, and Lucy Tawes, 22, both of Wicomico.

Colored—William Handy, 50, and Annie Broughton, 49, both of Marion. William Cullen, 29, and Annie M. Broughton, 23, both of Crisfield.

Resolutions Of Respect

WHEREAS, God, in his infinite wisdom, has called from our midst our beloved friend and classmate, Sheldon D. Waller, of Princess Anne, Maryland, Be it, and it is hereby

Resolved, That we, his classmates, are deeply grieved, and extend to his bereaved brother our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in his hour of trial, and be it

Resolved, That these resolutions be engrossed upon the minutes of our class and that they be published in the "St. John's Collegian" and in the newspaper at Princess Anne.

W. D. BROWN,
P. C. CHESL,
WM. H. MAGUIRE, JR. } Com.

Despondency Due To Constipation

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect.

(Advertisement.)

When in need of a first-class Hair cut, Shave or Shampoo visit the

WASHINGTON HOTEL

TENSORIAL PARLOR

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

PHILIP M. SMITH

Funeral Director

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

Dr. R. O. Higgins

Dentist

Formerly of Washington, D. C.

Rooms 201 and 210 Salisbury B. L. & B. Association Building

Salisbury, Maryland

FOR SALE

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Missionary, Gandy Prize, Brandywine, Climax, Ozark at \$1.15 per 1,000; Big Joe and Joe Johnson at \$1.35 per thousand; Chesapeake and World's Wonders at \$1.75 per thousand; Klondyke at \$1.10 per thousand. Lucretia Blackberry Plants at \$2, and Austin at \$2.50 per thousand.

JOHN H. WILLIAMS,
Box 74 Fruitland, Md.

SHOES

Men's \$1.75 per pair

Women \$1.00 per pair

So you need Shoes. If you do, now is your chance.

FREDERICK J. FLURER

North Main Street, Princess Anne

Boys' And Girls' Club Work

A farmer boy works ten hours a day, plows and cultivates the earth, feels no sense of ownership, has neither heart nor head interest in his work—That's drudgery.

A farmer boy gets up early in the morning, works all day, has no partnership with father, no chance of recreation, is denied club fellowship, has no ownership in crops and animals such as corn, baby beeves, pigs or poultry—That's tough.

A club member takes a few grains of seed, manages them through soil, environment, insect and plant diseases, and produces vegetables, net profits that win the prize at the club festival or the State fair—That's skill.

A club leader writes a few pages of instruction on worthless pieces of paper, puts them into the hands of a club boy, and thus guides him to a business profit of \$50 in a single season—That's a good investment.

A club member may take an idle piece of soil, invest it with 30 cents worth of seed, a dollar's worth of fertilizer, and a few hours of brain and brawn, and made a profit of \$150—That's capital born of achievement.

Fathers and mothers maintain active membership in lodges, clubs, associations, societies, guilds, smokers and unions; but fail to see the need of encouraging club work for boys and girls—That's unfair.

To give boys and girls manly and womanly jobs, membership in a club of their own, a feeling of ownership, an opportunity to do things, a real motive for study and achievement, a feeling of liability; in short, a co-operative interest in the whole business of home making and farming—That's common sense.

Let your boys join the club by sending their names to County Agent H. S. Lippincott.

M. E. HICKEY

Plumbing and Heating

REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY

Shop on Beechwood Street

(Formerly Reid's Store)

Farmers Phone PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

GLASSES

Prescribed by Charles W. Fumell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, April 2nd, 1917.

Satisfaction is assured.

CHARLES W. FUMELL

OPTOMETRIST

Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

DO YOU WANT

An Automobile?

SEE MY AUTOS AND EXAMINE

The Ford, Dodge and Buick

Supplies of All Kinds

My Parts for Repairing Ford Cars are Made by Ford People

WM. P. FITZGERALD

AGENT

Garage on Main Street Near Bridge

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

ATTRACTIONS

FOR THIS WEEK AT

THE AUDITORIUM

Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT

Lou Telegen in Victory of Conscience Five Reels

THURSDAY NIGHT

Louise Huff in Reward of Patience Five Reels

FRIDAY NIGHT

Chas. Chaplin in The Rink and other reels

SATURDAY NIGHT

Leonore Ulrich in Intrigue Five Reels

ADMISSION

Price 10 cents for all.

Doors open 7.30; Pictures Start Promptly at 7.45; Second Picture at 9.00

Do You Want a Good Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES

Druggist Princess Anne

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Spring Suits AND Coats

Dress Goods, Shoes

Sport Suits

Silks for Dress

Novelties in Waisting

Ready-to-wear Waists

Home Comforts

Matting, Wall Paper

Rugs

Largest Stock ever shown here

W. O.

Lankford & Son

THE HOME FURNISHERS

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

SEEDS THAT GROW

SEED COBBLERS

MAINE GROWN AND HOME GROWN

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER PLANTING

Seed Oats, Clovers and Grasses, Early Alaska and Telephone Peas, Green and Wax Beans, Fordhook and Dreer's Bush Limas, Watermelon, Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Tomato

Our seeds are carefully selected and tested. Quality our first consideration

REPRESENTED BY O. J. Carey, Princess Anne, Md.

L. W. Cox, Westover, Md.

See or Write Us for Prices

PENINSULA PRODUCE EXCHANGE

OF MARYLAND

POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

New March

VICTOR

RECORDS

Are Here!

A SPLENDID LIST

Call and Hear Them!

See us or write us about our

FREE DEMONSTRATION PLAN

LARGEST LINE OF VICTROLAS AND VICTOR RECORDS ON THE PENINSULA!

Cash or Reasonable Terms. We Deliver Free! Try Our Service!

Salisbury Music & Specialty Co

INCORPORATED

102 Dock St., Cor. Main SALISBURY, MD.

"The Store That Made Salisbury Musical"

J. A. MCALLEN

FANCY GROCERIES AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

HAY AND FEED

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods or CASH.

Agent for

SWIFT'S FERTILIZERS

All Grades In Stock

New Brick Store, Near Depot, Princess Anne

GRENADES IN WAR

Terrible Weapons When Charged
With High Explosives.

MERCILESS DEATH SPREADERS

They Are Made Now to Be Flung by Hand at Close Quarters, to Be Shot From a Howitzer or to Be Planted as Mines and Fired by Electricity.

The use of hand grenades as an implement of war dates back nearly four centuries, and this deadly weapon remains today, as in the sixteenth century, one of the most effective weapons of warfare. In the United States Infantry Journal there is an article dealing with grenades which is a translation from the German military publication, *Militär-Wochenblatt*.

"Hand grenades," the article reads, "as an implement of warfare date back many centuries. History records their use as far back as 1336 at the siege of Arles. Up to the close of the eighteenth century soldiers were trained in the throwing of hand grenades. They were for that reason called grenadiers."

"The grenades were hollow balls of iron or other metal about two and a half inches in diameter, filled with powder and provided with a fuse, which was lighted before being thrown. At first there were a few in each regiment, later entire companies were formed, and still later every infantry battalion had its own grenadier company, which in the different armies had precedence over the other companies at parades and other formations."

"During the war between Russia and Japan hand grenades were again used in great quantities by both sides, especially in fighting at close quarters, and so deadly effective were they that it is not surprising the inventor's mind occupied itself with this means of combat and endeavored to adapt it to the requirements of modern warfare."

"First of all, it was very important to invent a projectile that would unite deadly effectiveness with complete safety of the thrower. Mr. Assen, the Danish inventor, constructed a number of hand, rifle and mine grenades which are said to fulfill these requirements."

"The hand grenades are carried by the man until required and then thrown by hand. The rifle or howitzer grenades are fired from a firm rest such as a wooden stand made from a rifle placed on the ground and directed at various angles of elevation by means of stakes. The mine grenade is anchored in the ground and discharged by electricity upon approach of the enemy. In each case they are veritable death dealers."

"The rifle grenade weighs about 550 grams. It contains seventy-two bullets weighing 25 grams and seventy-two grams of explosives. The seventy-two bullets cover a space of at least forty to fifty square meters. The rifle grenade may be fired from an ordinary army rifle at any range up to about 400 meters. The great destructive effect of the grenade is due to the fact that the explosion takes place immediately after the grenade strikes the ground before it has had time to bury itself in the soil."

"The howitzer grenade weighs one kilogram and contains 215 bullets and a bursting charge weighing 200 grams. It can be thrown with the hand forty meters or with a howitzer 300 meters. The 'howitzer' is a contrivance made of a cylinder and weighs twelve kilograms. It may be carried like a rifle. The bullets of this grenade cover a semicircular space of at least eighty square meters and spread only to the front and laterally, but not to the rear toward the thrower. They are, therefore, of especial value for fighting at close quarters. They are constructed so that they may be exploded only after they have traveled eight meters toward the target."

"The hand grenade weighs one kilogram and contains 190 bullets weighing 24 grams and a bursting charge weighing 110 grams. In contrast to the above described 'howitzer' grenade the bullets fly in every direction, so that it is only used for throwing from cover."

"The last kind of these grenades is the mine grenade. It weighs about four kilograms and contains 400 3.3-gram bullets and a 200 gram bursting charge. The 400 bullets will cover a space of at least 800 square meters. These grenades, together with their electrical connections, are placed about one-half meter under the surface of the ground, so that they are completely invisible to the enemy."

"When it is set off the grenade rises about three-fourths of a meter above the ground, then explodes and throws the bullets in all directions parallel with the ground. At a distance of ten meters the bullets will go through wood at least a hundred millimeters thick and retain deadly effectiveness for a distance of fifty meters. A detachment of a hundred men can lay a line of these mines over a front of 4,000 meters in less than two hours."

"In a test three mine grenades were laid in the corners of a triangle whose legs were thirty meters long among a group of 145 wooden double silhouettes that were scattered over a space of 2,700 square meters. The grenades were set off electrically one after the other. The result was that 120 silhouettes were hit 700 times."

He takes life very seriously. "Yes, indeed. He can't understand how the world ever got along before he was born."—Detroit Free Press.

Wrong cannot afford defeat, but right can.—Tagore.

He Saw the Black Hole.

The first thing I wanted to see in India was the "Black Hole" of Calcutta. I could hardly wait to see the famous prison in which, in 1750, 133 people were suffocated in a single night. One hundred and fifty-six British prisoners, captured by the natives, were cast into a room eighteen feet square, and the following morning only twenty-three of them were living.

Without waiting to unpack my trunk I hurried to the spot. But I was sadly disappointed, for all there was there was a monument with a chain around it. I felt cheated. In America we would have given the visitor something for his money. We would have preserved the prison, with its two small windows, and put a showcase in the corner with samples of the nails and a rusty hinge. The restored prison would have been filled with wax figures, their coats noticeably dusty and hunched at the collar, and outside would have been a lineal descendant of one of the survivors, selling post card views and a history of the "hole" for a quarter.—Homer Croy in *Leslie's*.

Strap Hangers in Tokyo.

After one has ridden for a few weeks on Tokyo trams he realizes that more than 2,000,000 people, living within a radius of three miles of the imperial palace, require many trams to carry them. Seats are always at a premium. Even the New York subway is not as continually crowded. The trams are fast, well handled and plentiful, but a moving stairway or sidewalk covering all the tram lines in the city would scarcely fill the bill.

There are five or six stations from which trains depart for different parts of the empire, but these stations are only joined by city trams, so that if one wants to go from Tokyo station, the terminus of the Shimonoseki line to Europe, to Ueno station, whence trains depart for Nikko, Karuizawa, Sendai and Hokkaido, he must take a riksha, a taxicab or a street car or else circle the city for more than twenty miles in more than an hour to reach a station that is only a mile and a half away as the crow flies.—Maynard Owen Williams in *Christian Herald*.

The Broken Broker. The late Judge Pennypacker of Philadelphia was an advocate of the enfranchisement of woman, but he also advocated justice in the relationship between the sexes for man.

"Woman," he said whimsically one day at the Pennsylvania Historical society, "mustn't play it both ways. She mustn't get the vote and the equal wage through man's sense of equity and then get all kinds of unfair privileges through his sense of gallantry."

"There's a lot of truth in the story of the young broker who after his failure was thrown over by a pretty girl."

"Why was the engagement broken off?" a banker asked the ruined broker.

"Well," he answered, "after I'd given her a string of pearls, an opera box and a birthday gift of a twelve cylinder limousine I went to smash, and her people accused me of amusing myself at her expense."—Baltimore Sun.

What You Can Do.

You don't know what you can do. At any rate you don't know until you're up against it and have to try. Some day you're going to bump against a whopping bit of work. It will look impossible to you. You'll want to quit. You'll say to yourself that it simply can't be done. And then if you are really worth while you'll tighten your belt and jump into it. You'll say, "I've got to do it." Then the first thing you know it will be done. And the best part of it is you'll enjoy it, and the satisfaction that comes when it is done will be worth more than hearing your uncle has left you \$10,000.—American Boy.

Two Types. George Ade was talking about the intricacies of the English language.

"There's that word 'smart,' for instance," he said. "The word may mean fashionable, chic or elegant."

"A man wanted to present me to a lady the other day."

"She's very, very smart," he said.

"But I asked cautiously."

"Smart—humph. Highbrow or low neck type?"—Exchange.

A Retaining Fee. Tommy—What is a retaining fee, pa?

"A retaining fee, my son, is the money people pay to us lawyers before we can do any work."

"Oh, I see! It's like those slot chocolate machines. The people have to put in their pennies before they get any chocolate."

A Form of Preparedness. "I'm afraid I'm going to lose my temper when I make this speech," said Senator Sorghum.

"Deliberately?"

"Yes. Some of the remarks I want to make will never be excused unless it can be claimed they were said in the heat of debate."—Washington Star.

The Modern Child. "Father, does a 'lamb gambol'?"

"At times, my son."

"Then if you grabbed a lamb by the leg you would be pinching a gambolling joint, wouldn't you?"

(Exeunt father, child and slipper)—Cornell Wit.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy A Favorite For Colds

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

(Advertisement)

First Feeding Bottle.

Possibly a hollow gourd constituted the first baby's feeding bottle. Torn from its parent tree, its edible interior would have found its way to the stomach of its adult plucker, after which the hollow shell would be filled with milk or other liquid refreshment for the satisfaction of the infant. In tropical countries, again, the coconut would constitute a natural feeding bottle, already filled with the necessary nourishment.

Without, however, indulging in speculation of this kind it may be noted that the archaic vase room at the British museum contains specimens of feeding bottles—tethnes, archaeologists call them—dating back to between 600 and 700 years before Christ. These very early babies' bottles are usually globular in shape, are elaborately decorated and are covered with small knobs which, it is conjectured, were used to hang tiny bells upon. In short, the feeding bottle of those days was also a rattle and a picture book combined.

Government Crop Estimates.

Nearly 2,000,000 schedules are handled each year in the bureau of crop estimates of the United States department of agriculture in making up the government monthly crop reports, according to the annual report of the chief of the bureau of crop estimates. Nearly 100,000 names are on the voluntary crop reporting lists; forty-four paid agents are constantly making personal investigations, one agent covering a state, and a force of 105 clerks is employed in Washington to handle the large number of reports from the voluntary crop reporters and to keep records of crop information of this and foreign countries. The work of crop reporting has been so improved and systematized that estimates of production of important products can be made with a close degree of accuracy. The most complete record in existence is kept in the bureau of the estimates and statistics relating to the world's crops and live stock.

Sugar.

Our word "sugar" is said to be derived from the Arabic "sukkar," the article itself having got into Europe through the Arabian Mohammedans, who overran a great part of the world in the seventh, eighth and ninth centuries. According to Dr. Van Lippman, a Dutch writer, as a result of the Arab invasion of Persia sugar found its way into Arabia, whence again its culture was carried to Cyprus, Rhodes, Sicily and Egypt. In the last named country the preparation of sugar was greatly improved, and the Egyptian product became widely famous. From Egypt the industry spread along the northern coasts of Africa and so entered Spain, where, about the year 1150, some fourteen refineries were in operation. Columbus introduced sugar cane into the new world.

Origin of "Fusilier." Fusilier was originally the name of a soldier armed with a light flintlock musket called the fusil. At the time of the English civil war (1642-52) the term "firelock" was usually employed to distinguish these weapons from the more common matchlock muskets. One of these companies of "firelocks" grew the "fusiliers." In the latter part of the Thirty Year war (1643) fusiliers were simply mounted troops with the fusil, as carbambers were with the carbine. The senior fusilier regiment in the British service, the Seventh Royal fusiliers, City of London regiment, was formed on the French model in 1688.

Still Interfering. George Bailey, of the Houston Post notes that "A New York redhead is suing a druggist for \$5,000 damages because of peroxide he sold her ruined 'her crown of glory,' and makes this comment:

"It is bad enough when tawny maned girls use peroxide. For a redhead to vandalize her topknot in any such way as that ought to be against the law, and no well regulated widow would think of doing so."

His Delightful Bull. An Irish editor in speaking of Ireland and her woes said:

"Her cup of misery has been for ages overflowing and is not yet full."

Idleness is the serpulcher of a living man.—Holland.

HEARD IN PRINCESS ANNE

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All over Princess Anne you hear it. Doan's Kidney Pills are keeping up the good work. Princess Anne people are made sound again. You can believe the testimony of your own townspeople. They tell it for the benefit of you who are suffering. If your back aches, if you feel lame, sore and miserable, if the kidneys act too frequently, or passages are painful, scanty and off color, use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that has helped so many of your friends and neighbors. Follow this Princess Anne citizen's advice and give Doan's a chance to do the same for you.

Ernest M. Hayman, merchant, 402 Main street, Princess Anne, Md., says: "About three years ago, I was in a bad way from disordered condition of my kidneys. Backache also caused me considerable annoyance. When I passed the kidney secretions they burned and scalded and were highly colored. I was obliged to pass the kidney secretions several times during the night and I was very miserable. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me by my druggist, T. J. Smith & Co. After using one box I was cured of the trouble. Since then I have always said a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I have had a chance."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Long had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

(Advertisement)

Children Cry for Fletcher's

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SOUTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	449	51	451	455	463
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00	A. M.	1:00	P. M.	12:05
Philadelphia	11:14	A. M.	5:35	P. M.	3:00
Washington	12:01	A. M.	7:00	P. M.	3:45
Baltimore	10:10	A. M.	4:10	P. M.	1:45
Delmar	3:07	A. M.	8:30	P. M.	7:12
Salisbury	3:20	A. M.	8:43	P. M.	7:26
PRINCESS ANNE	3:38	A. M.	9:10	P. M.	7:53
Cape Charles	5:55	A. M.	12:35	P. M.	10:50
Old Point	8:15	A. M.	6:20	P. M.	
Norfolk	9:20	A. M.	7:25	P. M.	

*On Sundays Train 455 arrives at Cape Charles 4:40, Old Point 6:40 and Norfolk 7:45 p.m.

LEAVE	458	460	462	50	450
Norfolk	9:15	A. M.	8:00	P. M.	6:00
Old Point	8:45	A. M.	7:45	P. M.	5:30
Cape Charles	6:55	A. M.	10:55	P. M.	4:05
PRINCESS ANNE	7:39	A. M.	12:20	P. M.	3:47
Salisbury	7:56	A. M.	12:37	P. M.	4:23
Delmar	8:16	A. M.	12:57	P. M.	4:43

LEAVE	458	460	462	50	450
Washington	Ar. 11:09	A. M.	3:49	P. M.	4:00
Philadelphia	11:56	A. M.	5:08	P. M.	4:53
Baltimore	12:39	A. M.	5:23	P. M.	5:58
New York	2:00	A. M.	8:00	P. M.	7:50

LEAVE	458	460	462	50	450
King's Creek	9:15	A. M.	8:00	P. M.	6:00
Ar. Crisfield	10:00	A. M.	8:50	P. M.	6:45

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	9	8
Lv. Baltimore	9:00	10:00
Salisbury	9:55	10:55
Ar. Ocean City	10:55	11:11

	10	11
Lv. Ocean City	10:00	11:00
Salisbury	10:55	11:55
Ar. Baltimore	11:55	12:00

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN T. DASHIELL, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Seventh Day of March, 1917, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 20th day of October, 1916.

WILLIAM D. DASHIELL, CHARLES M. DASHIELL, Administrators of John T. Dashiell, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

MARGARET ALICE CARROLL, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twelfth Day of March, 1917, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 6th day of September, 1916.

E. CLAY TIMANUS and IDA B. WALLER, Adm'rs c. t. a. of Margaret Alice Carroll, dec'd.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

9-12

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KILLS PAIN

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

WILLIAM KING,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Tenth day of July, 1917.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1917.

URSHELD TILGHMAN,

Administrator of William King, deceased.

True Copy.—Test

LAFAYETTE RUARK,

Register of Wills.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Get your strawberry checks from us.

Some Trees.
In the angle between the Kings and Kern canyons lies a woodland empire beside which the Hartz and Black forest of Germany would appear almost diminutive. Within the borders of the Sequoia National park and the General Grant National park near by there are no fewer than 1,100,000 sequoia trees, and of these 12,000 are more than ten feet in diameter. In the Sequoia National park stands the largest tree in the world—not the tallest, but the largest—the General Sherman tree, with a diameter of 36.5 feet and a height of 279.0 feet. Its massive trunk and branches contain about 1,000,000 feet of lumber, board measure. This is equal to the amount of lumber that is cut from forty acres of average Minnesota timberland.—Argonaut.

Self Convicted.
"Say, pa," queried small Bobby, "what is gossiping, anyway?" "Gossiping, my son," replied the old man, "if we get right down to the plain, unvarnished facts, is lying. But why do you ask?" "Because," answered the young investigator, "ma says you do a lot of gossiping every time your business keeps you late at the office."—Exchange.

A Growing Thing.
"Mrs. Smith has telephoned six times now about that leak," offered the office boy.
"Give it a chance, son," said the plumber. "In a couple of days that leak'll be worth twice as much."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

No Wonder.
Mrs. Crabshaw—Don't cry, Willie. I'm not going to punish you this time for your hurried when I called you. Willie—Boo-hoo, mamma, I fell downstairs.—Chicago Herald.

Spring Colds Are Dangerous.
Sudden changes of temperature and underwear bring spring colds with stuffed up head, sore throat and general cold symptoms. A dose of Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief, this happy combination of antiseptic balsams clears the head, soothes the irritated membrane and what might have been a lingering cold is broken up. Don't stop treatment when relief is first felt as a half cured cold is dangerous. Take Dr. King's New Discovery till your cold is gone. (Advertisement)

RIGHT AND WRONG POISE.

Badly Postured Is a Potent Factor in Good Health.

The carriage of the body may determine the condition of one's health. Bad posture is often responsible for the failure of the vital organs to perform their functions properly. It causes reflex material to be deposited in the tissues and is responsible for a large percentage of headaches.

Because of the unnatural strain on muscles and ligaments, more nervous and muscular energy are expended in holding a poor position than in maintaining a correct bodily posture.

Good posture gives the blood a chance to carry new food material where needed and to eliminate waste. It allows the nerves to carry their messages and for the lungs to fill the tissues with life giving oxygen. A certain readiness for action saves lost motion.

The common faults of posture are drooping shoulders, protruding head, hollow chest, round shoulders, hollow back, bent knees and weak or flat feet. Many persons have almost all of these defects.

It is claimed that more than 50 per cent of all cases of spinal trouble are due to faulty positions which have become habitual.

Daily exercise, well regulated, will not only prevent but will correct many faulty postures.

Dancing is one of the most wholesome and most effective ways of cultivating good carriage. It calls into play muscles in all parts of the body and tends to produce gracefulness.

Of great value for similar reasons are many of the outdoor sports such as swimming, skating, tramping, rowing and horseback riding.—Pittsburgh Press.

GIVING LIFE FOR PEACE.

How a Deadly Feud Between Alaskan Tribes Was Ended.

Ending a war is always attended with difficulties and perplexities. It is interesting to recall the manner in which two Alaskan tribes, the Stikkeen and the Sitkas, once settled such a matter. The late John Muir narrated the facts. The bloody feud had lasted all summer, for the parties were evenly matched, and they were all likely to starve in the winter because the women dared not go out to fish or pick berries. But one day a Stikkeen chief appeared between the camps and called for a parley. He said:

"My people are hungry. They dare not go to the salmon streams or berry fields for winter supplies, and if this war goes on much longer most of my people will die of hunger. We have fought long enough; let us have peace. You brave Sitka warriors go home, and we will go home, and we will all set out to dry salmon and berries before it is too late."

The Sitka chief replied:
"You may well say let us stop fighting when you have had the best of it. You have killed ten more of my tribe than we have killed of yours. Give us the Stikkeen men to balance our blood account; then and not till then will we make peace and go home."

"Very well," replied the Stikkeen chief; "you know my rank. You know that I am worth ten common men and more. Take me and make peace."

The offer was accepted. The chief gave himself up and was shot down in his tracks in sight of both tribes. One man died for many, and peace was restored.—Christian Advocate.

Cutting Retort.

The late Charles Frohman was one of those people who sometimes rap out a retort that in cooler moments they would wish unsaid. Of one of these Mrs. Patrick Campbell was the victim. During a rehearsal it appears Frohman made a constructive criticism which nettled the actress very much. Going to the footlights, Mrs. Patrick Campbell said:

"Mr. Frohman, I want you to know that I am an artist."
Frohman, with a solemn face, instantly replied:
"Madam, I will keep your secret."

Morocco and the Moors.

Five centuries ago Ferdinand and Isabella drove the Moor from Spain, and in Morocco they sought a new empire. The gradual conquest of north Africa by European powers has driven the true Mohammedan—the religious fanatic—southward or westward to the practically unknown interior, or to Morocco, Egypt, Tripoli, Tunisia and Algeria have all contributed from their populations to the peopling of Morocco.

Between Friends.

Jimson—I'd get married if I could find a sensible girl. Jobson—I know a nice girl, but I don't think she wants to marry. At least she refused me. Jimson—By George! She must be a sensible girl. Introduce me, will you? —Boston Transcript.

Indirect Taxation.

Brinker—Yes, your wife's clothes have cost me a good bit of money. Tinker—My wife's clothes! What do you mean? Brinker—Why, every time your wife gets a new gown my wife must have one just as expensive.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Characteristics of Famous Men.

When I meet a famous man I note that all he has is a little sense, a little politeness and a disposition to look after things. Many famous men are very ordinary, except that they are unusual in the respects noted.—E. W. Howe's Monthly.

Most men postpone happiness until the future, and the future never comes.—Epictetus

Farm and Garden

MARKETING POTATOES.

Greater Care Necessary in Handling Growers Should Study Markets.
[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

There are two definite crops of potatoes in this country each year—the southern early or "new" potatoes, which are perishable, and the northern late potatoes, which are only semipermanent. The treatment of these crops must differ considerably, but in both sections the aim of growers should be to exercise more care in digging and handling the tubers to bring about the establishment and strict observance of grades and thoroughly familiarize themselves with marketing needs and conditions.

In the south potato digging begins in Florida, Texas and southern Louisiana in May and is done mostly by forks and plows. In some of the hotter sections it has been found advisable to plow up the potatoes in the late evening and pick them early the following morning. Picking into rectangular open slatted crates, the slats having rounded edges, has been found most satisfactory. The potatoes should not be hauled loose in wagons, since such treatment may bruise them seriously.

Grading for the southern potato crop has been rather extensively adopted with good results, the graded potatoes bringing better prices. Mechanical graders are used in some sections.

The marketing of the southern crop is effected largely through cash buy-



SHIPPING POTATOES IN CRATES.

ers at shipping points. Shipments are also made through distributors and on consignment to agencies in distant markets. In some sections it was found, co-operative associations of growers handle the marketing, achieving successful results.

Northern, or late, potatoes are dug in August and September. Forks are used to a certain extent for digging this crop, but most of the acreage is dug by plows and digging machines. For the successful use of the latter, soil conditions must be good. Under favorable conditions the use of such machines has been found profitable. There is much loss from bruising potatoes in all types of digging. Deep plowing with plows and machines should eliminate most of such losses.

Picking in the north is mostly by hand, but some combination digging and picking machines are in use. If the potatoes are to be graded as picked, growers should carefully instruct pickers in the work, since the inclusion of a few diseased, cut or defective potatoes is sufficient to discount an entire shipment, the selling value being largely determined by the poorest tubers in the lot rather than the best. Even the less perishable northern crop may be injured by hauling from the field loose in wagons. This practice usually involves subsequent handling, often with shovels and scoops, which further bruises the potatoes. A good practice, say specialists of the department, is to pick the potatoes into open slatted crates and haul the filled receptacles to storage, or grading houses or to cars.

Many sizing machines are used in the north to grade potatoes, and since they give more accurate results than hand grading, their use should be extended. In addition to sorting, these machines are of service in removing dirt. This is an important fact, since there are many complaints by buyers of the presence of dirt among potatoes and greater allowances are being demanded in price adjustments on this account. The mechanical sizer simply sorts as to size, and the stock must be further graded by hand to eliminate potatoes affected by sunburn, dry rot, scabs, frost or other defects.

All grading should be done preferably on the farm. If the grower ships ungraded stock to market it must be graded there, where labor is more costly. In addition to paying, in lower prices received, for this labor, he also pays freight on the rejected potatoes and loses the culls, which he might have utilized on the farm. Grading is facilitated where the grower has sufficient storage space for a large part of his crop. In this way potatoes which do not show the effects of frost or other damage when first dug may be detected later and sorted out before the crop is marketed. If the potatoes are shipped without sorting the damage usually brings about rotting of the injured potatoes before the market is reached, and reduces prices on the whole shipment.

HELPING THE FARMER.

The once neglected farmer has been given the benefit of much attention in recent years, writes Thomas F. Logan in Leslie's Weekly. There is now an office in the department of agriculture which has a large staff of experts dealing with the distribution of agricultural commodities and rural organization, which Secretary Houston calls the best in the world. Among its notable achievements the secretary places the provisions for standardizing staple agricultural products, for licensing of bonded warehouses for storage of certain crops and to make possible issuance of easily negotiable warehouse receipts, the federal farm loan act to reduce cost of farm loans, the federal reserve act authorizing national banks to lend money on farm mortgages and the federal aid road act providing for co-operation between the federal government and the states in the construction of rural post roads. The office of markets and rural organization has done much in the past year to foster co-operative associations, notably among the fruit growers of the western states.

PROFIT IN GREENHOUSES.

Raising Vegetables and Floral Plants Under Glass.

[Prepared by Pennsylvania station.]
The greenhouses at the school of agriculture and experiment station of the Pennsylvania State college furnish proof of what may be accomplished in the way of raising vegetables and floral plants under glass.

In late winter and early spring seed is sown, and the resulting plants—tomatoes, cucumbers, lettuce, etc.—are nursed in the greenhouses, hardened in the cold frame and then put in the field at the earliest possible date. In this way they reach maturity earlier than the regular field planted crop and consequently may be marketed earlier and at fancy prices.

During the fall and winter months several crops of tomatoes, lettuce, cucumbers or other vegetables are produced and sold at a good profit.

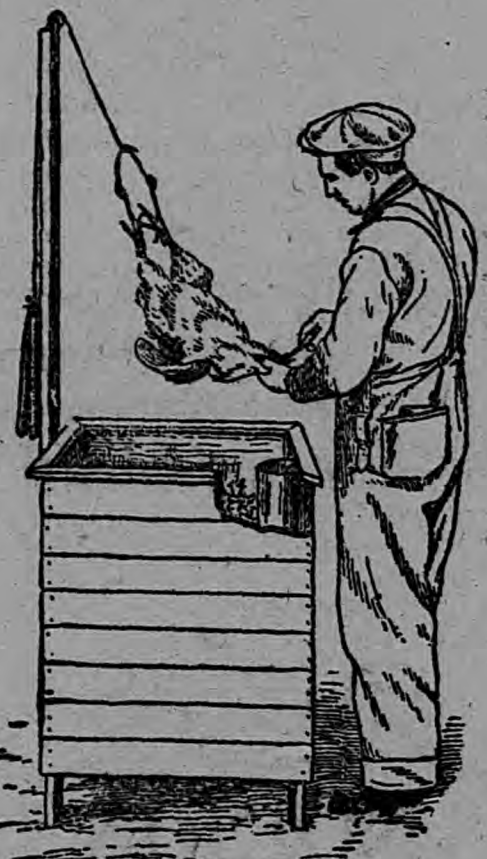
The average farmer may not find it advisable to operate under glass on a large scale, but even the small farmer may find a greenhouse advantageous. In the first place it will furnish fresh vegetables for his table through the winter months. Any surplus which he raises at this time may be sold at good prices, giving him at least a small income at a time when most farm profits are at a standstill.

Frequently, when space will permit, floral crops, such as carnations, roses or potted plants, may be raised profitably during the winter season.

With a greenhouse also it will be possible to keep one or two men busy during the entire year, thus insuring competent, trained help during both summer and winter months and eliminating part of the worry attendant upon the solution of the labor question.

Killing Poultry With Knife.

To make the proper cut and kill the bird in a humane way the thrust of the knife must render the bird unconscious and destroy that portion of the brain which relaxes the muscles and loosens the feathers. The rear lobe of the brain controls the nerves which control the feather muscles. After hanging the chicken by a cord, as shown in the accompanying diagram, cross the wings behind and lock the flight feathers of one into the other so the fowls cannot flutter. Then grasp the head in the



left hand, holding it upside down, with the jawbones between the thumb and fingers. The mouth will open.

Using the right hand, insert the knife into the chicken's mouth and with the blade toward its roof make a diagonal short cut beyond the left ear and to the left of the end of the groove in the roof of the mouth. When the blood flows freely partially withdraw the knife and reverse it so that the dull back is toward the roof. This keeps it sharp and prevents the useless cutting of bony tissue. As the knife pushes up the groove and enters the proper portion of the brain the chick usually squawks. This is evidence that the operation is properly done. A cut elsewhere will not bring the squawk. Turn the knife to destroy more tissue. Hook the mouth of the fowl to the hook on the blood cup and dry pick at once.—Orange Judd Farmer.

Successful Trapping.

Whenever I catch an animal that leaves a natural odor in the vicinity I am almost sure to get another in the same place. An animal will come a long distance to investigate a scent of its own kind. One should be very careful not to leave human odor of any kind when killing a trapped animal since this will frighten away another fur bearer who has come to find the cause of the scent.

Few trappers stop to think how keenly sensitive is the nose of a game or fur bearing animal. Just suppose that you could smell as many things as you can see. Cover carefully every human odor on the trap line and you have half caught your animal. Then use some good scent to tickle his sensitive nose and you will win.

One of the best single drugs that can be used to allure a fur bearer is oil of anise. Oil of lavender, assafetida, rhodium and peppermint are often used together in manufactured baits. I think the most dependable scent bait that I have used is fish oil.—F. E. Brimmer in Orange Judd Farmer.

"You Always Pay."

"You always pay, you know," said a forger who was captured recently after years of liberty as a fugitive from justice.

Sure you do. Whether you violate man's law or nature's law, which is another name for God's law, you always have to pay, and the full price, too. Some pay, as this man did, in dodging and sinking through the world like a hunted beast, his mind worried, his face gradually taking on a furtive look, knowing always that somewhere ahead lay the steel jawed trap all set and ready.

Some pay with broken hearts, others with broken hearts; some surrender friends and love, some give all in life worth living for; some cast their conscience to be gnawed by the wolves of remorse, some not only pay their own share in full, but shift part of the burden to their children and their children's children, even to the third and fourth generation, for the debt must be paid to the last farthing.—Kansas City Star.

Have You a Dodge Miniature?

There are today a very large number of homes in America where the most treasured possession is a small old fashioned miniature, painted some time between the years 1828 and 1870, most likely, and which bears in tiny, unostentatious lettering the name of the artist. "J. Dodge." If the miniature be that of a bona fide ancestor and not that of the bought variety its possession is better than a D. A. R. pin, for in practically every instance it is all the proof necessary that the family ancestor was somebody. For the artist who painted these pictures did the most masterly work, and his patrons represented the statesmen and leaders of their time. Henry Clay, Andrew Jackson, James K. Polk, Andrew Johnson, Aaron Burr—men famous throughout the nation—sat to the painter whose art was devoted to the tiny miniature portraits on ivory.—Exchange.

Petty Spite.

The late Mrs. Inez Millholland Boissevain, the suffrage worker, had a frank nature, and nothing was more objectionable to her than spitefulness.

"There is too much petty spite," she said one day, "among women who pretend to be friends."

"Two women sat at tea in a Fifth avenue restaurant."

"There goes Mr. Smith in his new car," said one of the women. She added, with a simper, "What a fibbing flatterer he is, to be sure!"

"Why? Did he tell you you were pretty?" said the other woman coldly.

"No," said the first woman. "He told me you were."

Doing Others.

The famous phrase in "David Harum" which reads, "Do unto the other fellow the way he would like to do unto you—and do it first," has had almost universal currency, and to most people its novelty was one of its attractions. But if you turn to Dickens' "Martin Chuzzlewit" you will find that young Jonas remarks in one place, "Do other men or they will do you." Not so very far apart except in time.—Hartford Courant.

At Home and Abroad.

"Solomon was the wisest man, was he not?"
"I'm not sure," replied Miss Cayenne. "Of course he managed to get a reputation with the public, but I'd like to know what some of those wives had to say about him."—Washington Star.

The Reason.

"The cynical poet says a man's wife is a little dearer than his horse. Now, that isn't true."

"Of course, it isn't true. She is a great deal dearer. A man doesn't have to buy his horse a new outfit every half year."—Baltimore American.

Pleasures Long Drawn Out.

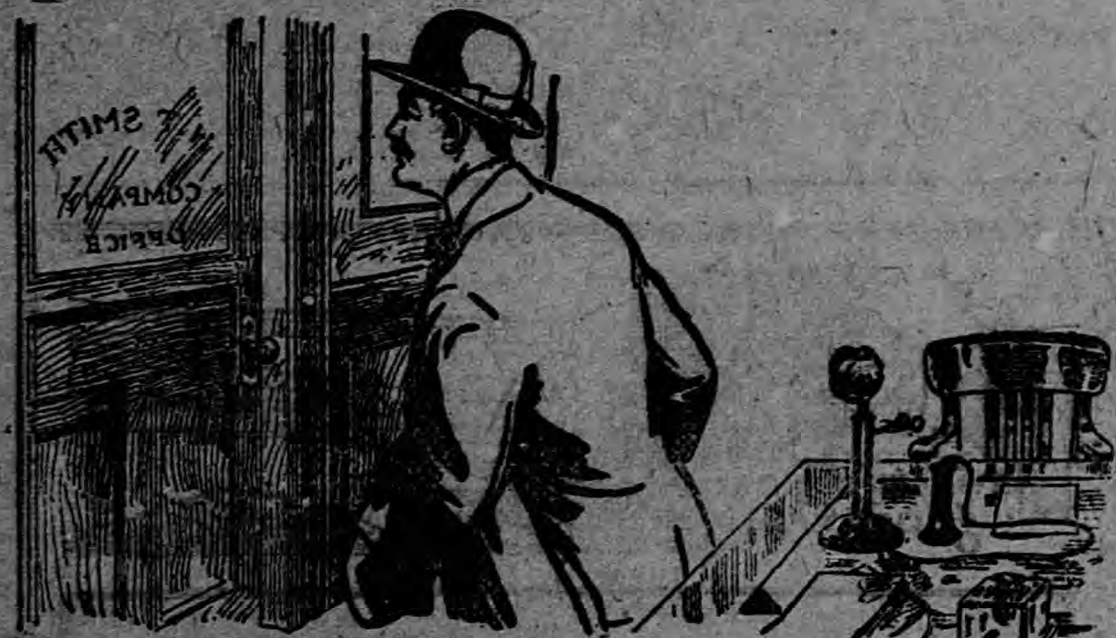
"I understand that express trains are not very popular in Scotland. I wonder why?"

"You poor dub! Don't you know that a Scotchman wants to enjoy himself as long as possible when he does spend money?"—Exchange.

Encouragement.

The bashful youth had been presented to the vivacious debutante, and for ten minutes he sat speechless, growing redder and redder and more embarrassed. At length the girl said sweetly, "And now let us talk of something else."

Every age has its problem, by solving which humanity is helped forward.—Heinrich Heine.



Please Put It Back

You wouldn't intentionally leave the receiver off the hook at the end of a telephone conversation, but, intentionally or accidentally, it happens frequently.

This not only cuts your telephone completely off from the rest of the world, but, if you are on a party line, it cuts off every telephone on the line. The operator cannot ring on the line while the receiver is off the hook, neither can anybody on the line reach the operator, no matter how urgent the necessity may be.

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SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Kingston
March 24—Miss Marian Horsey, of Marlon, is the guest of Mrs. J. E. Gorsuch.

Mrs. Corinne Miles is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. Robertson.
Deputy Collector Lewis M. Milbourne visited his sister, Mrs. L. A. Chamberlin, this week.

Mrs. Alfred B. Turpin, who has been quite ill, we are sorry to report is not any better.

Mrs. R. K. Lewis and daughter, Mary Amelia Waters, are the guests of Mrs. L. A. Chamberlin.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Downing, of Stamford, Conn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. N. Bowland.

Mrs. J. A. Turpin, who has been a patient at the Salisbury hospital for over 8 weeks, returned home last Sunday.

Mrs. Lida Hampton, of Leighton, Alabama, is spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hallberg, at "Kingston Hall."

Mr. C. Foster Matthews had as his guests on a motoring trip to Cambridge last Sunday Messrs. Geo. Jones, Chas. Ruark, S. O. and O. P. Tull.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Bowland, who have been spending the winter with their daughters, Mrs. C. H. Kernan and Miss Mary Bowland, at Tiffin, Ohio, returned home this week.

The meeting of the Parent-Teachers' Club yesterday at Kingston school was quite a success, several new members being added. The program was as follows: Song; "Maryland, My Maryland," school; roll call and reading of minutes; secretary's recitation, "Johnny Sands," Bessie Young; song, "Land of our Birth," school; talk, "School Improvements and Child Welfare," Mrs. P. O. Hudson; recitation, Mrs. Gleason Hayman; song, "Land of the Evergreens," school; debate: "Resolved, That compulsory military training and service should be adopted in high schools." Affirmative, Messrs. Nairne Bowland and Henry Wilson; negative, Mrs. J. E. Gorsuch and Miss Lena Tull; song, "Song of the Shore," school; address, Rev. E. L. Bunce; song, "Star Spangled Banner," school. The debate was very interesting and several good points brought out. The negative won, the decision being 2 to 1 in their favor. The next meeting will be March 13th, when the school will have a flag-raising, the same having just been purchased by members of the league.

Perryhawkin

March 24—Mr. and Mrs. Durant West, of Pocomoke City, spent Friday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Derickson.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dryden and Miss Mabel Dennis, of Baltimore, arrived Tuesday and are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Dennis.

Mrs. C. C. Derickson returned home Tuesday, after spending about four weeks at the Pine Bluff Sanatorium on the Wicomico river, near Salisbury.

Mr. E. L. Anderson returned home Sunday after undergoing about four weeks treatment at the Johns Hopkins Hospital for an injured limb. He is much improved.

The fruit basket social held by the Ladies' Aid of Perryhawkin Church at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Alder Wednesday evening, on account of stormy weather, was not very well attended. The total receipts from the basket sale was \$18.25.

The Literary Society met in the school house at Perryhawkin Thursday evening. The meeting was called to order by the president, Mr. E. L. Anderson. The program was as follows: Recitation, Master Lewis Taylor; recitation, Mr. E. L. Anderson. After which the question, "Resolved, That the hope of reward prompts man to action more than the fear of punishment," was debated on the affirmative by Messrs. W. A. Rigin and A. Culp, and on the negative by Messrs. B. C. Dryden and E. L. Anderson. The judges decided in favor of the affirmative.

Roosevelt To Fight in France

The immediate organization of an American expeditionary force of 100,000 men to fight in France with the Entente troops under the command of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has been undertaken by a group of wealthy men in New York city, it was learned last Thursday afternoon on the highest authority. Probably a large number of men in the force is to be recruited from the trained American soldiers now serving with the French or British armies, veterans all of them.

Some of them have fought through the greatest battles on the west front. Arrangement will be made, it was learned, to have these men discharged from the French and British service to form the nucleus of Colonel Roosevelt's force. It is estimated that there are at least 50,000 American citizens now fighting under the British and French flags, all of whom have been highly trained. Several hundred of them are officers. The great majority are believed to be with the Canadian divisions, one whole battalion of American citizens having been organized and mustered into the Canadian service several months ago.

Storm Kills 50 And Wrecks Town

Between 25 and 50 persons were killed and probably 100 or more were injured by a storm which last Friday swept over New Albany, Indiana, demolishing scores of residences and several industrial plants.

Twenty-five bodies are known to have been recovered, and it is expected this number will be materially increased when all the debris of wrecked buildings has been cleared away.

The storm struck the Corydon pike about two miles from New Albany and moved southwest. Entering the city at State street near Haly, it swept through three blocks. At the intersection of State and Pearl streets it left the ground and then struck again at Vincennes street and the Charleston road, nearly a mile away. At that point dwellings in three blocks were demolished.

Hicks' Forecasts For April

A reactionary storm period is central on the 5th, 6th and 7th. As mentioned at the close of the March forecasts, the closing day of a regular storm period, central March 30th, comes into the opening days of April. By the 2nd, or 3rd, disturbances of that period will have passed off to the east, and much colder, clearing weather will be spreading from the northwest toward the south and east. The disturbing influences of Earth and Venus will still be felt during the reactionary period central on the 5th, 6th and 7th. The Moon will be on the celestial equator on the 5th, and in opposition with the Earth and Sun on the 7th. The barometer will make a sudden and decided fall on, and about the 5th, and storms of thunder, lightning and rain will pass promptly from west to east, reaching their culminating stage on and touching the 7th.

A regular storm period is central on the 11th, extending from the 9th to the 14th. The Moon will reach extreme south declination on the 12th, and last quarter on the 14th. The stress of the combined periods of Earth and Venus still continue in modified degrees, all added to the regular "Vulcan" influence. As the storm period, 9th to 14th, comes on, say about the 10th, the barometer will begin to fall over most regions west of the central valleys, winds will grow warmer and southerly, and during about the 11th to the 14th, these conditions will pass eastwardly across the country, attended by storm clouds, with heavy rain, wind and thunder in many wide localities.

A reactionary storm period falls centrally on the 16th, 17th and 18th. The storm diagram shows the Earth and Venus periods are still holding over this reactionary period. The Moon is nearest the Earth, or in perigee, on the 17th, and on the celestial equator on the 18th. This period will bring return of decided storm conditions—that is, it will grow suddenly very warm, the barometer will drop to very low reading, and portentous clouds will develop, all culminating on and about the 18th in heavy rain, hail and thunder.

A regular storm period is central on the 22nd, extending from the 20th to the 25th. This storm period lies at the end of the Venus disturbance, the equinoctial disturbance of the Earth having also subsided. The regular "Vulcan" influences will be the chief cause of disturbances at this time. The new Moon, or Moon in conjunction with Earth and Sun on the 21st, will add to the strength of storm forces, and Moon at extreme north declination on the 24th, will excite high temperatures and add to the probabilities of stiff spring storms. In all western parts of the country the barometer will indicate the approach of storms as early as the 20th, 21st and 22nd. From the 22nd to the 25th, storm areas will move eastward, widening in area and growing in intensity. In fact, active thunder storms and heavy April showers need be no surprise as early as the 21st, the date of the Moon's passage between the Sun and Earth.

A reactionary storm period falls centrally on the 27th, 28th and 29th. The Moon will pass first quarter on the 28th, and be in apogee, or at greatest distance from the Earth, on the 29th. The anti-storm conditions that will follow after the storms of the preceding storm period will moderate about the 27th, the barometer will begin falling again in western sections, and on and touching the 28th and 29th, cloudiness and storm centers will develop and pass in regular order from west to east across the country.

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When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

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MEETING OF COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

The County Teachers' Association of Somerset County will meet at the Auditorium, Princess Anne, on Friday morning, March 30th, at 10 o'clock. The program, prepared by County Superintendent W. H. Dashiell, follows:

Singing—"America," by Association.

Invocation—Rev. Henry E. Spears.

Roll Call

"How English Should be Taught in our Schools"—Mrs. Mary D. Fitzgerald, E. Clifford Ryall.

"Illustrations of Methods of Reading"—Miss Mildred Powell.

Singing—By Washington High School Pupils: Misses Frances Alvord, Dorothy Todd, Nell Dashiell, Henrietta Fitzgerald, Mary Miles.

Address—G. H. Reavis, Assistant State Superintendent.

"Methods of Teaching Penmanship"—Miss Norris Sterling.

2 O'CLOCK P. M.

Singing—By High School Pupils.

Debate—"Should Latin be Excluded from the School Curriculum?"—G. E. Dryden, Sam. S. Utz.

"Teaching Reading in Lower Grades"—Miss Marie S. Davis.

Singing—"Old Black Joe," by Association.

"Observational Lesson in Arithmetic"—Miss Meta Z. Horner.

"The Practicability of Hot Lunches for Rural Pupils"—Miss Temple L. Basford.

"The Doctrine of Supervised Study"—F. E. Gardner, J. R. Gentry, Thomas C. Hill.

SUPPLEMENTAL TOPICS

The School Room as a Civic Centre. The Importance of Accurate Records and Reports. The Compulsory Attendance Law. Parent-Teachers' Clubs. Rural School Problems.

When To Plant Corn

Corn should be planted early; just as soon as the soil is warm enough to induce germination and the danger of frosts is past, according to Farmers Guide. Where the land is plowed in the fall or during the winter it can be planted much earlier than if plowing is delayed until spring. It is not wise, however, to sow seed on a poorly prepared seed bed in order to secure early planting. Later planting following good seed bed preparation is better. By having a good seed bed and by using tested seed, the corn planted late will stand as good a chance of maturing before early frosts as will that planted early on a poorly prepared seed bed.

You Need A Spring Laxative

Dr. King's New Life Pills will remove the accumulated wastes of winter from your intestines, the burden of the blood. Get that sluggish spring fever feeling out of your system, brighten your eye, clear your complexion. Get that vim and snap of good, purified healthy blood. Dr. King's New Life Pills are a non-gripping laxative that aids nature's process, try them tonight. At all druggists, 25c. 1

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Have A Garden This Year

That the majority of people have heretofore overlooked or forgotten the value of gardens is indicated by the rapidity with which the idea of vacant lot and back-yard gardening in cities has sprung into prominence since the rapid rise in the prices of food products. Vegetables, and especially canned goods, are unusually high in price and gardens will do more than ever before to cut down the cost of living. Properly cared for, a small plot or garden will supply enough vegetables for the average family. Good seed, proper cultural methods, plant food, preferably in the form of both manure and fertilizers, and a few garden tools are all that are needed to make a start in the gardening industry for home use.

Bad Colds From Sudden Changes

Spring brings all kinds of weather and with it come colds and the revival of winter coughs and hoarseness. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will head off a new cold or stop the old one, the soothing balsams relieve the sore throat and heal the irritated tissues. Get a bottle today and start treatment at once. At your druggist, 25c. Formula on the bottle. 1

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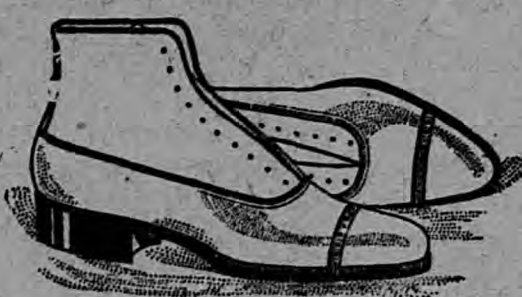
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